City of Pacific Grove California

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021



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City of Pacific Grove, California

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021



Prepared by the Finance Department Tori Hannah, Administrative Services Director/Assistant City Manager Mary Lagasca, Deputy Finance Director Audrey Cray, Lori Frati, Merrill Olinger, Jennifer Pope, Debbie Keim, Stacy Matthews and Chavan and Associates, LLP Page Intentionally Left Blank

CITY OF PACIFIC GROVE ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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TRANSMITTAL LETTER

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CITY OF PACIFIC GROVE 300 Forest Avenue Pacific Grove, California 93950 Telephone (831) 648-3100 + Fax (831) 375-9863

December 31, 2021

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of Pacific Grove

SUBJECT: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report – June 30, 2021

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the City of Pacific Grove for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 is hereby submitted.

REPORT PURPOSE AND ORGANIZATION

State law requires that the accounts and fiscal affairs of all municipal entities are to be examined annually by an independent certified public accountant. The City's independent auditor, Chavan and Associates, LLP has audited the City's financial statements and issued an unmodified opinion that the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). This opinion, along with the basic financial statements, are hereby submitted as the ACFR for the City of Pacific Grove for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The information included in the financial section of this report fulfills the above requirement.

The independent audit of the financial statements is also typically conducted in conjunction with the federally mandated Single Audit. The standards governing the Single Audit require the independent auditor to report on items beyond fair presentation of the financial statements, including internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. A single audit was not required or prepared in Fiscal Year 20/21 because the City had less than \$750,000 in federal grant expenditures.

This report consists of City management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Pacific Grove. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for completeness, accuracy of data, and fairness of presentation, including all footnotes and disclosures. Management believes the data presented is accurate in all material respects and that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, City management has established a comprehensive framework of internal controls designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse; and to compile sufficiently reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed their benefits, the City's internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements. The audit also provides users with reasonable assurance that the information presented is free from material misstatements. As management, we assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD & A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD & A can be found in the Financial Section of this document, immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

CITY OF PACIFIC GROVE PROFILE

The City of Pacific Grove is a small coastal community located in Monterey County that occupies just under three square miles, with a population of approximately 15,500 residents. The City is situated on a peninsula which is bordered by Monterey, Pebble Beach, the Pacific Ocean, and the Monterey Bay. The coastal city is renowned for its historic ambience, stunning views, and exceptional quality of life; with a resident deer population that frequently wanders the city streets and golf course. Pacific Grove has a captivating "turn of the century" look with over 1,300 registered historical homes and structures built between 1874 and 1926.

The City is home to numerous attractions, including the Point Pinos Lighthouse, the Monarch Butterfly Sanctuary, Asilomar State Beach and Conference Grounds; and picturesque Lovers Point Park and Beach. The Monterey Bay Coastal Recreation Trail and the Shoreline Park Network offer excellent opportunities for bicycling, walking, jogging, and whale watching. In addition to featuring a variety of shops and restaurants, the City is host to numerous events including Good Old Days, the Big Sur Half Marathon, Feast of Lanterns, and various auto shows.

Pacific Grove also offers an abundance of cultural and educational amenities with over 40 art venues. The local public school district includes schools that have been ranked as the highest on the Monterey Peninsula. Nearby colleges include Monterey Peninsula College, the Middlebury Institute of International Studies, California State University Monterey Bay, and the Hopkins Marine Station operated by Stanford University.

Form of Government

Pacific Grove is a Charter City which was incorporated in 1889. The City operates under the Council-City Manager form of government with a seven-member City Council elected by the citizens. The Mayor is directly elected to serve a two-year term and Council members are elected to alternating four-year terms. The Council has the authority to establish all laws and regulations with respect to municipal affairs, subject only to the limits of the City Municipal Code and State legislation.

The City Council appoints a City Manager to serve as the City's chief administrative officer. The City Manager provides direction and leadership to all City departments; and ensures that all City Council policies are implemented.

City Services

The City provides police protection, street, park and facility maintenance; recreational, planning, zoning, economic development, library, administrative, and financial services for Pacific Grove. Fire protection services are provided through a contract with the City of Monterey. Additional services include sewer operations, a municipal golf course, cemetery, and a local water reclamation facility.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes all financial activities of the City. Financial data for all funds through which services are provided by the City have been included in this report based on the criteria adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the authoritative body establishing U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for local governments.

Budgetary Policy and Control

The City's budgetary records are maintained on a modified accrual basis. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available; and expenditures are recorded when goods or services are received, and the liability incurred. The City produces an annual budget, which serves as the foundation for the City of Pacific Grove's financial planning and control. Based on the Pacific Grove Budget and Financial Management Policy, the City is required to maintain a balanced operating budget; along with using one-time revenues to fund non-recurring expenditures. In the budget development process, the City Council and staff referenced the following goals as a basis for budget development:

- Complete Streets: Plan, design, and implement streets, sidewalks, and transportation networks that better allow access for all types of users.
- Environmental Stewardship: Adopt and develop policies and ordinances that preserve and protect the environment.
- City Asset Stewardship: Repair, maintain, and improve City assets, including streets, sidewalks, sewer systems, buildings, parks, and trails to better serve the community, anticipate future needs, and prevent further degradation.
- Transparency, Accountability, and Communication: Implement programs, processes, revisions, and training to improve and advance the City's efforts.
- Financial Stability: Develop a strategic plan to better address current and future City expenditures and revenue needs while continuing to provide high quality municipal service.
- Increase Affordable Housing: Determine policies, projects, and programs that will advance the effort to create new housing in the City.
- Facilitate Local Business Recovery: Review and revise existing policies and programs; and develop a strategic plan to better serve existing businesses while attracting new commerce to better stimulate the economy and revitalize commercial corridors, especially the downtown.

In accordance with the City's Budget and Financial Management Policy, the City Manager recommends the budget and presents it to the City Council in May. After public input and discussion is received, the City Council may request modifications to the budget or introduce an ordinance adopting the budget. The City's budget is then adopted by ordinance and becomes effective on July 1st of each fiscal year. Expenditures authorized in the final budget ordinance are appropriated at the Fund level, and in the case of the General Fund, at the department or program level. All amendments to the budget at these levels can only be approved by the City Council. The City Manager has the authority to transfer funds within a given fund and between department appropriations to ensure that programmatic budgets may adapt throughout the year to evolving circumstances.

All governmental, enterprise, and internal service funds are appropriated annually. The governmental funds include General, special revenue, capital project, and permanent funds.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the environment in which the City operates.

State and Local Economy

In Fiscal Year 19/20, the City, as well as the nation experienced unprecedented losses due to the pandemic. Various Federal and State relief packages were introduced to assist in stabilizing the economy. In Fiscal Year 20/21, there were signs of continuing economic improvement, with consumer optimism rising as vaccines became more readily available and public health restrictions were lessened. The Monterey Bay Aquarium, which is 20% within the City limits of Pacific Grove reopened in May 2021 after over a year of closure due to the pandemic. This reinstated one of the region's primary visitor draws. In addition, a major hotel and conference center within the City reopened in Fiscal Year 20/21. Most local restaurants responded to changing restrictions by adding outdoor dining areas and offering take-out or delivery options; however, restaurant and hospitality sales have not fully recovered. This could be attributed to the disproportional impact of COVID-19 restrictions on the industries, as well as shifting preferences related to resuming travel, entertainment, and dining activities.

The State's Economic Outlook that was updated on May 14, 2021 indicated that the consumption of consumer goods surpassed pre-recession levels in the third quarter of 2020, and continued to grow to 12.5% percent above the pre-recession peak by the first quarter of 2021 ⁽¹⁾. Construction and housing activities in California also remained fairly resilient, with the Economic Outlook attributing this growth to the purchasing power of higher-income households that were less financially impacted by the pandemic. This included the median homes sales price in California which reached a record high of \$758,990 in March 2021, which was 30.9% greater than the February 2020 level ⁽¹⁾. In Fiscal Year 20/21, these growth trends were also similar in Pacific Grove. Consumer goods became the largest contributor of sales tax revenue; and building and planning fees rose 59.4% or \$603,000 to reflect increased construction. The Monterey County Recorder's office also indicated that the median sales price for single family homes in Pacific Grove increased from \$950,000 to \$1.2 million or 30.4%, when compared to the prior year.

The State and local unemployment rates are also indicators of economic trends. Pacific Grove's annual unemployment rate increased from 5.1% to 8.6%, while during this same period the Monterey County and State unemployment rates were 10.8% and 10.1% respectively. Monthly unemployment rates are continuing to decline, with the November 2021 California Employment Development Department reporting the City and State unemployment rates at 4.3%, and 5.4%, respectively. While the unemployment rate is decreasing, some businesses within the area have indicated that they are having difficulties recruiting employees. Affordable housing continues to be a concern in Monterey County, with the annual per capita personal income in Pacific Grove at approximately \$51,200.

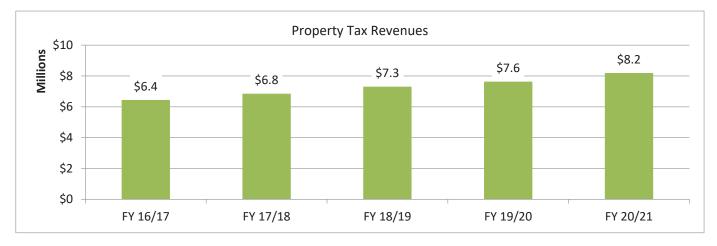
While there is conservative optimism for Fiscal Year 21/22, there is still an underlying concern related to COVID-19 variants, vaccine hesitancy, and their potential impact on the economy. In addition, disrupted supply chains, combined with increased consumer demand are contributing to rising inflation. While inflationary prices could yield higher revenues for the City, on-going expenditures could increase by a corresponding or greater amount.

The three major sources of General Fund revenue are Property Tax, TOT, and Sales Tax. These revenues are also indicative of the local economy. An overview of these three taxes which account for over 68% of the General Fund revenues are provided in the subsequent sections.

^{1. &}lt;u>State of California Fiscal Year 21/22 Budget, May Revision, May 14, 2021, Retrieved 12/28/2021</u>

Property Tax

Property tax is the City's largest source of revenue, representing approximately 35.1% of all General Fund revenues. This revenue source is fairly stable and does not respond quickly to changes in the economy. In Fiscal Year 20/21, property taxes generated \$8.2 million or 7.3%, which was \$559,000 greater than the prior year. This growth rate is also above the three-year average of 6.2%.



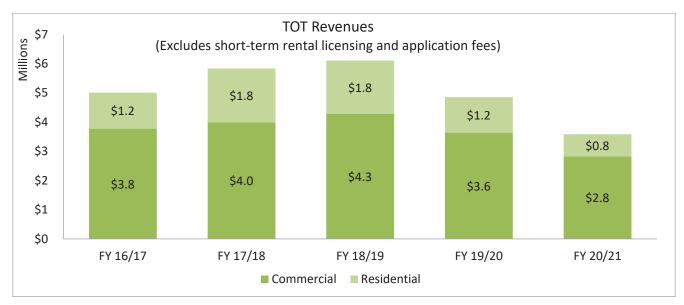
In Fiscal Year 21/22, the Monterey County Assessor's Office is projecting a property tax increase of 3.75%. This lower-than-average increase is related to the proposed revaluation of commercial properties. Additional property tax revenues are also anticipated to be generated from a new 37,000 square foot mixed-use building in the downtown area. The initial plans for this development include ten luxury condominiums on the second and third floors of the structure, two retail locations at ground level, and underground private parking. This project is anticipated to be completed in 2022.

Transient Occupancy Tax Revenues

The City of Pacific Grove's second major source of revenue is typically Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT). This tax became the third largest source in Fiscal Year 20/21 as a result of the pandemic. When combined with transient occupancy licenses of approximately \$80,000, the two related categories represent approximately 15.7% of General Fund revenues. The City's TOT revenues are generated from both commercial hotels and short-term residential rentals (STR's). In Fiscal Year 17/18, the City imposed density requirements on the number of short-term rentals. This reduced the number of short-term rentals from 254 to 197 in May of 2019, which may have partially contributed to the flattening of revenues. In November of 2018, 74.9% of voters approved Measure U, which allowed the City to increase the TOT rate from 10%-12%. At that same time, a successful citizen's initiative was also approved which would eliminate STR's outside of the Coastal and Commercial zones in May of 2020. This further decreased the number of STR's to just under 80 properties.

Transient occupancy tax receipts typically respond quickly to changes in economic conditions. Over the last two fiscal years, COVID-19 travel restrictions, pandemic concerns, and financial challenges have significantly impacted the local hospitality industry. In Fiscal Year 19/20, the reported TOT revenues yielded approximately \$4.9 million, which is 21% or approximately \$1.3 million less than the prior year. In Fiscal Year 20/21, commercial and short-term rental revenues further declined by \$811,000 or 22.3%; and \$457,000 or 37.7%, respectively. While the annual comparison appears to reflect a downward trend, monthly revenues continued to ramp-up over the year, with the exception of a brief interruption during the winter months. This set-back resulted from a rise in COVID-19 cases, which triggered a regional stay-at-home order that disallowed non-essential travel.

Due to the impact of COVID-19, the increase in TOT and any effect associated with the reduction in STR's is not clearly apparent in the subsequent chart.



In Fiscal Year 20/21, the City referenced a "ramp-up" analysis from the Monterey County Convention and Visitor's Bureau (MCCVB) to assist with budget preparation. This data referenced leading travel publications, as well as estimated COVID-19 disruption curves for other countries. In Fiscal Year 20/21, revenues trended with a modified version of the "ramp-up" projections. This same approach was also used to estimate the \$4.7 million in TOT revenues that were included in the Fiscal Year 21/22 Adopted Budget.

Two new potential sources of TOT could be derived from the proposed Pacific Grove Hotel (formerly Hotel Durell Project); as well as a new hotel at the current American Tin Cannery (ATC) shopping and outlet center. In September of 2018, the Pacific Grove Hotel developer received approval for architectural and use permits to build a new 116-room hotel and conference center in the downtown area. In early Fiscal Year 19/20, planning processes were initiated to also review opportunities for a 225-room hotel at the current ATC site, which is located across the street from the oceanfront recreational trail. If efforts are successful, the Pacific Grove Hotel could be completed in 2023; and the ATC hotel project concluded in 2025. Staff will be monitoring the progress of the proposed development, as well as other trends to assist with long-term projections.

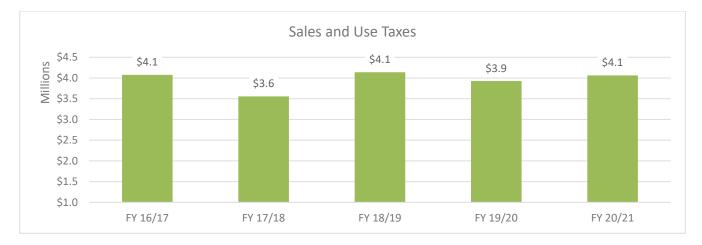
Sales and Use Tax Revenues

Sales and Use Tax revenues typically represent the third largest source of General Fund revenues. Due to the pandemic, it moved into the second position by generating 17.4% of all General Fund receipts. In Fiscal Year 20/21, the greatest share of sales and use tax was generated from the following segments: General Consumer Goods at 21%, Restaurants and hotels at 19.2%, and Building and Construction at 15.2%. This can be contrasted with the prior year when the Restaurants and Hotels category represented 27% of the sales tax revenues; and General Consumer Goods trailed at 17.8%. This trend is consistent with the reported declines in the leisure and hospitality sector, which have been partially offset by rising costs and a greater demand for consumer goods.

Although the following chart appears to indicate there was some revenue fluctuations between Fiscal Year 16/17 and Fiscal Year 18/19, there were some timing differences that contributed to the annual variances. In Fiscal Year 16/17, timing differences associated with recording a second quarter sales tax true-up and the final receipt of the triple flip revenues that were related to the prior year, inflated the Fiscal Year 16/17 revenues by approximately \$367,200. If this amount was adjusted for performance, it would be closer to \$3.7 million. In

Fiscal Year 17/18, the State of California implemented a new software reporting system. Due to taxpayer reporting challenges associated with the new system, along with the State requiring additional time to process returns, payments to cities were delayed until the next fiscal year. This reduced the City's Fiscal Year 17/18 revenues by approximately \$170,000 and increased Fiscal Year 18/19 receipts by that same amount. In Fiscal Year 19/20, sales tax revenues were trending strong, with annual receipts estimated at \$4.2 million. Due to the sudden decline in consumer spending at the onset of the pandemic, the actual revenues were \$3.9 million.

In the Fiscal Year 20/21 sales and use tax revenues performed better than projected at \$4.1 million, with increasingly strong performance in the fourth quarter. Major categories contributing to this increase included general consumer goods, building and construction materials, and vehicle sales. In Fiscal Year 21/22, sales tax revenues were initially projected to be \$4.1 million. This projection was based on economic trends at the time the budget was developed, as well as consultations with the City's sales tax consultant. This amount may be amended during the next fiscal year to reflect any continued growth.



Long-Term Financial Planning

The City's Budget and Financial Policy requires the City to use a five-year fiscal planning horizon, in which the annual budget is used as the first year of the forecast. This forecast assists in identifying important trends and understanding long-term consequences of budget decisions. In prior years, the City implemented several measures to maintain resiliency and respond to economic challenges, which included significantly reducing the workforce, deferring capital improvements, and implementing a strong reserve policy. Prior to the pandemic, economic growth continued, with the general fund using unassigned fund balance above the reserve levels to support one-time capital improvements. This prudent planning resulted in the State Auditor's website listing the City of Pacific as one of twenty-one Cities in California that would likely have sufficient reserves to help absorb COVID-19 revenue losses ².

The City's most recent five-year forecast was provided at a budget workshop in March 2021. An update to the forecast is planned at the first part of the calendar year. Additional details regarding some of the considerations, recommendations, and major initiatives are included in the subsequent and Relevant Financial Policy Sections of this Transmittal.

Major Initiatives

Reconsideration of a Revenue Measure to Support Fiscal Sustainability and Strategic Goals

In Fiscal Year 18/19, the City established a Financial Planning Subcommittee to review long-term fiscal plans. This included evaluating funding needs to support maintaining or increasing the City's Pavement Condition Index

^{2. &}lt;u>California State Auditor - Impact of the COVID-19 Response Cities Facing Significant Financial Challenges</u>, retrieved 11/23/20

(PCI); funding park, trail, and forestry improvements; investing in technology to enhance public communication and streamline processes; and support rising pension costs. To assist in supporting these priorities, as well as supplement the partial loss of short-term rental revenues, the City approved placing an additional 0.50% transactions and use or sales tax measure on the November 2020 ballot. While this initiative, Measure L, was approved by 59.8% of the voters, the State declined to implement the tax due to an incorrect reference to the municipal code. After evaluating legal options, the City Council unanimously voted to place a revised 0.50% transactions and use tax measure on the April 2022 Special Election ballot. This initiative is projected to yield \$1.1 million annually in additional revenues.

Assessing the Local Water Project Operations

Over the last three years, the Local Water Project (LWP) has not maintained sufficient working capital to support operations and annual debt service payments. In Fiscal Year 20/21, the City approved a \$600,000 interfund loan from the Sewer Fund to assist in bridging the current and projected shortfall, while alternate solutions were evaluated. These operating deficits have resulted from a capped water rate in the City's golf course lease agreement, lower than anticipated demand, and greater than anticipated operating costs. In Fiscal Year 19/20, staff presented a preliminary analysis of LWP operations and finances, which also included consideration of a third-party operator, and loan repayment options. Comments included allocating the proceeds from a \$625,188 promissory note for the purchase of water entitlements to repay the interfund loan. In August 2021, financial information from a draft LWP Business Plan was referenced to support revisiting the golf course lease agreement. The City requested a peer review of the Plan to support any potential lease negotiations. The lease, along with a repayment plan are anticipated to be evaluated after the report is completed in Fiscal Year 21/22.

Supporting the Local Community

Local residents and businesses were significantly impacted by COVID-19 restrictions. While the Federal and State governments introduced various forms of economic assistance, the City also wanted to provide immediate aid to the community. In Fiscal Year 20/21, the City allocated \$66,000 in Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act Funds to provide small business and emergency rental assistance grants; and \$50,000 in General Fund contributions to establish a simplified Small Business Grant Program. In Fiscal Year 20/21, the City's CARES program distributed \$31,200 to 26 small businesses and \$26,160 in emergency rental assistance to eight qualifying residents. The remaining CARES Act funds of \$8,640 were used to reimburse the City for qualifying operational expenses. The City's Small Business Grant Program allocated approximately \$48,500 among 30 businesses that were able to demonstrate a loss of income due to the pandemic. Theses grant funds could be used to reimburse costs for lease and utility payments; salaries, and business improvements to meet Shelter-in-Place requirements, such as tables, chairs, heaters, and outdoor dining structures.

Managing Rising Pension Costs

The City of Pacific Grove, like many municipalities throughout the State, is facing rising CalPERS pension costs. This is primarily related to the changes in CalPERS actuarial assumptions which include changes to the discount rate, amortization policies, mortality rates, and the implementation of risk mitigation strategies. The City's estimated Fiscal Year 21/22 contribution for the normal and unfunded liability portions of pensions cost is approximately \$852,000 and \$3.5 million, respectively. This represents an increase of over \$563,000 over the prior year costs. To assist with cost-containment, employees in "classic" retirement plans have agreed to continue paying 3-5% of the employer's share of pension costs, in addition to their regular pension contributions. This additional contribution was included in both the current and prior memoranda of understandings, with the percentage based on employee agreements.

Addressing Aging Infrastructure

Pacific Grove is a historic community, with over 1,300 buildings listed on the historic registry. Like many older municipalities in California, Pacific Grove has not been able to keep up with street and sidewalk maintenance. In May of 2017, the City joined the Transportation Agency for Monterey County's (TAMC) regional pavement assessment efforts as a cost-effective means to obtain a Pavement Management Program. The resulting assessment, which included surveying the City's entire pavement network, classified the City's average Pavement Condition as "Fair", with a pavement condition index (PCI) rating of 55. The report concluded that over a ten-year period, an annual investment of 1.8 million would be needed to maintain streets at their overall current PCI level, and \$2.6 million is needed to improve the streets to a PCI level of 70 or a "Good" rating. In Fiscal Year 20/21, the City expended over \$1.8 million for street and sidewalk projects. In Fiscal Year 21/22, the amount budgeted for street-related projects was \$1.7 million. This includes a General Fund contribution of \$500,000 to meet a minimum maintenance of effort (MOE) requirements; a \$926,000 appropriation from special revenue funds; and \$283,000 in funds carried forward from the prior year.

The City of Pacific Grove owns and operates the community's sewer collection system, which consists of approximately 58 miles of pipelines, 900 manholes, and 7 pump stations. In 2014, the City updated a Sewer Collection System Master Plan. This ten-year plan identified multiple projects, as well as the revenue requirements to meet ongoing and projected capital costs. In Fiscal Year 15/16, the City implemented a corresponding 10-year rate increase to fund the projects. In Fiscal Year 20/21, the City expended \$4.7 on sewer infrastructure projects. In Fiscal Year 21/22, \$900,000 was included in the adopted budget to support planned improvements, while \$1.7 million in funding was carried forward from the prior year.

Receiving Major Grants and Capital Contributions

• Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

The Fiscal Year 20/21 California State Budget included a \$500 million appropriation of CARES Act funds to assist Cities in covering public health and safety costs associated with the pandemic. These funds were allocated to based on May 2020 population estimates, with the City of Pacific Grove's share calculated at \$188,479. While the City incurred \$345,000 in qualifying expenses during the initial six months of the pandemic, \$131,119 of the CARES Act funds were used to reimburse the City for public safety payroll costs, public health expenses, positions diverted to a substantially different use, as well as related costs. The remaining \$57,360 was allocated to provide emergency rental assistance and local small business grants.

• American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Funds

In March 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) was established, which allocated \$350 billion in funding to states, local, territorial, and tribal governments that were affected by the coronavirus pandemic. The City qualified for \$3.7 million in ARPA funds under the Replace Lost Public Sector Revenue criteria, with \$1.84 million to be disbursed in Fiscal Year 21/22 and Fiscal Year 22/23. The Fiscal Year 21/22 distribution was appropriated to provide the City with sufficient financial resources to eliminate the furlough, restore frozen positions, and reinstate funding for various programs and deferred expenditures. The second distribution is anticipated to be received in Fiscal Year 22/23. Prior to the developing the upcoming budget, the City will be evaluating whether ARPA funds are needed to supplement any projected revenue shortfalls; and commencing community engagement activities to gauge resident sentiment on the use of the funds.

• State of California, Proposition 84 Stormwater Implementation Grant

In Fiscal Year 17/18, the City received a \$4.4 million grant to complete the engineering, design, and construction of the Stormwater Capture and Diversion Project. This project is intended to reduce pollutants entering Pacific Grove's areas of biological significance (ASBS) by capturing, storing, and diverting runoff from the Lovers Point and Sea Palm Watersheds and improving the aging sanitary sewer collection system. In Fiscal Year 19/20, approximately \$104,000 was spent on the initial phases of this project. In Fiscal Year 20/21, the project was nearing completion, with annual expenditures of \$3.4 million.

• Point Pinos Trail Project and Multiple Grants

In Fiscal Year 19/20, the City was awarded \$1.8 million in Coastal Conservancy Funds to partially fund the Point Pinos Trail Project. This amount was combined with an additional \$850,000 in funding from state and regional grants; as well as a \$250,000 General Fund contribution. This \$2.9 million project entails construction of a formal, five-foot wide decomposed granite pedestrian path along Pacific Grove's entire coastline to address a 0.8-mile gap in the existing California Coastal Trail. The project also includes restoration of 100,000 square feet of native vegetation, establishment of 10 beach access points, development of uniform parking and driveway approaches, and stormwater improvements.

Balancing Compensation and Recognizing Employee Excellence

Retaining and recruiting a high-performance staff is essential to maintaining long-term health of the City. To assist in realizing that goal, compensation packages are balanced with the need to achieve fiscal stability. In Fiscal Year 18/19, the City approved a three-year memorandum of understanding (MOU) with the Police Officers Association (POA), which was extended through June of 2022. This agreement included cost of living increases of 1.6% and 2.5% over the first two years. In Fiscal Year 19/20, the City entered into agreements with the General Employee Association (GEA) and the Management Employee Association (MEA). These new MOU's are effective through June of 2023, and include the following key provisions: Class and compensation study adjustments for select MEA positions and the elimination of a MEA longevity requirement for two salary increases; and a 4.5% cost of living increase for GEA employees. Each employee association agreed to continue a 3-5% employee contribution towards the employer's share of "classic" pension plan costs. All employees also benefitted from a realigned health benefit which provides a greater City contribution towards family medical plans.

In Fiscal Year 20/21, all employee groups readily agreed to participate in a 10% furlough to assist in mitigating the projected budgetary impact from COVID-19. The furlough was reduced to 5% during the second half of the year based on revenue performance; and eliminated in Fiscal Year 21/22. The estimated savings from the furlough was approximately \$634,000. During this same period, City employees implemented protocols to meet or exceed COVID-19 health and safety mandates and established new technologies to allow for the continuation of City services. To assist in acknowledging employee dedication, as well as these efforts, the City approved a one-time COVID-19 Bonus Incentive. This \$500 incentive would be provided to regular employees based on their pro-rated time in service during Fiscal Year 20/21. The overall cost of this incentive is anticipated to be \$42,000. Additional programs that were implemented to enhance the workplace environment and foster team building include an Annual City-Wide Training Day and a Safety Incentive Program.

Receiving Accreditation from the Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies (CALEA)

On November 13, 2020 the Pacific Grove Police Department (PGPD) was awarded a CALEA Certificate of Accreditation. This accreditation is built on "best practices" and aims to establish a foundation for public safety agencies to focus on achieving the best outcomes in the delivery of services. PGPD is the only agency within the tri-county area that has received the CALEA Accreditation, and the smallest municipality in California to obtain this voluntary certification. Recipients of the Accreditation are subject to consistent internal and external review, combined with third-party validation of the City's policies and procedures to assist in promoting high-quality public safety services and accountability. This accreditation demonstrates the City's commitment to procedural justice, ethical policing, community trust and engagement, transparency in service delivery, appropriate organizational culture, fairness in systems and processes, and consistency in what citizens should expect from the police department. The PGPD is committed to ongoing compliance with CALEA applicable standards, which is validated through annual compliance reviews and site-based interviews; and observations once every four years.

Relevant Financial Policies

Budget and Financial Management Polices

The City established Council Policy 400-6: Budget and Financial Management Policy to provide guidance on a number of financial topics. This Policy includes sections regarding the management of the operating and capital budget process; treasury and cash management; definition of appropriate reserve levels; debt management; and the safeguarding and recording of capital assets. This policy also includes a provision to incorporate a five-year fiscal planning horizon into the annual budget process, with the goal of identifying important trends and understanding long-term consequences of budget decisions.

A key component of the policy focuses on reserves or unassigned fund balance requirements. In Fiscal Year 17/18, the City evaluated the General Fund's fund balance policy to ensure it aligned with the best practices and fiscal sustainability goals. To assist with this effort, the City completed GFOA's Risk Assessment Model and reviewed financial benchmarks. As a result of this assessment, the minimum General Fund unassigned fund balance level was increased from 10% to 35% of operating expenditures. The updated policy also allocates the unassigned fund balance for the following priorities: 20% for cash flow and operations; 10% for fiscal stability, and 5% for contingencies or strategic opportunities. The balance is required to be maintained at that level, unless otherwise approved by the City Council. At the close of Fiscal Year 20/21, the City's General Fund unassigned fund balance was in compliance with the policy.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Pacific Grove for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This was the fourth year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the year-round dedication and efficiency of the Finance Department staff; and the support and efforts of the City's independent auditors.

We would also like to express thanks and appreciation to the Mayor and Members of the City Council for their leadership and support; and unwavering commitment to fiscal sustainability and long-term financial planning during this particularly challenging time.

A special thanks also goes to City employees for their dedication and support through the pandemic. Their efforts, as well as participation in the furlough, assisted with continuity of services and achieving fiscal stability.

Respectfully submitted,

1.1 Ml

Tori A. Hannah, Administrative Services Director/Assistant City Manager

CITY OF PACIFIC GROVE LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



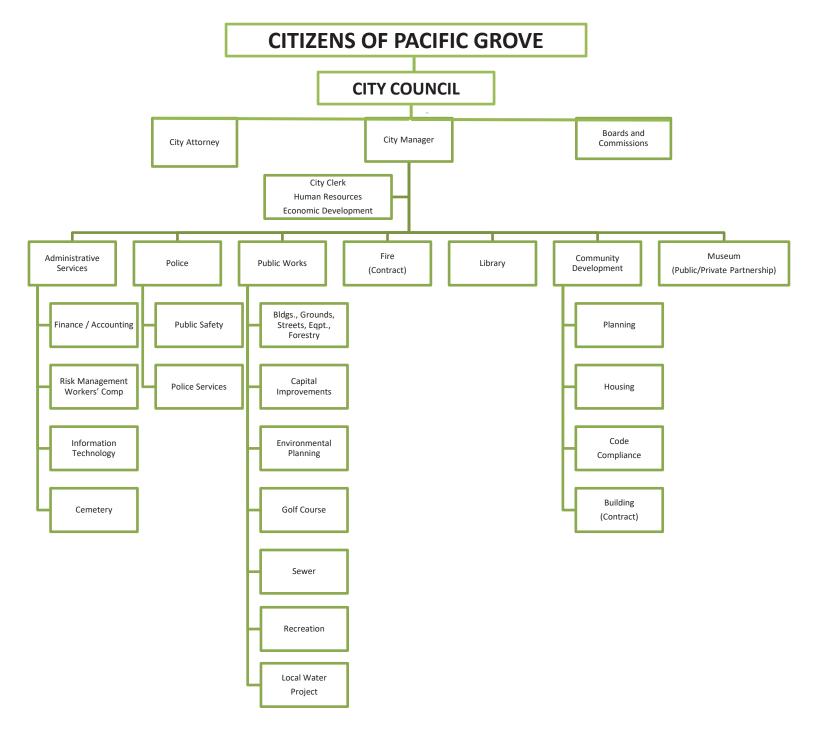
ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor: Bill Peake Mayor Pro Tempore: Nick Smith Council Member: Joe Amelio Council Member: Luke Coletti Council Member: Jenny McAdams Council Member: Chaps Poduri Council Member: Amy Tomlinson

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

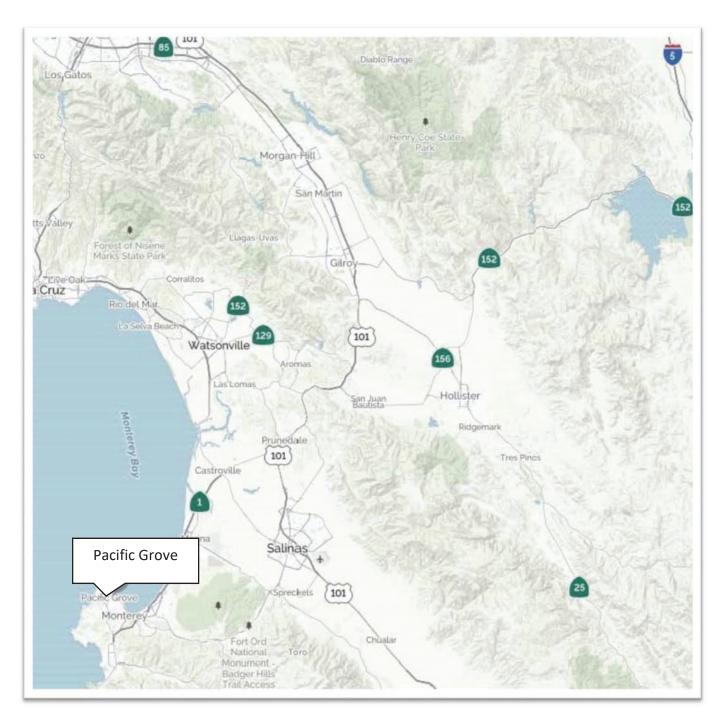
City Manager: Ben Harvey City Attorney: David C. Laredo

DEPARTMENT HEADS / ADMINISTRATORS Administrative Services Director: Tori A. Hannah Chief of Police: Cathy Madalone City Clerk: Sandra Kandell Community Development Director: Alyson Hunter Fire Chief: Gaudenz Panholzer Human Resources Director: Leticia Livian Public Works Director: Daniel Gho Library Director: Diana Godwin





City of Pacific Grove



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Pacific Grove California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Pacific Grove Pacific Grove, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pacific Grove (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pacific Grove, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, supplemental budgetary schedules, combining individual non-major fund schedules, statistical data, and other information as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory, supplemental budgetary and statistical sections have not been subjected to the



auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

C&A UP

December 31, 2021 San Jose, California

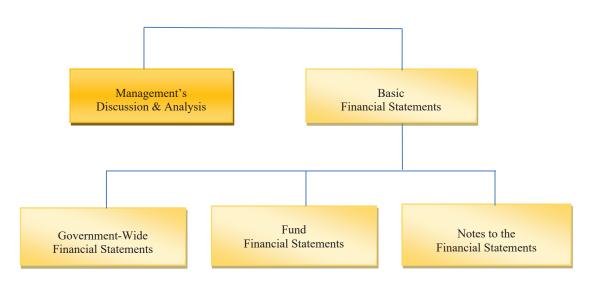
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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

As management of the City of Pacific Grove, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of financial activities of the City of Pacific Grove, for the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here, in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal. This information can be found on pages 1-11 of this report. The required components of the report are listed below.



Required Components of the Annual Financial Report

FISCAL YEAR 2020/21 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-Wide Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources for the City of Pacific Grove exceeded the liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$28.7 million (net position). Of the net position, \$56 million was classified as net investment in capital assets; \$7.9 million recorded as restricted funds; and \$35.2 million categorized as a deficit unrestricted net position (negative net position). The negative unrestricted net position is largely due to the implementation of *GASB 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This new pronouncement required local governments to record pension liabilities on the government-wide financial statements.
- The City's net position increased by \$4.68 million. This included a \$3.44 million increase in the net position of Governmental Activities and a \$1.24 million increase in the net position of Business-Type Activities.
- City revenues increased by \$2.9 million or 9% when compared to the prior year. The Fiscal Year 20/21 amount includes a \$3.3 million grant for a capital project. When revenues are adjusted for this one-time contribution, the resulting annual difference is a reduction of approximately \$400,000 when

compared to the prior year. One of the contributing factors include a reduction in the City's investment earnings of \$787,578, which was offset by increases in other revenue categories. The investment reduction includes a decline in interest earnings in the amount of approximately \$259,078; with the remaining decrease attributed to annual adjustments in the fair value of the investment portfolio.

- Deferred outflows of resources increased by \$870,109, while deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$1.5 million. This was primarily related to pension liability adjustments identified in the City's actuarial report, which include differences between expected and actual earnings; expected and actual experiences; and changes in proportional allocations. The City's pension liability in accordance with GASB 68 as of June 30, 2021 was \$46 million, while the total OPEB liability for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 was \$5.1 million.
- The City's long-term debt decreased by \$1.9 million or 9.1%, as a result of debt service payments made during the year.
- The City's net capital assets increased by 15.6% or \$9.1 million, with \$5.7 million of the increase attributed to construction in progress.

Fund Highlights

- At the close of Fiscal Year 20/21 the City of Pacific Grove's Governmental Funds reported a combined fund balance of \$17.6 million, which represents a decrease of \$553,867 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 56.2% or \$9.9 million was classified as unassigned fund balance and was available for spending at the government's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the *General Fund's* unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) was \$10 million, or 44.4% of total general fund expenditures, prior to transfers. The General Fund's unassigned fund balance was \$9.9 million or 44% of total general fund expenditures, prior to transfers. This percentage is above the City's policy level which targets a minimum unassigned fund balance at 35% of operating expenditures.
- The *General Fund* balance increased by \$193,914 at the close of the fiscal year. This included an excess of operating revenues over expenditures of \$822,795, less \$628,881 in net transfers, which were primarily earmarked for capital projects.
- General Fund revenues increased over the prior year by \$11,421 and expenditures decreased from the prior year by \$397,315. The minor increase in revenues is related to the initial signs of fiscal recovery following the impact of COVID-19. The decrease in expenditures resulted from the implementation of cost containment efforts that were aligned with projected revenue shortfalls. This included salary and benefit reductions associated with a 5-10% employee furlough; and limited oncall and seasonal staff, net of rising unfunded liability payments.
- In Fiscal Year 19/20, the City established a *Capital Improvement Projects Fund*. At the end of the current fiscal year, this fund had a fund balance of \$220,023. This amount reflects unexpended funds for specific projects that will be carried forward into the new fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Pacific Grove's financial statements. The City of Pacific Grove's basic financial statements are comprised of (1) Government-Wide Financial Statements (2) Fund Financial Statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *Government-Wide Financial Statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Pacific Grove's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Government-Wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis, which means they measure the flow of all economic resources of the City as a whole. Government-Wide Financial Statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents financial information on all of the City of Pacific Grove's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Pacific Grove is improving or declining.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City of Pacific Grove's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. This is consistent with a full accrual concept, which may result in the reporting of revenues and expenses in the current fiscal year, with cash flows occurring in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected revenues; and earned but not used vacation leave).

Both of the Government-Wide Financial Statements distinguish functions of the City of Pacific Grove that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). An overview of the City's functions associated with each classification is listed below.

Governmental Activities – All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities. This includes general government, public safety, public works, recreation, library, museum, and community development. These services are supported by general City revenues such as taxes, and by specific program revenues such as development and recreation program fees.

Business-Type Activities – This City's enterprise activities include cemetery, sewer, water reclamation and golf operations. Unlike governmental activities, these services are fully supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of services they use.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements can be found on pages 43-44 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, called major funds. Major funds are presented individually, with all non-major funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Subordinate schedules present the detail of these non-major funds. Major funds present the major activities of the City for the fiscal year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities. The City's funds are segregated into three categories: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same function reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. This represents a modified accrual basis of accounting, with capital assets, long-lived assets, and long-term liabilities excluded from the financial statements. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains thirty-nine governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, ASBS Grant Fund, Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) Fund, and Capital Improvements Projects Fund. These funds are considered to be major funds. Data from the other thirty-five governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The City of Pacific Grove adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 45-48 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Pacific Grove has the following four Enterprise Funds which are proprietary funds: Sewer, Cemetery, Local Water Project, and Golf Course Funds. Enterprise funds provide the same type of information as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Internal service funds are an accounting mechanism used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Pacific Grove's various functions. The City uses three internal service funds to account for the management of its retained risks associated with liability self-insurance, workers compensation, and health insurance. Because these

internal services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-Wide Financial Statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer, cemetery, golf course, and water reclamation operations, all of which are considered major funds for the City of Pacific Grove. Conversely, all internal service funds are provided combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds are provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 49-51 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City of Pacific Grove's own programs. The accounting for fiduciary funds is much like that used for business-type activities. The City did not maintain any fiduciary funds during Fiscal Year 20/21.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements. The notes can be found immediately following the Fund Financial Statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* concerning the City of Pacific Grove's funding progress for its employee pension and OPEB obligations. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 87-92 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the *required supplementary information* on pensions and OPEB. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 95-154 of this report.

An un-audited statistical section provides historical and current data on financial trends, revenue and debt capacity, demographic and economic information, and operating information. This information can be found on pages 158-186 of this document.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Over time, net position may serve as an indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Pacific Grove, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities by \$28.7 million at the close of Fiscal Year 20/21. This represents an increase of \$4.68 million over the prior year.

The following table summarizes the City's ending net position:

			Table 1 - Ne	t Po	sition							
	 Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Business-Ty	pe A	ctivities	Total				
	 2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020	
Assets												
Current and other assets	\$ 30,015,890	\$	32,762,848	\$	6,085,460	\$	9,369,126	\$	36,101,350	\$	42,131,974	
Capital assets	 38,024,265		32,694,311		29,355,241	_	25,598,202		67,379,506		58,292,513	
Total Assets	\$ 68,040,155	\$	65,457,159	\$	35,440,701	\$	34,967,328	\$	103,480,856	\$	100,424,487	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 9,279,898	\$	8,420,059	\$	362,466	\$	352,196	\$	9,642,364	\$	8,772,255	
Liabilities												
Current and other liabilities	\$ 12,729,323	\$	13,998,603	\$	622,052	\$	1,057,239	\$	13,351,375	\$	15,055,842	
Noncurrent liabilities	59,315,063		56,608,294		9,334,463		9,597,479		68,649,526		66,205,773	
Total Liabilities	\$ 72,044,386	\$	70,606,897	\$	9,956,515	\$	10,654,718	\$	82,000,901	\$	81,261,615	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 2,331,427	\$	3,766,328	\$	91,975	\$	150,217	\$	2,423,402	\$	3,916,545	
Net Position												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 37,925,984	\$	32,572,615	\$	21,623,880	\$	17,471,699	\$	59,549,864	\$	50,044,314	
Restricted	7,628,868		8,377,320		296,448		296,448		7,925,316		8,673,768	
Unrestricted	 (42,610,612)		(41,445,942)		3,834,349		6,746,442		(38,776,263)		(34,699,500)	
Total Net Position	\$ 2,944,240	\$	(496,007)	\$	25,754,677	\$	24,514,589	\$	28,698,917	\$	24,018,582	

A significant portion, or \$56 million, of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, (e.g., land, buildings, general government infrastructure, equipment, etc.), less accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt that was used to acquire or construct those assets. Capital assets represent infrastructure which provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the liabilities.

The \$7.9 million amount classified as Restricted Net Position, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. This includes \$7.6 million in funds restricted for governmental activities and \$296,448 for business-type activities. The restricted amount for governmental activities includes \$3.2 million in permanent endowments or trusts; and \$4.4 million for housing and community development programs; public safety, streets and sidewalks; and fees, assessments, and donations that are collected for a specific purpose. In the Business-Type Activities category, the \$296,448 balance represents funds set aside to meet debt covenant requirements. Complete details of each fund can be found in the fund descriptions and individual fund Statements of Net Position.

The remaining deficit balance of \$38.8 million is classified as unrestricted. This negative unrestricted balance is largely due to the implementation of *GASB 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. The City participates in the CalPERS Miscellaneous and Safety pension plans. This pronouncement requires that local governments report a proportional share of their pension plan's net pension liabilities on financial statements. In Fiscal Year 20/21, the City's proportionate share of the CalPERS pension liability was \$46 million. An additional contributing factor to the deficit balance, includes the implementation of *GASB 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for OPEB*. This new pronouncement which was implemented in Fiscal Year 19/20, requires local governments to report OPEB liabilities on financial statements. The City's OPEB

liability for Fiscal Year 20/21 is \$5.1 million. See notes 8 and 9 for detailed information related to the plans, along with the required supplementary information section of this report.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Pacific Grove is able to report a positive balance for the government as a whole. The reasons for the overall financial changes are discussed in the following sections for governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental and Business-Type Activities

As shown in the *Statement of Changes in Net Position* schedule, the net position for Governmental Activities increased from deficit balance of \$496,007 in the prior year to a surplus balance of \$2.9 million in the current fiscal year. This \$3.4 million increase is largely due to increased grants and contributions, as well as building and planning charges for services, and reductions in overall spending.

The net position for business-type activities increased from \$24.5 million to \$25.8 million in the current fiscal year. This \$1.24 million increase is largely due to increased Charges for Services and decreases to overall operating expenses. In Fiscal Year 20/21, the City's total revenues and expenses were \$35.7 million and \$31 million, respectively. The combined positive change in net position was \$4.68 million.

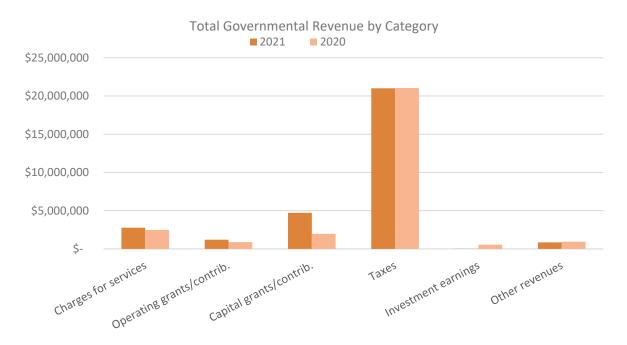
	Government	tal Activi	ties	Increase		 Business-Ty	Increase		
Functions/Programs	2021	20	020	(Decrease)	2021	 2020	(Decrease)
Program Revenues									
Charges for services	\$ 2,770,872	\$ 2,	483,486	\$	287,386	\$ 5,095,275	\$ 4,701,266	\$	394,009
Operating grants and contributions	1,200,286		891,298		308,988	9,800	-		9,800
Capital grants and contributions	4,715,110	1,	976,852		2,738,258	 -	-		-
Total Program Revenues	8,686,268	5,	351,636		3,334,632	 5,105,075	 4,701,266		403,809
General Revenues									
Taxes	21,006,391	21,	035,119		(28,728)	-	-		-
Investment earnings	22,612		555,482		(532,870)	4,852	259,560		(254,708
Other revenues	854,336		942,680		(88,344)	32,191	5,613		26,578
Total General Revenues	21,883,339	22,	533,281		(649,942)	 37,043	 265,173		(228,130
Expenses									
General government	3,957,697	4,	128,554		(170,857)	-	-		-
Public safety	12,345,886	12,	447,605		(101,719)	-	-		-
Public works	4,916,879	5,	105,747		(188,868)	-	-		-
Recreation	765,613		894,381		(128,768)	-	-		-
Library	864,956	1,	496,673		(631,717)	-	-		-
Museum	262,137		340,375		(78,238)	-	-		-
Community development	3,340,137	3,	150,193		189,944	-	-		-
Interest on fiscal charges	676,055		726,958		(50,903)	-	-		-
Cemetery operating	-		-		-	498,927	533,247		(34,320
Sewer operating	-		-		-	2,178,853	2,474,580		(295,727
Local water project	-		-		-	881,378	957,886		(76,508
Golf course	-		-		-	 342,872	 286,074		56,798
Total Expenses	27,129,360	28,	290,486		(1,161,126)	 3,902,030	 4,251,787		(349,757
Increase / (Decrease) in Net Position	3,440,247	(•	405,569)		3,845,816	1,240,088	714,652		525,430
Transfers	-		(18,676)		18,676	-	18,676		(18,67)
Prior Period Adjustments	-		24,492		(24,492)	-	-		-
Net Position, Beginning of Year	(496,007)		(96,254)		(399,753)	24,514,589	23,781,261		733,32
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 2,944,240	\$ (496,007)	\$	3,440,247	\$ 25,754,677	\$ 24,514,589	\$	1,240,088

An analysis of the changes in revenues and expenses by type of significant events follows:

Governmental Activities

Governmental Revenues

The following chart summarizes the changes in revenues by category during Fiscal Year 20/21:



Significant changes in governmental revenues consisted of the following:

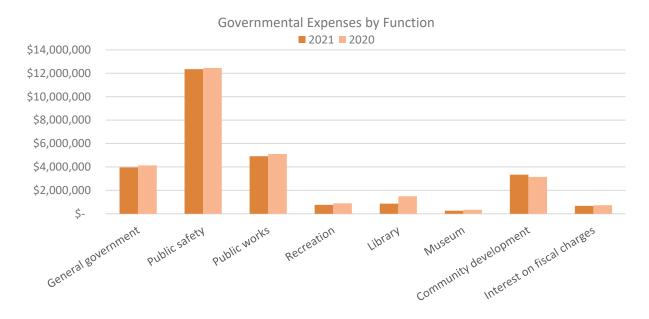
- Taxes decreased by \$28,728, with the substantial net changes in the following categories:
 - Property taxes increased by approximately \$559,000 or 7.3%, which reflects the continuing strength in property values.
 - Transient occupancy taxes (TOT) decreased by approximately \$1.33 million or 25.1%. This includes a reduction in General Fund transient occupancy tax receipts of approximately \$1.27 million; and pass-through taxes of approximately \$62,000 that were collected on behalf of the hospitality and tourism improvement districts. These decreases are largely the result of the economic impacts associated with COVID-19, as well as the decline in the number of short-term rental properties.
 - Sales tax revenues increased by approximately \$235,000 or 4.9%. This includes an increase in General Fund sales tax revenues of approximately \$135,000; and \$100,000 related to Special Revenue Funds.
 - Franchise and Utility Users Taxes increased by approximately \$217,000 and \$215,000, respectively.
 This is primarily related to changes in underlying rates, as well as increased demand.
- The Charges for Services category increased by \$287,386. This included approximately \$603,000 in building and planning fees; \$108,000 in housing loan repayments; net of \$424,000 in parking meter, recreation, and code enforcement reductions.
- In Fiscal Year 20/21, capital grants and contributions increased by \$2.7 million. The \$4.7 million in revenues

received in this fiscal year, primarily reflect a \$4.4 million in State grants for the Stormwater Capture and Diversion and Point Pinos Trail projects; and \$334,000 for the Library Renewal Project. This can be compared with the prior year amount which included \$1.7 million in contributions for the Library Renewal project; and approximately \$248,000 in State and local grant funding.

The total reduction in investment earnings for Fiscal Year 20/21 was \$532,870. This decrease is a result of the net changes in interest earnings and adjustments to the fair value of the City's investment portfolio. The actual interest earned by governmental funds was approximately \$170,000, as compared to \$337,000 in the prior year. In Fiscal Year 20/21, the governmental share of the investment portfolio was reduced by \$147,000 to reflect the current fair value. This can be contrasted to a prior year value increase of \$218,000.

Governmental Expenses

The Fiscal Year 20/21 expenses for Governmental Activities decreased by \$1.15 million as illustrated in the chart below:



Significant changes in governmental expenses consisted of the following:

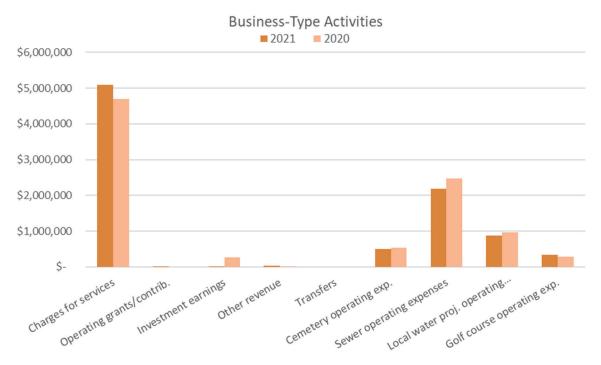
 As part of the presentation of financial statements on a government-wide perspective, the net difference between internal service fund revenues and expenditures is allocated to departments, along with adjustments for actuarial pension reports. Additional allocations or conversion entries are needed to convert fund statements to a government-wide perspective. In Fiscal Year 20/21, the annual amounts distributed to governmental functions was \$4.1 million, which represents a decrease of approximately \$567,000 when compared to the prior year. The annual allocations include actuarial adjustments for pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) of \$1.5 million and \$310,000, respectively; depreciation expense of \$1.6 million; and internal service distributions of \$617,000. The remaining allocations include the addition of \$160,000 in compensated absences, net of \$38,000 in reductions for capitalized equipment. The annual increase in compensated absences can be attributed to temporarily increasing the paid leave cap during the employee furlough.

- General government decreased by 4.1% or \$170,857. Factors contributing to the decrease include \$66,000 in various salary and contract expenditures, net of rising unfunded pension liability payments; and a reduction of approximately \$105,000 in accounting conversion entries.
- Public safety costs decreased by 0.8% or \$101,719. This is primarily due to rising pension costs and fire contract services of approximately \$172,000; net of a reduction in accounting conversion entries of \$274,000.
- Public Works costs decreased by 3.7% or \$188,868. Factors contributing to this decrease include reductions of approximately \$193,000 in contract services, \$27,000 in net operating expenses, which were offset by a \$31,000 increase in accounting conversion entries.
- Library costs decreased by 42.2% or \$631,717. This reduction is primarily due to COVID-19 mandates, that
 required the Library to be closed for the majority of the fiscal year, as well as a major renovation efforts.
 The annual difference resulted from salary and benefit decreases of approximately \$229,000, reductions of
 \$30,000 for miscellaneous items; and \$130,000 in accounting conversion entries. The remaining \$243,000
 annual difference relates to reductions in improvements for the temporary library site.
- Community Development expenses increased by 6% or \$189,944. This reflects an operating increase of approximately \$197,500 related to the additional use of building contract and professional services to support increased construction activities, \$48,500 to provide small business grants, net of reduced accounting conversion entries of \$56,000.
- Recreation expenditures decreased by approximately 14.4% or \$128,768. Approximately, \$111,000 of this amount can largely be attributed to reductions in salary and benefits, net of other costs; and \$18,000 in accounting conversion in entries.
- Museum expenditures decreased by approximately \$78,238 or 23%. The City contracts with the Pacific Grove Museum Foundation to operate the Pacific Grove Museum of Natural History. The amount paid to the concessionaire is based on a percentage of estimated general fund revenues. Due to the projected decrease in general fund revenues, a decline in the use of contracts and utilities; and limited operations, approximately \$63,000 in reductions were realized when compared to the prior year. This was offset by a \$15,000 decrease in accounting conversion entries.
- Interest expense decreased by 7% or \$50,903 due to obligations generally requiring less interest as debt matures. Also, the accretion of interest is on a sliding scale and is decreasing each year.

Business-Type Activities

The City's net position for business type activities increased by \$1.2 million. This included a \$1.5 million increase in the net positions of the Sewer, Cemetery, and Golf Course Funds; which was offset by a decrease of approximately a \$284,000 in the Local Water Project Fund. The \$1.4 million net increase in the Sewer Fund is primarily related to sewer rate increases to support infrastructure improvements. The decrease in the Local Water Project represents the third year of operations, in which the amount of expenses exceeded revenues.

The following chart is a summary of the changes in revenues and expenses for the City's business-type activities from Fiscal Year 19/20 to 20/21, with additional analysis following the chart:



Total Program Revenues for business-type activities increased by \$403,809 when compared to the prior year. This included approximately a \$394,000 increase in the Charges for Services category, along with a \$9,800 operating grant in the Sewer Fund. In Fiscal Year 20/21, the Charges for Services Category in all enterprise funds exceeded their prior year revenues. This included \$152,000 in additional Cemetery sales and services; \$94,000 in Sewer Service charges, and approximately \$74,000 in each of the Golf Course and Local Water Project Funds. The increase in the Local Water Project revenues primarily reflects growth in recycled water demand due to drought conditions, while Golf Course lease receipts and percentage-based restaurant revenues increased in response to continuing economic improvement.

Total General Revenues decreased by \$228,130 primarily related to a \$254,708 decrease in investment earnings, along with a fair value adjustment to the investment portfolio.

Total expenses for business type activities were \$3.9 million for Fiscal Year 20/21, which was a decrease of \$349,757 when compared to the prior year. This was primarily due to \$296,000 in reductions in the Sewer Fund which included a \$226,000 decrease in the use of contract services, supplies, and materials; and \$70,000 in salary and benefits that resulted from the 5%-10% employee furlough. Although there was growth in Cemetery revenues, a decrease of \$34,000 was realized in Cemetery expenditures. This was primarily due to the employee furlough and one-time contracts. In Fiscal Year 20/21, there was an annual increase in Golf Course expenses of \$57,000 and a reduction in Local Water Project costs of \$77,000. This was related to a prior period utility billing adjustment that decreased the Golf Course utility costs by approximately \$70,000 and increased the Local Water Project utilities by a corresponding amount. This year's expenditures reflect returning the utility costs to more standard levels.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of Pacific Grove uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for particular purposes by the City of Pacific Grove's Council.

A summary of the changes in fund balance of the Major Funds and Other Governmental Funds is presented below:

Tal	ble 3 - Summ	ary of	Changes in l	Func	l Balance - (G01	vernmental I	Fund	S	
			Major	Fun	ds					
	General		ASBS Grant		CDBG Grant		Cap. Imp. Projects	G	Other overnmental	Tatal
TALD	Fund	07 €	Fund	¢	Fund	¢	Fund	\$	Funds	Total
Total Revenues	\$ 23,368,2		-))	\$	108,432	\$	1,367,035	\$	2,530,438	\$ 30,727,786
Total Expenditures	22,545,5	02	3,353,821		308,947		2,289,380		2,784,003	31,281,653
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	822,7	95	(237)		(200,515)		(922,345)		(253,565)	(553,867)
Transfers in	131,	19	-		-		500,001		268,742	899,862
Transfers out	(760,0	00)	-		-		-		(139,862)	(899,862)
Net change in fund balances	193,9	14	(237)		(200,515)		(422,344)		(124,685)	(553,867)
Beginning of year	9,813,7	34	(8,112)		433,671		642,367		7,300,374	18,182,034
End of year	\$ 10,007,0	48 \$	(8,349)	\$	233,156	\$	220,023	\$	7,175,689	\$ 17,628,167

The General Fund balance increased by \$193,914. This included operating revenues exceeding operating expenses by \$822,795; and net transfers-out of \$628,881. The operating difference can be attributed to better than anticipated tax revenues, as well as cost-containment measures that were implemented to assist with the projected COVID-19 revenue shortfalls. The net transfers include \$131,119 in Coronavirus Relief Funds, less transfers-out of \$500,000 for capital improvements; \$210,000 to the Public Safety Augmentation Fund; and \$50,000 for small business assistance grants.

The ASBS Grant Fund records expenses for the City's Stormwater Capture and Diversion Project, as well as reimbursements from a \$4.4 million grant award from the State. The City incurred approximately \$3.4 million in expenditures; and requested or received reimbursements for a similar amount. The negative fund balance of \$8,349 represents expenditures that are anticipated to be billed in Fiscal Year 21/22.

The *CDBG Grant Fund* expenditures reflect the issuance of new revolving loans, which are in excess of loan repayments and interest earnings. The remaining fund balance of \$233,156 can be used to support new housing loans in the forthcoming fiscal year.

In Fiscal Year 20/21, the *Capital Improvement Projects Fund* revenues include \$1.03 million in State grant funding, \$334,000 in capital contributions for the Library Renewal Project; and a \$500,000 transfer from the General Fund. Revenues received in this fund are used to support specific capital projects. The remaining fund balance of \$220,023 represents amounts set-aside for approved projects that have not been completed. The \$422,000 decline in fund balance represents the use of funds for approved projects.

Information on Other Governmental Funds can be found in the Supplementary Section of this document.

Combined Funds – Components of Fund Balance

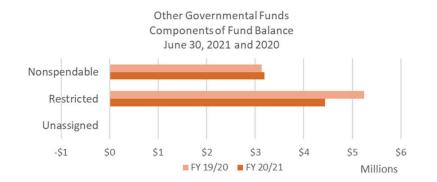
As of June 30, 2021, the City of Pacific Grove's reported combined fund balances of \$17.6 million, which represents a \$553,867 decrease when compared to the prior year. Approximately 56.2%, or \$9.9 million, is classified as unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, or assigned. The nonspendable balance of \$3.2 million represents funds that are not in a spendable form, such as endowments or trust funds. The restricted balance of approximately \$4.4 million reflects funds that are legally required to remain intact, while the remainder of \$97,042 represents funds that are assigned to a particular purpose.

General Fund – Components of Fund Balance

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Pacific Grove. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$9.9 million, and the total fund balance increased to \$10 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. The total general fund expenditures, prior to transfers is \$22.5 million. City Council Policy 400-6: Budget and Financial Management establishes a goal of retaining an unassigned General Fund balance of 35%. In Fiscal Year 20/21, the General Fund's unassigned fund balance represented approximately 44% of the total general fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represented approximately 44.4% of total general fund expenditures. This placed the City in compliance with the City Council Policy 400-6. The subsequent charts provide an annual comparison of the fund balance components included in the general fund and the other governmental funds.



Other Governmental Fund - Components of Fund Balance



CAPITAL ASSETS

The City of Pacific Grove's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021 amounts to \$67.4 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This includes net capital assets from governmental activities of \$38 million and net capital assets from business type activities at \$29.4 million. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, and sewer systems. The total increase in the City of Pacific Grove's capital assets, net of depreciation and disposals was \$9.1 million or 15.6%. In Governmental Activities, the net increase in capital assets was \$5.3 million or 16.3%, while business-type Activities increased by approximately \$3.8 or 14.7%. The following table summarizes the City's capital assets at the end of the year:

	Table 4 - Capital Assets at Year End - Net													
	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-ty	oe Activities	To									
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	% Change							
Land	\$ 2,338,270	\$ 2,338,270	\$ 362,973	\$ 362,973	\$ 2,701,243	\$ 2,701,243	0.00%							
Construction in progress	5,711,389	3,489,640	4,384,684	947,440	10,096,073	4,437,080	127.54%							
Buildings and improvement	9,381,611	6,965,686	4,996,512	5,181,640	14,378,123	12,147,326	18.36%							
Infrastructure	19,542,770	18,660,995	19,019,622	18,488,667	38,562,392	37,149,662	3.80%							
Machinery and equipment	1,050,225	1,239,720	591,450	617,482	1,641,675	1,857,202	-11.60%							
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 38,024,265	\$ 32,694,311	\$ 29,355,241	\$ 25,598,202	\$ 67,379,506	\$ 58,292,513	15.59%							

Major capital asset events during the fiscal year included the following:

- Governmental Activities:
 - Construction in Progress: This increase of \$2.2 million reflects the addition of just over \$5.2 million in partially completed assets, less \$3 million in projects that have been completed. Significant additions for construction in progress includes \$3.4 million for the Stormwater Capture and Diversion Project; \$1.2 million for the Tide Pool and Point Pinos Trail Project; \$586,000 for the street rehabilitation, as well as other projects.
 - Buildings, Improvements, and Infrastructure included the addition of \$4.6 million in assets, prior to depreciation. This included the following major projects, as well as \$300,000 in combined projects.
 - Library Renovation Project: \$2.7 million.
 - Street and sidewalk projects: \$1.6 million.
 - Equipment purchases increased by approximately \$80,000, prior to depreciation. This primarily included technology equipment and fixtures; and grant-funded emergency extrication equipment for the Fire Department.
- Business-Type Activities:
 - Construction in Progress: This increase of \$3.4 million reflects the addition of \$3.6 million in projects, less approximately \$171,000 that was transferred to completed projects for the Phase 8 Sewer Line Project. Just over \$3.5 million in construction in progress is related to the Asilomar Sewer Line Upgrade Project.
 - Infrastructure additions of \$1.2 million for the Phase 8 Sewer Line Project.

Additional information on capital asset activity is described in the notes to the financial statements, Note 5.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

During the year, Long-Term Debt from governmental activities decreased by \$1.47 million primarily due to regular debt service payments, while Long-Term Debt attributable to business type activities decreased by \$395,142. The reduction within the business-type category resulted from regular debt service payments.

The following table summarizes the City's debt at the end of the year:

Table 5 - Outstandin	ig Long-T	erm Debt at Y	lear I	End	
		Go	vernn	nental Activities	
		2021		2020	% Change
Pension Obligation Bonds	\$	4,397,978	\$	5,299,340	-17.01%
Accreted Interest		6,387,907		6,929,521	-7.82%
PG&E Loan		98,281		121,696	-19.24%
Total outstanding long-term debt	\$	10,884,166	\$	12,350,557	-11.87%
		Bu	siness	-type Activities	
		2021		2020	% Change
2013 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds	\$	766,573	\$	827,487	-7.36%
Golf Course COP Refunding		2,099,001		2,274,059	-7.70%
PG&E Loan		1,947		4,869	-60.01%
Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan		4,863,840		5,020,088	-3.11%
Total outstanding long-term debt	\$	7,731,361	\$	8,126,503	-4.86%

Additional detail and information on long-term debt activity is described in the notes to the financial statements, Note 6.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Changes from the City's General Fund original budget to the final budget are detailed in the *Required Supplementary Information* section along with a comparison to actual activity for the year ended.

The Fiscal Year 20/21 Budget was adopted under much uncertainty due to COVID-19. At the time of adoption, City revenues were projected to be \$3.7 million or 15% less than the prior year. Expenditures were also initially reduced by \$3.6 million or 13.7% to assist with projected budgetary shortfalls. This initially included a 10% furlough for all employees in the first half of the year, with an adjustment to 5% in the second half of the year, as well as minimal Library and Recreation operations.

The City originally estimated that a \$1.8 million drawdown from fund balance was needed to assist with budgetary shortfalls. Due to better than anticipated revenue performance and greater cost savings, the fund balance increased by \$193,914. This is a difference of \$1.97 million, when compared to the original projected deficit. The contributing factors are listed below.

Revenues

The General Fund adopted and final revenue budgets were \$21.2 and \$22.7 million, with actual revenues recorded at \$23.4 million. The overall budgetary difference of \$638,020 was primarily related to greater than

anticipated performance in the sales, franchise, utility users and other tax (property transfer taxes) of \$857,000; and \$160,000 in growth in the Charges for Services category that was largely driven by increased use of building and planning services and parking meters. This amount was offset by decreases including intergovernmental revenues, which included \$361,000 in grant funding that was incorporated into the Fiscal Year 21/22 Budget, as well as a net increase of \$54,000 in various other categories.

The \$131,119 in transfers from the Coronavirus Relief Fund reflects reimbursements for General Fund operating expenditures.

Expenditures

The General Fund adopted expenditure budget was \$22.2 million and the final budget was \$23.6 million. The actual expenditures totaled \$22.5 million, which resulted in a net difference of \$1.1 million. This budgetary variance consisted of approximately \$677,000 in contracts, \$292,000 in supplies and miscellaneous items; and \$131,000 in technology related purchases. Approximately \$143,000 of these expenditures were carried forward into Fiscal Year 21/22.

The \$760,000 in transfers-out represents \$500,000 in funding for capital improvement projects, transfers of \$210,000 to the Public Safety Augmentation Fund to support emergency communication center services; and a \$50,000 transfer to the City's new Small Business Assistance Program which was initially established to provide economic relief to local businesses that were impacted by the pandemic.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City of Pacific Grove's Fiscal Year 21/22 Budget was developed with conservative optimism. This was primarily due to the availability of the COVID-19 vaccine, continuing signs of economic growth, and a projected desire to resume travel, dining, and shopping activities. Most revenues were projected to be more than 80% of their Fiscal Year 18/19 levels. The Fiscal Year 21/22 General Fund revenues were adopted at \$26.8 million prior to adjustments for one-time revenues; and \$25.2 million net of these adjustments. This can be compared to the prior year Adopted revenues of \$21.3 million prior to adjustments for one-time revenues; and \$21.1 million net of this adjustment.

In Fiscal Year 21/22, the General Fund expenditure budget was adopted at \$26.7 million, which represents an increase of \$3.8 million more than the prior year Adopted Budget of \$22.9. This increase primarily reflects eliminating the furlough, reinstatement of positions, and rising unfunded liability costs. Factors that were considered in the development of the Fiscal Year 21/22 Budget include:

- A continued "ramp-up" of transient occupancy tax revenues which aligns with projected economic improvements. This represents an increase of approximately \$1 million or 27.2%, when compared to the prior year Adopted Budget.
- A property growth rate of 3.75% on real property and supplemental property assessments
- Sales tax revenues are projected to increase by 20.5% or \$698,000 when compared to the prior year adopted budget. This was based on current revenue patterns, as well as consultation with the City's sales tax consultant.

- Decreased overall or fluctuating unemployment, with consideration given for both local and State increases in discretionary spending.
- Review of the CalPERS Retirement System's actuarially determined rates which include an increase of \$477,000 in unfunded liability payments.
- Elimination of the 5%-10% furlough for all employee groups that was enacted in the prior fiscal year; restoring all frozen positions; and reinstating the use of seasonal and on-call staff.
- Inclusion of \$1.45 million in estimated American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Funds; and \$181,000 in a Library bequest to assist in restoring staffing and program levels.
- A net positive contribution to fund balance of \$181,000.
- The estimated Fiscal Year 21/22 ending unassigned General Fund balance of \$8.0 million was prepared prior to receiving the actual Fiscal Year 20/21 data. When this actual information is applied to the Fiscal Year 21/22 Adopted revenues and expenditures, the revised ending unassigned fund balance is estimated to be \$10.1 million, which places the General Fund balance above the reserve policy levels.

The City prepares multi-year and capital improvement projections to facilitate long-term planning. To assist in funding the City's Strategic Goals and bridging potential funding gaps, the City placed an initiative, Measure L, on the November 2020 ballot to increase the sales tax rate from 8.75% to 9.25%; or an additional 0.50%. While this measure was approved by voters, there was an issue within the ordinance which hindered it from being implemented by the State. After evaluating legal options, the City approved placing a new sales tax initiative on the April 2022 Special Election ballot. This measure is anticipated to generate \$1.1 million in additional general fund revenues. The projected funds from this proposed tax measure were not included in the Fiscal Year 21/22 Adopted Budget.

Additional information related to the projected economic impact of COVID-19 on City finances, as well as the proposed revenue measure is included in the Transmittal Section of this document

Request for Financial Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Pacific Grove's finances for all of Pacific Grove's residents, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Department of Finance at 300 Forest Avenue, Pacific Grove, CA 93950, or visit the City of Pacific Grove webpage at www.cityofpacificgrove.org.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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City of Pacific Grove Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	G	overnmental Activities		Business- Type Activities		Total
ASSETS		Activities		Activities		Total
Current Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	13,045,168	\$	5,136,930	\$	18,182,098
Restricted cash and investments		35,000		296,448		331,448
Receivables:						
Taxes		2,170,860		-		2,170,860
Accounts		5,027,532		785,334		5,812,866
Interest		4,421		-		4,421
Interfund receivables (payables)		257,593		(257,593)		-
Other assets		8,781		-		8,781
Total Current Assets		20,549,355		5,961,119		26,510,474
Noncurrent Assets:						
Loans receivable		1,620,050		124,341		1,744,391
Intangible assets		7,846,401		-		7,846,401
Capital Assets:		0.040.000				12 505 215
Nondepreciable		8,049,660		4,747,657		12,797,317
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		29,974,605		24,607,584		54,582,189
Total Capital Assets - Net Total Noncurrent Assets		38,024,265		29,355,241		67,379,506
	¢	47,490,716	¢	29,479,582		76,970,298
Total Assets	\$	68,040,071	\$	35,440,701	\$	103,480,772
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
OPEB Adjustments	\$	939,502	\$	-	\$	939,502
Pension Adjustments		8,340,396		362,466		8,702,862
Total Deferred outlows of Resources	\$	9,279,898	\$	362,466	\$	9,642,364
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	1,373,835	\$	111,138	\$	1,484,973
Deposits and other liabilities		32,863		-		32,863
Interest payable		583,000		64,730		647,730
Unearned revenues		7,851,492		10,000		7,861,492
Claims payable - current portion		254,029		-		254,029
Compensated absences - current portion Long-term debt - due within one year		335,606 2,298,414		31,042		366,648
Total Current Liabilities		12,729,239		405,142 622,052		2,703,556
		12,729,239		022,052		15,551,271
Noncurrent Liabilities:		0 505 750		7 226 210		15 011 071
Long-term debt - due in more than one year		8,585,752		7,326,219		15,911,971
Claims payable Compensated absences		508,821 1,006,816		93,124		508,821 1,099,940
Net pension liability		44,067,282		1,915,120		45,982,402
Net OPEB liability		5,146,392		1,713,120		5,146,392
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		59,315,063		9,334,463		68,649,526
Total Liabilities	\$	72,044,302	\$	9,956,515	\$	82,000,817
		72,011,502	Ψ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ	02,000,017
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	¢	017 017	<i>•</i>		¢	015 016
OPEB Adjustments	\$	215,016	\$	-	\$	215,016
Pension Adjustments Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	2,116,411 2,331,427	\$	91,975 91,975	\$	2,208,386
	\$	2,331,427	ۍ	91,975	\$	2,425,402
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	\$	37,925,984	\$	21,623,880	\$	59,549,864
Restricted for:	φ	37,923,984	φ	21,025,880	φ	39,349,804
Social service programs		748,183		-		748,183
Public safety		764,767		-		764,767
Community development		4,823,437		-		4,823,437
Street improvements		1,292,481		-		1,292,481
Debt service		-		296,448		296,448
Total Restricted		7,628,868		296,448		7,925,316
Unrestricted		(42,610,612)		3,834,349		(38,776,263)
Total Net Position	\$	2,944,240	\$	25,754,677	\$	28,698,917
			_			

City of Pacific Grove Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

						Program	Reve	enues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position					
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and ontributions	Total	G	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities			Total
Primary Government:		Â													
Governmental Activities:															
General government	\$	3,957,697	\$	1,474,806	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,474,806	\$	(2,482,891)			\$	(2,482,891)
Public safety		12,345,886		25,410		310,845		-	336,255		(12,009,631)				(12,009,631
Public works		4,916,879		1,649		579,085		4,715,110	5,295,844		378,965				378,965
Recreation		765,613		295,233		34		-	295,267		(470,346)				(470,346
Library		864,956		34,477		310,202		-	344,679		(520,277)				(520,277
Museum		262,137		-		120		-	120		(262,017)				(262,017
Community development		3,340,137		939,297		-		-	939,297		(2,400,840)				(2,400,840
Interest and fiscal charges		676,055		-		-		-	-		(676,055)				(676,055
Total Governmental Activities	\$	27,129,360	\$	2,770,872	\$	1,200,286	\$	4,715,110	\$ 8,686,268		(18,443,092)				(18,443,092
Business-Type Activities:															
Cemetery	\$	498,927	\$	634,039	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 634,039			\$	135,112		135,112
Sewer		2,178,853		3,501,697		9,800		-	3,511,497				1,332,644		1,332,644
Local water project		881,378		597,835		-		-	597,835				(283,543)		(283,543
Golf		342,872		361,704		-		-	361,704				18,832		18,832
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	3,902,030	\$	5,095,275	\$	9,800	\$	-	\$ 5,105,075	:			1,203,045		1,203,045
		neral Revenues: axes:													
	1	Property taxes									8,191,673		-		8,191,673
		Sales and use t	axes								5,000,873		-		5,000,873
		Franchise and	other	taxes							1,392,700		-		1,392,700
		Transient occu	pane	y taxes							3,978,577		-		3,978,577
		Utility users ta	xes								1,858,652		-		1,858,652
		Business licen	se tax	ζ.							361,674		-		361,674
		Other taxes									222,242		-		222,242
		Total taxes									21,006,391		-		21,006,391
	Ir	nvestment earni	ngs								22,612		4,852		27,464
	0	ther revenues									854,336		32,191		886,527
		Total Gen	eral r	revenues							21,883,339		37,043		21,920,382
		Change in	Net	Position							3,440,247		1,240,088		4,680,335
		Net Positi	on - I	Beginning of Y	ear						(496,007)		24,514,589		24,018,582
		Net Positi	on - H	End of Year						\$	2,944,240	\$	25,754,677	\$	28,698,917

City of Pacific Grove Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

				Major F	und	S			_			
		General Fund		ASBS Grant Fund		CDBG Grant Fund		Capital provement Projects Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	¢	4 101 200	¢		¢	222 150	¢		¢	7 202 027	¢	11 (17 401
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	4,101,298	\$	-	\$	233,156	\$	-	\$	7,283,027	\$	11,617,481
Taxes		1,917,738								158,925		2,076,663
Accounts		462,266	\$	3,327,256		-		1,043,354		194,656		5,027,532
Interest		4,421	φ	5,527,250		_		1,045,554		194,050		4,421
Due from other funds		4,010,187		_		_		_		_		4,010,187
Advances to other funds		77,400		_		_		_		_		77,400
Loans receivable		-		_		966,783		_		653,267		1,620,050
Total assets	\$	10,573,310	\$	3,327,256	\$	1,199,939	\$	1,043,354	\$	8,289,875	\$	24,433,734
			_	-))	_	, - ,	<u> </u>))	-	-,,	<u> </u>	, ,
LIABILITIES AND FUND BA	LAN	ICES										
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	527,907	\$	4,397	\$	-	\$	331,532	\$	460,720	\$	1,324,556
Deposits and other liabilities		32,863		-		-		-		-		32,863
Due to other funds		-		3,331,208		-		491,799		-		3,823,007
Unearned revenues		4,892		-		966,783		-		653,466		1,625,141
Total liabilities		565,662		3,335,605		966,783	·	823,331		1,114,186		6,805,567
Fund Balances: Nonspendable												
Permanent funds Restricted:		-		-		-		-		3,190,775		3,190,775
Social service programs		-		-		-		-		748,183		748,183
Public safety		-		-		-		-		764,767		764,767
Community development		-		-		233,156		220,023		1,179,483		1,632,662
Street improvements		-		-		-		-		1,292,481		1,292,481
Assigned:												
Social service programs		97,042		-		-		-		-		97,042
Unassigned		9,910,606		(8,349)		-		-		-		9,902,257
Total fund balances		10,007,648		(8,349)		233,156		220,023		7,175,689		17,628,167
Total liabilities and												
fund balances	\$	10,573,310	\$	3,327,256	\$	1,199,939	\$	1,043,354	\$	8,289,875	\$	24,433,734

City of Pacific Grove Reconciliation of the Government Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	17,628,167
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position were different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities were not current financial resources. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The capital assets were adjusted as follows:		
Capital assets		63,077,562
Less: accumulated depreciation		(25,053,297)
Total Capital Assets		38,024,265
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.		(583,000)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of stores, vehicle maintenance and various insurance costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.		187,770
The differences from benefit plan assumptions and estimates versus actuals are not included in the plan's actuarial study until the next fiscal year and are reported as deferred inflows or deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position.		6,857,635
Liabilities were reported for certain revenues that were not available to pay current		
period expenditures and were reported as unearned in the fund statements.		1,620,050
Long-term obligations were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The long-term liabilities were adjusted as follows:		
Long-term debt		(10,884,166)
Compensated absences		(1,335,968)
Net pension liability		(43,424,121)
Net OPEB liability		(5,146,392)
Total Long-Term Obligations	_	(60,790,647)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	2,944,240

City of Pacific Grove Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Major	Funds			
	General	ASBS Grant	CDBG Grant	Capital Improvement Projects	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
				5	Funds	
REVENUES	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$ 8,191,673	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,191,673
Sales and use taxes	4,060,855	φ	φ _	φ	^{\$} 940,018	5,000,873
Franchise and other taxes	1,342,324	_	_	_	50,376	1,392,700
Transient occupancy taxes	3,666,440	_	_	_	312,137	3,978,577
Utility users taxes	1,858,652	_	_	_		1,858,652
Business license tax	337,722	_	_	_	23,952	361,674
Other taxes	222,242	_	_	_	-	222,242
Intergovernmental revenues	116,159	3,349,511	_	1,031,954	822,590	5,320,214
License, permits and impact fees	873,727	5,547,511	_	-	-	873,727
Fines and forfeitures	36,984	_	_		_	36,984
Charges for services	1,538,638	_	_	_	78,544	1,617,182
Interest, rents and concessions	213,705	_	11,469	1,435	33,399	260,008
Contributions	-	_	-	333,646	-	333,646
Other revenues	909,176	4,073	96,963	-	257,422	1,267,634
Total Revenues	23,368,297	3,353,584	108,432	1.367.035	2,518,438	30,715,786
i oturi ite venues	25,500,257	5,555,561	100,152	1,007,000	2,010,100	50,715,700
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government	3,371,109	-	-	24,186	57,398	3,452,693
Public safety:	-,-,-,-,-			,	-,	•,.•=,••••
Police	6,409,747	-	-	-	550,187	6,959,934
Fire	3,814,831	-	-	-	8,287	3,823,118
Public works	3,217,084	-	-	-	294,246	3,511,330
Recreation	588,242	-	-	-	8,171	596,413
Library	726,375	-	-	35,383	4,984	766,742
Museum	227,862	-	-	-	-	227,862
Community development	2,046,290	-	308,947	-	612,297	2,967,534
Capital outlay	43,517	3,353,821	-	2,229,811	1,236,433	6,863,582
Debt service	,	, ,		, ,	, ,	, ,
Principal	924,776	-	-	-	-	924,776
Interest and fiscal charges	1,175,669	-	-	-	-	1,175,669
Total Expenditures	22,545,502	3,353,821	308,947	2,289,380	2,772,003	31,269,653
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues over Expenditures	822,795	(237)	(200,515)	(922,345)	(253,565)	(553,867)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	131,119	-	-	500,001	268,742	899,862
Transfers out	(760,000)	-	-	-	(139,862)	(899,862)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(628,881)	-	-	500,001	128,880	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	193,914	(237)	(200,515)	(422,344)	(124,685)	(553,867)
Fund Balances Beginning	9,813,734	(8,112)	433,671	642,367	7,300,374	18,182,034
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 10,007,648	\$ (8,349)	\$ 233,156	\$ 220,023	\$ 7,175,689	\$ 17,628,167

City of Pacific Grove Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities and Changes in net position were different because:	\$	(553,867)
Governmental Funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in net position, the cost of those assets was allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital outlay		6,901,135
Depreciation expense		(1,571,180)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of stores, vehicle maintenance, and various insurance costs to individual funds. The net revenue		((15,59))
or (excess expenses) of the internal service funds is reported with government activities.		(615,586)
Certain revenues were not recorded or recorded as unearned revenue in the governmental funds because they did not meet the revenue recognition criteria of availability. However, they were included as revenue in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities under the full accrual basis.		(147,375)
Long-term compensated absences and claims payables were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but they did not require the use of current financial resources and were not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences		(163,118)
In governmental funds, actual contributions to benefit plans are reported as expenditures in the year incurred. However, in the government-wide statement of activities, only the current year benefit expense as noted in the plans' valuation reports is reported as an expense, as adjusted for deferred		(1.522.552)
inflows and outflows of resources.		(1,523,553)
Repayment of long-term debt was an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.		924,777
Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in the fund statements as follows: Other postemployment benefits		(310,598)
		(510,550)
Interest expense on long-term debt was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in net position, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, interest expense was not reported as expenditures in governmental		
funds. The following amount represented the net change in accrued interest from and accreted interest from prior year.		499,614
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	3,440,249
	-	

			Busir	ness-type Acti	vities	- Enterprise Fu	ınds					
	(Cemetery Fund		Local Water Project Fund		Sewer Fund		Golf Course Fund		Total Enterprise Funds	A	overnmental Activities - Internal rvice Funds
ASSETS		1 unu		1 0110		1 0110		1 0110		1 unuo		
Current assets:												
Cash and investments	\$	365,777	\$	-	\$	4,771,153	\$	-	\$	5,136,930	\$	1,427,687
Restricted cash and investments		-		-		296,448		-		296,448		35,000
Accounts receivable		-		137,610		619,526		28,198		785,334		94,197
Other assets		-		-		-		-		-		8,781
Total current assets		365,777		137,610		5,687,127		28,198		6,218,712		1,565,665
Non-current assets:		,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, ,	·	,		, ,		, ,
Advances to other funds		-		-		600,000		-		600,000		-
Loans receivable		-		-		64,341		60,000		124,341		-
Property, plant and equipment - net		508,383		6,828,990		17,064,244		4,953,624		29,355,241		-
Total non-current assets		508,383		6,828,990		17,728,585		5,013,624		30,079,582		-
Total assets	\$	874,160	\$	6,966,600	\$	23,415,712	\$	5,041,822	\$	36,298,294	\$	1,565,665
	+		-	.,			-	*,***,*==	-		-	-,,
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5											
Pension adjusmtents	\$	67,977	\$	-	\$	294,489	\$	-	\$	362,466	\$	121,728
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	9,263	\$	39,955	\$	61,677	\$	243	\$	111,138	\$	49,279
Unearned revenue		_		-		-		10,000		10,000		-
Due to other funds		-		134,342		-		45,851		180,193		6,987
Accrued interest		-		20,266		6,420		38,044		64,730		-
Claims payable - current		-		-		-		-		-		254,029
Compensated absences - current portion		3,576		-		27,466		-		31,042		1,614
Long-term debt - due within one year		-		157,810		62,629		184,703		405,142		-
Total current liabilities		12,839		352,373		158,192		278,841		802,245		311,909
Non-current liabilities:												
Long-term debt - due in more than one year		-		4,706,030		703,944		1,916,245		7,326,219		-
Advances from other funds		-		600,000		-		77,400		677,400		-
Claims payable		-		-		-		-		-		508,821
Net pension liabilities		359,162		-		1,555,958		-		1,915,120		643,161
Compensated absences		10,727		-		82,397		-		93,124		4,840
Total non-current liabilities		369,889		5,306,030		2,342,299		1,993,645		10,011,863		1,156,822
Total liabilities	\$	382,728	\$	5,658,403	\$	2,500,491	\$	2,272,486	\$	10,814,108	\$	1,468,731
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension adjustments	\$	17,248	\$		\$	74,727	\$	-	\$	91,975	\$	30,892
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NET POSITION	¢	500 202	¢	1 065 150	¢	16 207 671	¢	2 952 676	¢	21 622 880	¢	
Net Investment in capital assets	\$	508,383	\$	1,965,150	\$	16,297,671	\$	2,852,676	\$	21,623,880	\$	-
Restricted for debt service		-		-		296,448		-		296,448		107 770
Unrestricted Total net position	¢	33,778 542,161	\$	(656,953) 1,308,197	\$	4,540,864 21,134,983	¢	(83,340) 2,769,336	\$	3,834,349	¢	<u>187,770</u> 187,770
rotar net position	\$	542,101	Ф	1,308,197	φ	21,134,983	\$	2,109,330	Ф	23,134,011	\$	10/,//0

City of Pacific Grove Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	В	usiness-type Activ					
		Local				Governmental	
		Water		Golf	Total	Activities -	
	Cemetery Project		Sewer	Course	Enterprise	Internal	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 613,353	\$ 597,835	\$ 3,501,697	\$ -	\$ 4,712,885	\$ 1,156,851	
Rents and concessions	20,686	-	-	361,704	382,390	-	
Other	-	-	28,081	4,110	32,191	-	
Total operating revenues	634,039	597,835	3,529,778	365,814	5,127,466	1,156,851	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Contractual services and utilities	251,902	478,926	598,315	92,524	1,421,667	1,415,215	
Personnel	173,942	-	824,240	-	998,182	358,417	
Supplies and materials	32,104	41,842	325,458	-	399,404	-	
Depreciation	40,745	310,409	405,121	162,434	918,709		
Total operating expenses	498,693	831,177	2,153,134	254,958	3,737,962	1,773,632	
Operating income (loss)	135,346	(233,342)	1,376,644	110,856	1,389,504	(616,781)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES)							
Intergovernmental	-	-	9,800	-	9,800	-	
Investment earnings	(710)	-	3,312	2,250	4,852	1,195	
Interest expense	(234)	(50,201)	(25,719)	(87,914)	(164,068)		
Total nonoperating revenues(expenses)	(944)	(50,201)	(12,607)	(85,664)	(149,416)	1,195	
Income (loss) before operating transfers	134,402	(283,543)	1,364,037	25,192	1,240,088	(615,586)	
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out	-			-		-	
Change in net position	134,402	(283,543)	1,364,037	25,192	1,240,088	(615,586)	
Total net position - beginning	407,759	1,591,740	19,770,946	2,744,144	24,514,589	803,356	
Total net position - ending	\$ 542,161	\$ 1,308,197	\$ 21,134,983	\$ 2,769,336	\$ 25,754,677	\$ 187,770	

City of Pacific Grove Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
	Cemet Fund	2		Local Water Project Fund		Sewer Fund	Golf Course Fund		Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	
Cash flows from operating activities:	¢ (2)	020	¢	505.025		t 101 C15	¢	206.007	ф. <u>с пор 41 с</u>	¢	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 634	,039	\$	597,835		\$ 4,104,645	\$	396,897	\$ 5,733,416	\$	-
Receipts from interfund services provided	(0.5.1	-		-		-		-	-		1,062,762
Payments for contractual services and utilities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,170)		(478,926)		(1,066,654)		(92,281)	(1,892,031)		1,455,238)
Payments to suppliers		2,104)		(41,842)		(325,458)		-	(399,404)		-
Payments to employees		,051)		-		(763,373)		-	(922,424)		(374,424)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	188	,714		77,067		1,949,160		304,616	2,519,557		(766,900)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:											
Payments from other governments		-		(74,088)		9,800		-	(64,288)		-
Interfund transactions		-		179,829		(600,000)		(31,848)	(452,019)		6,987
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		-		105,741		(590,200)		(31,848)	(516,307)		6,987
Cash flows from capital financing activities:				2 275		(4 (75 749)			(4 (72 272)		
Purchases (sales) of property, plant and equipment - net		-		3,375		(4,675,748)		-	(4,672,373)		-
Principal payments on long-term debt - net		-		(156,248)		(60,914)		(177,980)	(395,142)		-
Interest paid on long-term debt		(234)		(29,935)		(27,203)		(97,038)	(154,410)		-
Net cash provided (used) by capital financing activities		(234)		(182,808)		(4,763,865)		(275,018)	(5,221,925)		-
Cash flows from investing activities:											
Receipts from (payments on) loans receivable		-		-		17,910		-	17,910		-
Investment income received		(710)		-		3,312		2,250	4,852		1,195
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(710)		-		21,222		2,250	22,762		1,195
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	187	,770		_		(3,383,683)		-	(3,195,913)		(758,718)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		,007		-		8,451,284		-	8,629,291		2,221,405
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	-	,777	\$	-	\$	5,067,601	\$	-	\$ 5,433,378		1,462,687
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (use by operating activities:	d)										
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ 135	,346	\$	(233,342)	\$	1,376,644	\$	110,856	\$ 1,389,504	\$	(616,781)
Depreciation	40	,745		310,409		405,121		162,434	918,709		-
Change in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivables		-		-		574,867		21,083	595,950		(94,089)
Other assets		-		-		-		-	-		(6,558)
Deferred outflows of resources	(1	,926)		-		(8,344)		-	(10,270)		(3,449)
Accounts payable		,268)		-		(468,339)		243	(470,364)		(33,465)
Unearned revenue	,	-		-		-		10,000	10,000		-
Claims payable		-		-		-		-	-		(39,685)
Deferred inflows of resources	(10	,923)		-		(47,319)		-	(58,242)		(19,557)
Net pension liabilities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,450		-		110,254		-	135,704		45,572
Compensated absences		,290		-		6,276		-	8,566		1,112
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		,714	\$	77,067	\$	1,949,160	\$	304,616	\$ 2,519,557	\$	(766,900)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Pacific Grove, California, (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Pacific Grove, California is primarily a residential community located at the tip of the Monterey Peninsula on the Central California coast. The community was founded as a Methodist Church summer retreat, and was incorporated as a city on July 16, 1889. It was granted a charter by the State on April 22, 1927. The city operates under a council-manager form of government. The seven-member City Council appoints a City manager, who is the administrative head of the municipal government. City amenities include a library, natural history museum, a community center, a youth center, a senior center, a golf course, a cemetery, sewer services, a monarch butterfly sanctuary and habitat preserve and general administration services.

As required by GAAP, these basic financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City Council acts as the governing board. In addition, the City staff performs all administrative and accounting functions for these entities and these entities provide their services entirely to the City. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize their legal separateness from the City. Each blended component unit has a June 30 year-end. The City had no component units as of June 30, 2021.

The City applies all applicable GASB pronouncements for certain accounting and financial reporting guidance. In December of 2010, GASB issued Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-December 31, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.* GASB 62 incorporates pronouncements issued on or before December 31, 1989 into GASB authoritative literature. In June of 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments.* GASB 76 supersedes Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments.* GASB 76 also amends GASB 62 and AICPA Pronouncements paragraphs 64, 74, and 82. The GAAP hierarchy sets forth what constitutes GAAP for all state and local governmental entities. It establishes the order of priority of pronouncements and other sources of accounting and financial reporting guidance that a governmental entity should apply. The sources of authoritative GAAP are categorized in descending order of authority as follows:

- a. Officially established accounting principles—Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Category A)
- b. GASB Technical Bulletins; GASB Implementation Guides; and literature of the AICPA cleared by the GASB (Category B).

If the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified by a pronouncement in Category A, a governmental entity should consider whether the accounting treatment is specified by a source in Category B.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The City's government-wide financial statements include a *Statement of Net Position* and a *Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position*. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the City. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources (including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities), are included in the accompanying *Statement of Net Position*. The *Statement of Activities* presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. In conformity with the City's indirect cost allocation plan, certain indirect costs are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities. Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in-regards-to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- Transfers in/Transfers out
- Internal Service Fund charges

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a *Balance Sheet* and a *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* for all major governmental funds and non-major funds

aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in net position as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the government-wide financial statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are included on the balance sheets. The *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (up to 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property tax, sales tax, special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, other taxes, interest revenue, rental revenue and certain charges for services. Fines, forfeitures, licenses and permits and parking meter revenues are not susceptible to accrual because they are usually not measurable until received in cash. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

Unearned revenues arise when potential revenues do not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when the government receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

The following funds are major funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used for all financial resources except those required legally, or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund. Generally, the General Fund is used to account for those traditional governmental services of the City, such as police and fire protection, planning and general administrative services.

ASBS Grant Fund

This fund accounts for grants from the State Water Resources Control Board and expenditures related to discharge prohibition in and around the ocean..

Community Development Block Grant Fund

This special revenue fund was established to account for amounts received from Community Development Block Grants and for the loan and administrative activities of the City's various CDBG grants.

Capital Improvement Projects Fund

This Capital Improvement Projects Fund accounts for capital projects funded fully or in part by discretionary General Fund revenues. These projects are distinct from projects funded by the self-supporting Enterprise Funds or Special Revenue Funds.

Additionally, the City reports the following nonmajor fund types of governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment on, long-term obligation debt principal and interest.

Capital Project Funds

Capital project funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets in governmental funds.

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds account for and report financial resources for the principal corpus of endowments where only the investment earnings can be spent on specified purposes. The City is the beneficiary of several trusts for its citizens that are classified as permanent funds as follows:

Library Endowment Trust. - established to finance the purchase of additional books and materials for the library. As of June 30, 2021, the amount of appreciation on investments available for expenditure was \$38,479 and available amounts were reported as nonspendable fund balances and restricted net position.

Cemetery Endowment Care Trust - which accounts for "Endowment Care" revenues received in trust for the care of decedents' graves. As of June 30, 2021, the amount of appreciation on investments available for expenditure was \$268,199 and available amounts were reported as nonspendable fund balances and restricted net position.

Lawrence and Millie Yount Trust - established in 1992, in the amount of approximately \$900,000 including the Yount's residence. The income from this Trust may be expended for the beautification of the City and for minor improvements on the educational and/or recreational facilities maintained by the City. As of June 30, 2021, the amount of appreciation on investments available for expenditure was \$0 and available amounts were reported as nonspendable fund balances and restricted net position.

In California, UPMIFA allows endowment funds to be appropriated for expenditure, or accumulated, as determined to be prudent for the purposes for which the fund was established. The primary objective of the City's policy for authorizing and spending investment income is to allocate, in a reasonable and balanced manner, the total earnings from an endowment between current spending and reinvestment for future earnings and expenditures, with the goal of maintaining or enhancing the purchasing power of the endowment.

In addition, the City is the beneficiary of the Bertha L. Strong Trust, established in 1956. Under its terms, the principal of the Trust may only be used for the construction of a new City Hall or the expansion of certain City facilities used for education or recreation, except those usually authorized to be constructed or expanded by taxing, bonding or assessing. Trust income may only be used for beautification of the City, and is released by the Trustee only on application by the City. Since neither the principal nor the income of the Trust are under the control of the City, these amounts are not reflected in these financial

statements and amounts received are reported as revenue when received from the Trustee. The fair value balance held by the Trustee at June 30, 2021 was \$1,045,439.

Proprietary Funds

In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the "economic resources measurement focus". This means all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) and deferred inflows of resources associated with their activities are included on their balance sheets. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal value. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, taxes, and investment earnings result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the internal service funds financial statements.

The City has the following enterprise funds that have been reported as major:

Cemetery Fund

The Cemetery Fund accounts for revenues and expenses of the City's cemetery.

Local Water Project Fund

The Local Water Project Fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to the reclamation plant's operation, treatment, and sale of recycled water.

Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund accounts for revenues and expenses of the City's sewer operations.

Golf Course Fund

The Golf Course Fund accounts for revenues related to concessionaire leases for the golf course driving range, club house, pro shop, and restaurant; and any agreed upon expenses, property improvement costs, and debt service.

The City's internal service funds are proprietary funds. Internal service funds account for charges to City departments for services provided, on a cost reimbursement basis, in the following areas: health insurance, workers compensation, insurance, and liability insurance.

B. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are combined with investments and displayed as Cash and Investments.

Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures - In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Disclosures* (Amendment of GASB Statement No. 3), certain disclosure requirements, if

applicable, for Deposits and Investment Risks in the following areas: Interest Rate Risk, Overall Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, Concentrations of Credit Risk, and Foreign Currency Risk.

Other disclosures are specified including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end and other disclosures. The City participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California titled Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which has invested a portion of the pool funds in Structured Notes and Asset Backed Securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities are subject to market risk as to change in interest rates.

Investments are recorded at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. In determining this amount, three valuation techniques are available:

- Market approach This approach uses prices generated for identical or similar assets or liabilities. The most common example is an investment in a public security traded in an active exchange such as the NYSE.
- Cost approach This technique determines the amount required to replace the current asset. This approach may be ideal for valuing donations of capital assets or historical treasures.
- Income approach This approach converts future amounts (such as cash flows) into a current discounted amount.

Each of these valuation techniques requires inputs to calculate a fair value. Observable inputs have been maximized in fair value measures, and unobservable inputs have been minimized.

C. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Items classified as interfund receivables/payables are referred to as "advances to/advances from other funds" or as "due to/from other funds". Due to/from other funds include short-term lending/borrowing transactions between funds. This classification also includes the current portion of an advance to or from another fund. Advances to/advances from other funds represents non-current portions of any long-term lending/borrowing transactions between funds. This amount will be equally offset by a reserve of fund balance which indicates that it does not represent available financial resources and therefore, is not available for appropriation.

D. Receivables

Billed, but unpaid, services provided to individuals or non-governmental entities are recorded as accounts receivable. The Sewer customers are billed every other month by a separate government agency which forwards the collections to the City. Revenues earned but not collected by year-end are accrued. No allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable has been provided as management has determined that uncollectible accounts have historically been immaterial and the direct write-off method does not result in a material difference from the allowance method.

E. Loans Receivable

Under the City's housing assistance program, loans are made to qualified individuals and businesses within prescribed project areas for the purpose of housing acquisition, housing rehabilitation and/or economic development. The majority of these loans are on a deferred payback program. Repayments of the outstanding loans are classified as a revenue source in the applicable funds. The long-term portion of loans receivable has been offset by *Unearned Revenues* in the accompanying financial statements, as applicable. The City also offers Sewer Lateral Replacement Loans to homeowners. The disbursement of loans are recorded as expenditures at the time of a loan and the repayment of principal and interest is deferred until the property is sold.

F. Capital Assets

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds and as assets in the Government-Wide Financial Statements to the extent the City's capitalization threshold is met.

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the governmental-wide financial statements. All assets, including land, buildings, machinery and equipment, with an original cost in excess of \$5,000 and a useful life of one year or more will be subject to capitalization. Capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Interest is capitalized on the construction or acquisition of major assets using debt proceeds. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. No interest was capitalized during the year ended June 30, 2021. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings	100 Years
Machinery and equipment	5 Years
Furniture and fixtures	5 Years
Improvements other than buildings	3 Years
Sidewalks, curb, gutters and streets	20-50 Years
Traffic signals	15 Years
Street signs	15 Years
Storm Drains	20-50 Years
Park equipment	10-50 Years

G. Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net assets by the City that is applicable to a future reporting period; for example, prepaid items and deferred charges. Deferred inflows of resources are an

acquisition of net assets by the City that is applicable to a future reporting period; for example, unavailable revenue and advance collections.

Interest Payable

In the government-wide financial statements, interest payable of long-term debt is recognized as an incurred liability for governmental fund types. The City has not allocated the interest on long-term debt to departments. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types do not recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred. Interest on long-term debt is recorded in the fund statements when payment is made.

H. Claims Payable

The City records a liability to reflect an actuarial estimate of ultimate uninsured losses for general liability and workers' compensation claims. The estimated liability for these claims include "incurred but not reported" (IBNR) claims. There is no fixed payment schedule to pay these liabilities.

I. Deferred Compensation Plan

City employees may defer a portion of their compensation under a City sponsored. Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under this plan, participants are not taxed on the deferred portion of their compensation until distributed to them; distributions may be made only at termination, retirement, and death or in an emergency as defined by the Plan.

The laws governing deferred compensation plan assets require plan assets to be held by a Trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Since the assets held under these plans are not the City's property and are not subject to City control, they have been excluded from these financial statements.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences comprise of unpaid vacation and the vested portion of sick leave, which are accrued as earned. The City's liability for the compensated absences is recorded in various Governmental funds or Proprietary funds as appropriate. The liability for compensated absence is determined annually. For all governmental funds, amounts expected to be paid out of current financial resources are recorded in fund liabilities. The long-term portion is recorded in the Statement of Net Position and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations. The following is a summary of the changes in compensated absences for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within	
Description	June 30, 2020	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2021	One Year	
Compensated Absences						
Government Activities	\$ 1,178,191	\$ 498,223	\$ 333,992	\$ 1,342,422	\$ 335,606	
Business-Type Activities	115,600	39,608	31,042	124,166	31,042	
Total Comp. Absences	\$ 1,293,791	\$ 537,831	\$ 365,034	\$ 1,466,588	\$ 366,648	

Compensated absences and the net OPEB liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund or Proprietary Funds.

K. Long-Term (Noncurrent) Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Debt issuance costs are expensed in year incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financial sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Benefit Plans

Pension Expense

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (the Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Expense

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Retiree Benefits Plan (the OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

L. Fund Balances

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable

Nonspensable fund balance includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

Restricted

Restricted fund balance includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed

Committed fund balance includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end. Committed fund balances are imposed by the City Council.

Assigned

Assigned fund balance includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund balances may be assigned by the City Council. Council policy dictates that amounts in excess of nonspendable, restricted and committed fund balance in funds other than the General Fund be reported as assigned fund balance.

Unassigned

The Unassigned Fund Balance category represents fund balance which may be held for specific types of uses or stabilization purposes, but is not yet directed to be used for a specific purpose. The detail of amounts reported for each of the above defined fund balance categories is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the combining nonmajor fund balance sheets.

Flow Assumption / Spending Order Policy

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to be spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to be spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City Council has directed otherwise.

M. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets. In addition, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also are included in the net investment in capital assets component of net position

Restricted Net Position

This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted Net Position

This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

The detail of amounts reported for each of the above defined net position categories is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenue, expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially

made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund. All other interfund transactions, except for interfund services provided and used and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as transfers.

N. Property Taxes and Special Assessments

County tax assessments include secured and unsecured property taxes and special assessments. "Unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property. These tax assessments are secured by liens on the property being taxed.

Monterey County is responsible for the assessment, collection and apportionment of property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions. Property taxes are levied in equal installments on November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year.

Property taxes are accounted for in the General Fund. Property tax revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available to finance current liabilities. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Property tax on the unsecured roll are due on the January 1 lien date and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31. However, unsecured property taxes are not susceptible to year end accrual.

The City is permitted by Article XIIIA of the State of California Constitution (known as Proposition 13) to levy a maximum tax of \$1.00 per \$100 of full cash value.

O. Budgetary Information

In accordance with applicable sections of the California Government Code and the Pacific Grove Municipal Code, the City prepares and legally adopts an annual balanced budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund, specific Special Revenue Funds, and specific Capital Projects Funds.

Budget plans are adopted for Proprietary Funds. A proposed budget is presented to the City Council during May of each year for review. The Council holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations within the revenues and reserves estimated as available. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. Supplementary appropriations which alter the total expenditures of any fund, or expenditures in excess of total budgeted fund appropriations, must be approved by the City Council.

All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered.

P. Encumbrances

Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contract and other commitments for expenditures are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in all funds. All appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the

executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

Q. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred inflows from unearned revenue. In the governmental fund financial statements, receivables associated with non-exchange transactions that will not be collected within the availability period have been recorded as deferred inflows from unavailable revenue.

R. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

S. Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities." Issued in January 2017, this statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable. The statement is effective beginning fiscal year 2021. The City did not identify any activities that met the definition of a Fiduciary Fund or Component Unit per GASB 84.

T. Upcoming New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*

The City is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements of the following recent GASB Statements:

GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases." Issued in June 2017, this statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. It provides guidance on accounting treatment of lease assets, lease liability, short-term leases, certain regulated leases, measurement for leases other than short-term leases and contracts that transfer ownership, subleases, lease-leaseback transactions, intra-entity leases, and leases between related parties. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2022.

GASB Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations." Issued in May 2019, this statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2023.

GASB Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020." Issued in January 2020, this statement was issued for clarity and consistency by addressing practice issues identified from the implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2022.

GASB Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates." Issued in March 2020, this statement is to address accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rate (IBOR) such as the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2022.

GASB Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements." Issued in March 2020, this statement is to improve financial reporting by establishing the definitions of public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs) and available payment arrangement (APAs) and providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2023.

GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements." Issued in May 2020, the statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments by (1) defining a SBITA, (2) establishing that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset-an intangible asset-and a corresponding subscription liability, (3) providing the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA, and (4) requiring note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2023.

GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32." Issued in June 2020, the statement will result in more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans (e.g., certain Section 457 plans), while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2022.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash or Investment Type	Fair Value	Input Levels
Cash on hand	\$ 685	n/a
Deposits with financial institutions	3,501,196	n/a
Local Agency Investment Fund	4,554,246	n/a
Certificates of deposit	8,086,080	Level 1
Government Securities	2,371,339	Level 1
Total cash and investments	18,513,546	
Less: restricted cash	331,448	
Available cash and investments	\$ 18,182,098	

The following summarizes cash and investments as of June 30, 2021:

A. Cash Deposits

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest, and places the City ahead of general creditors of the institution.

The fair value of pledged securities must equal at least 110 percent of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes that have a value of 150 percent of the City's total cash deposits. The City has waived the collateral requirements for cash deposits which are fully insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

The bank balances before reconciling items totaled \$3,662,745 at June 30, 2021 and were different from carrying amounts due to deposits in transit and outstanding checks. The amount uninsured was \$3,162,745 which was collateralized by securities held by pledging financial institutions.

B. Fair Value Measurements

GASB 72 established a hierarchy of inputs to the valuation techniques above. This hierarchy has three levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs are quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other than quoted prices that are not observable
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, such as a property valuation or an appraisal.

C. Investment Policies

City Investment Policy

Under the provisions of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with California Government Code, the following investments are authorized:

- Certificates of Deposit Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposits will be made only in FDIC or FSLIC insured accounts. For deposits in excess of the insured maximum of \$250,000, approved collateral shall be required in accordance with Government Code 53652 and/or 53651 (m) (1). Investment in these instruments shall be limited to financial institutions that in the Treasurer's judgment are of high quality, and shall not have a term exceeding five years from the date of purchase.
- Securities of the U.S. Government or its Agencies Includes obligations issued by Federal Home Loan Banks, Government National Mortgage Association, Farm Credit System, the Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, Federal National Mortgage Association, or obligations or other instruments of or issued by a federal agency or a United States Government sponsored enterprise. Investment in these instruments shall not have a term exceeding five years from the date of purchase.
- **Treasury Bills and Notes** U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes, Bonds, or Certificates of Indebtedness, or those for which the full faith and credit of the United States are pledged for the payment of principal and interest. The term of such securities shall not exceed five years from the date of purchase.

- Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) Investment of funds in the California LAIF which allows the State Treasurer to invest through the Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA). Maximum investment is subject to state regulation. LAIF investments are available for City use.
- **Repurchase Agreements** A purchase of securities by the City pursuant to an agreement by which the seller will repurchase such securities on or before a specified date, or on demand of either party, and for a specified amount. Investments in repurchase agreements will be used solely as short-term investments not to exceed 30 days.
- **Other** Other investments that are, or may become, legal investments through the State of California Government Code, only with prior approval of the City Council.

Authorized Investments - Debt Trustee Agreements

Investments held by bond fiscal agents (trustees) are governed by the provisions of the underlying indenture agreements rather than the general provisions of the City's investment policy or California Government Code.

The indenture agreements do identify the following permitted investments:

	Maximum	Maximum Total of	Maximum Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity (1)	Portfolio	Anyone Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180	None	None
Commercial Paper	270	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Investment Contracts	None	None	None
Certificates of Deposits	1 year	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Municipal Bonds	None	None	None

D. External Investment Pool

The City's investments with LAIF at June 30, 2021, include a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. These investments include the following:

Structured Notes

These are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

Asset-Backed Securities

The bulk of asset-backed securities are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as CMO's) or credit card receivables.

City of Pacific Grove Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2021

LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statute. The approved investments policy is listed on the LAIF website, located at http://www.treasurer.ca.gov/pmia-laif/.

D. Risk Disclosures

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the term of an investment's maturity, the greater the sensitivity to changes in market interest rates. It is the City's practice to manage its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter-and-longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for City's operations.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of an investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization, S&P 500. As of June 30, 2021, the City's investments were in compliance with the ratings required by the City's investment policy, indenture agreements and Government Code.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. As of June 30, 2021, the City had no investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds and external investment pools) that represented 5% or more of the total City investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

As of June 30, 2021, the City's investments had the following maturities and ratings:

	 Invest	t Maturities in	rs	Year End Rating							
	12 months		13 to 36		37 to 60				Not		Fair
Cash or Investment Type	or less		Months		Months		AA/AAA		Rated		Value
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$ 4,554,246	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,554,246	\$	4,554,246
Certificates of deposit	1,247,479		2,811,788		4,026,813		-		8,086,080		8,086,080
Government Securities	 1,809,333		-		562,006		2,371,339		-		2,371,339
Total Investments	\$ 7,611,058	\$	2,811,788	\$	4,588,819	\$	2,371,339	\$	12,640,326		15,011,665
Cash in banks and on hand											3,501,881
Total Cash and Investments										\$	18,513,546

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Inter-fund Receivables and Payables

Amounts due to or due from other funds reflect inter-fund balances for services rendered or short-term loans expected to be repaid in the next fiscal year. Advances to or from other funds are long-term loans between funds that are to be repaid in their entirety over several years. As of June 30, 2021, due from and due to other funds consisted of the following:

		Due from		Due to
Fund	0	ther Funds	0	ther Funds
General Fund	\$	4,010,187	\$	-
ASBS Grant Fund		-		3,331,208
Capital Improvement Projects Fund		-		491,799
Local Water Project Fund		-		134,342
Golf Course Fund		-		45,851
Employee Benefit Fund		-		6,987
Total Due From/To	\$	4,010,187	\$	4,010,187

As of June 30, 2021, advances to and from other funds consisted of the following:

	А	dvances	A	dvances
		to		from
Fund	Otl	ner Funds	Ot	her Funds
General Fund	\$	77,400	\$	-
Sewer Fund		600,000		-
Local Water Project Fund		-		600,000
Golf Course Fund				77,400
Total Advances	\$	\$ 677,400		677,400

B. Transfers In/Out

With Council approval resources may be transferred from one fund to another. Transfers may be made to pay for capital projects or capital outlays, lease or debt service payments, operating expenses and low and moderate-income housing projects. The following summarizes transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

Fund	Т	ransfer in	Tr	ansfer out
General Fund	\$	131,119	\$	760,000
Capital Improvement Projects Fund		500,001		-
Nonmajor Funds		268,742		139,862
Total Transfers	\$	\$ 899,862		899,862

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE

Housing Assistance Loans

The City engages in programs designed to encourage construction or improvement in low-to-moderate income housing. Under these programs, loans are provided under favorable terms to homeowners or developers who agree to spend these funds in accordance with the City's terms. Terms include interest rates of three to five percent and deferral of principal and interest payment until the property changes hands. All loans are secured by a deed of trust on the property. Although these loans and notes are

expected to be repaid in full, their balances are offset by deferred revenue in the respective governmental funds as they are not expected to be repaid during the current fiscal year. The balance of the loans receivable arising from these programs was \$1,620,050 as of June 30, 2021.

Sewer Lateral Replacement Loans

The City has a Sewer Lateral Repair/Replacement Loan Program to improve sewer lateral lines connected to homeowners' residences. These loans carry an interest rate of three percent per annum. Repayment on loan principal and interest are deferred until the property is sold. All loans are secured by a deed of trust on the property. The balance of these loans receivables from this program was \$64,341 as of June 30, 2021.

Golf Course Equipment Loans

In September of 2014, the City leased its golf course to Pacific Grove Golf, LLC (the Tenant) whereas the Tenant would operate and manage the golf course and pay the City rent. The annual rent is \$300,000, paid monthly through September 30, 2024, and is reported in the City's Golf Course fund. Certain equipment owned by the City was sold to the Tenant as a part of the lease establishing a loan receivable. The balance of the loan receivable from this transaction was \$60,000 as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE 5 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Pacific Grove Local Water Project (PGLWP) began producing recycled water in January 2018. The PGLWP treats wastewater from surrounding homes and businesses; and produces non-potable water to primarily irrigate the City's golf course and cemetery. This new, alternative water source reduced the City's demand for potable water from the California American Water Company (Cal-Am). On January 27, 2016, the Monterey Peninsula Water Management District (MPWMD) approved Ordinance No. 168 to establish the City's water entitlement of 47.88 acre/ft based on the potable water saved by the project. On May 15, 2019, the City adopted Resolution 19-014 to direct the City Manager to sell the 47.88 AF of water entitlements; and reserve 11.5 AF of the entitlement amount for affordable housing. This resolution also authorized a 30% discount to the water entitlement price shown on the City's Master Fee Schedule through December 31, 2021.

The water entitlements were shown on the fee schedule at \$250,000 per AF or \$25,000 for 0.10 AF. This rate was established based on a local market comparison. When the 30% discount is applied to the stated fee, the amount is reduced to \$175,000 an acre foot or \$17,500 for 0.10 AF. The total value of these assets at the 30% discount was \$8,380,400; and was recorded as an intangible asset in the Governmental Activities section of the Statement of Net Position. In Fiscal Year 2020, the City sold approximately 1.26 AF of water entitlements at a value of \$221,201. In Fiscal Year 2021, the City sold approximately 1.78 AF of water entitlements at a value of \$312,798 which was reported in the General Fund as other revenue. The remaining value of the intangible assets reported in the government-wide statement of net position as of June 30, 2021 was \$7,846,401.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets for governmental activities consisted of the following as of June 30, 2021:

	Balance		Deletions/	Balance
Governmental activities:	July 01, 2020	Additions	Transfers	June 30, 2021
Non-depreciable:				
Land	\$ 2,338,270	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,338,270
Construction in Progress	3,489,640	5,262,525	(3,040,775)	5,711,390
Total Non-Depreciable	5,827,910	5,262,525	(3,040,775)	8,049,660
Depreciable:				
Buildings and Improvements	14,742,492	604,291	2,343,169	17,689,952
Infrastructure	30,820,192	970,170	681,285	32,471,647
Machinery and Equipment	4,785,834	64,148	16,321	4,866,303
Total Depreciable	50,348,518	1,638,609	3,040,775	55,027,902
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	(7,776,806)	(531,535)	-	(8,308,341)
Infrastructure	(12,159,197)	(769,680)	-	(12,928,877)
Machinery and Equipment	(3,546,114)	(269,965)	-	(3,816,079)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(23,482,117)	(1,571,180)	-	(25,053,297)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets - Net	26,866,401	67,429	3,040,775	29,974,605
Total Capital Assets - Net	\$ 32,694,311	\$ 5,329,954	\$ -	\$38,024,265

Depreciation expense for governmental activities was charged to the following programs during the year:

General Government	\$ 106,187
Public Safety	317,295
Public Works	999,959
Recreation	100,308
Library	9,649
Museum	7,956
Community Development	 29,826
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,571,180

	Balance			Ι	Deletions/	Balance	
Business-Type Activities:	July 01, 2020 Additions		Additions	Adjustments		June 30, 2021	
Non-depreciable:							
Land	\$	362,973	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 362,973
Construction in Progress		947,440		3,608,280		(171,035)	4,384,685
Total Non-Depreciable		1,310,413		3,608,280		(171,035)	4,747,658
Depreciable:							
Buildings and Improvements		9,954,623		-		-	9,954,623
Infrastructure	,	22,915,921		1,067,470		171,035	24,154,426
Machinery and Equipment		1,477,671		-		-	1,477,671
Total Depreciable		34,348,215		1,067,470		171,035	35,586,720
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings and Improvements		(4,772,984)		(185,127)		-	(4,958,111)
Infrastructure		(4,427,254)		(707,550)		-	(5,134,804)
Machinery and Equipment		(860,190)		(26,032)		-	(886,222)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(10,060,428)		(918,709)		-	(10,979,137)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets - Net		24,287,787		148,761		171,035	24,607,583
Total Capital Assets - Net	\$ 2	25,598,200	\$	3,757,041	\$	-	\$29,355,241

Capital assets for business-type activities consisted of the following as of June 30, 2021:

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The City's long-term debt consisted of the following as of June 30, 2021:

	Ŧ	Balance	1.1.1	P			Balance		ie Within
Description	Ju	ne 30, 2020	 dditions	Re	etirements	Ju	ne 30, 2021	0	ne Year
Governmental Activity Long-Term Debt									
Taxable Pension Obligation Bond	\$	5,299,340	\$ -	\$	901,362	\$	4,397,978	\$	876,626
Accreted Interest		6,929,521	 757,024	1	1,298,638		6,387,907	1	,398,374
Subtotal		12,228,861	757,024	2	2,200,000		10,785,885	2	,275,000
PG&E Loan (Direct Borrowing)		121,696	 -		23,415		98,281		23,414
Total Governmental Activities Debt	\$	12,350,557	\$ 757,024	\$2	2,223,415	\$	10,884,166	\$2	,298,414
Business-Type Activity Long Term Debt									
Direct Borrowing:									
2014 Golf Course Site Lease	\$	2,274,059	\$ -	\$	175,058	\$	2,099,001	\$	182,756
Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan		5,020,088	-		156,248		4,863,840		157,810
PG&E Loan		4,869	 -		2,922		1,947		1,947
Subtotal		7,299,016	-		334,228		6,964,788		342,513
2013 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bond		827,487	 -		60,914		766,573		62,629
Total Business-type Activities Debt	\$	8,126,503	\$ -	\$	395,142	\$	7,731,361	\$	405,142

Pension Obligation Bond

On June 1, 2006, the City issued Taxable Pension Obligation Bond in the principal amount of \$19,365,355. The bonds were part of the California Statewide Communities Development Authority Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds Program. The purpose of the bond is to provide monies to meet the unfunded accrued actuarial liability ("UAAL") to the California Public Employee's Retirement System

("PERS"). Semi-annual payments are due on June 1 and December I. Interest on the bonds ranges from 5.67% to 6.12% and they mature on June 1, 2029.

The annual debt service requirements were as follows for the Pension Obligation Bond:

Year Ending June 30	 Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$ 876,626	\$	1,398,374	\$	2,275,000
2023	849,664		1,495,336		2,345,000
2024	478,599		926,401		1,405,000
2025	464,276		985,725		1,450,001
2026	451,350		1,048,650		1,500,000
2027-2031	 1,277,463		3,512,535		4,789,998
Total	\$ 4,397,978	\$	9,367,021	\$	13,764,999

PG&E Loan

During the year the City, benefited from the on-bill financing program offered by PG&E, which is a noninterest bearing, reimbursement basis loan to install energy-efficient equipment. Individual PG & E loans have been issued for various City locations. All loans mature beginning on February 15, 2022 and conclude on December 15, 2026. The original loan was \$152,900 with future debt service payments as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Gov't		Business		Total
2022	\$	23,414	\$	1,947	\$ 25,361
2023		23,414		-	23,414
2024		20,048		-	20,048
2025		12,562		-	12,562
2026		12,562		-	12,562
2027-2031		6,281		-	6,281
Total	\$	98,281	\$	1,947	\$ 100,228

2014 Golf Course Site Lease

The City entered into a \$3,130,505 Site Lease dated September 1, 2014 with Umpqua Bank to Refund the 2014 Golf Course Certificate of Participation. The lease bears interest at 4.35% with debt service payments due on February 1st and August 1st through 2030. The lease is secured by the transfer of property rights to Umpqua Bank and includes a prepayment penalty 1% if paid before February 1, 2020 and .5% if paid before February 1, 2021. The annual debt service requirements were as follows for the 2014 Golf Course Site Lease:

Year Ending June 30]	Principal	Interest		Total	
2022	\$	182,756	\$	89,340	\$	272,096
2023		190,793		81,304		272,097
2024		199,183		72,914		272,097
2025		207,941		64,156		272,097
2026		217,085		55,012		272,097
2027-2031		1,101,243		123,194		1,224,437
Total	\$	2,099,001	\$	485,920	\$	2,584,921

Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan

In November 2015, the City secured SWRCB funding for the construction of a recycled water treatment plant, sewer diversion structure, waste pump and force main station, user connections and site retrofits. The SWRCB reimbursed the City for project-related expenditures, as incurred, totaling \$5,328,076. The loan will be repaid with interest at 1% per annum. The loan matures on February 1, 2048. The annual debt service requirements were as follows for the Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan:

Year Ending June 30		Principal		Principal		Interest		Interest		Total
2022	\$	157,810	\$	48,638	\$	206,448				
2023		159,387		47,060		206,447				
2024		160,982		45,466		206,448				
2025		162,592		43,857		206,449				
2026		164,218		42,230		206,448				
2027-2031		846,050		186,191		1,032,241				
2032-2036		889,207		143,032		1,032,239				
2037-2041		934,567		97,674		1,032,241				
2040-2044		982,240		50,002		1,032,242				
2045-2049		406,787		6,112		412,899				
Total	\$	4,863,840	\$	710,262	\$	5,574,102				

2013 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bond

On May 6, 2013, the City issued the 2013 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds in the principal amount of \$1,220,588. The purpose of the bond is to refinance the California State Community Development Authority Series 2001B Revenue Bonds. Semi-annual interest payments are due on April 1 and October 1. Repayments are secured by future sewer service revenues. Interest on the bonds is 3.35% and matures on October 1, 2031. Charges for services reported in the Sewer Fund totaled \$3,501,697 and debt service totaled \$60.914.

The annual debt service requirements were as follows for the 2013 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bond:

Year Ending June 30	I	Principal	Interest			Total
2022	\$	62,629	\$	25,169	\$	87,798
2023		64,316		23,035		87,351
2024		65,925		20,888		86,813
2025		70,044		18,645		88,689
2026		71,550		16,264		87,814
2027-2031		389,541		43,777		433,318
2032-2036		42,568		713		43,281
Total	\$	766,573	\$	148,491	\$	915,064

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-Ty	Business-Type Activities		
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total	
2022	\$ 900,040	\$ 1,398,374	\$ 405,142	\$ 163,148	\$ 2,866,704	
2023	873,078	1,495,336	414,496	151,399	2,934,309	
2024	498,647	926,401	426,090	139,269	1,990,407	
2025	476,838	985,725	440,577	126,657	2,029,797	
2026	463,912	1,048,650	452,853	113,506	2,078,921	
2027-2031	1,283,744	3,512,535	2,336,833	353,161	7,486,273	
2032-2036	-	-	931,776	143,745	1,075,521	
2036-2040	-	-	934,567	97,674	1,032,241	
2041-2045	-	-	982,240	50,002	1,032,242	
2046-2049	-		406,787	6,112	412,899	
Total	\$ 4,496,259	\$ 9,367,021	\$ 7,731,361	\$ 1,344,673	\$ 22,939,314	

The City's total annual debt service requirements are as follows:

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Pool Membership

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority). The Authority is composed of 123 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The Authority arranges and administers programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, purchases excess insurance and reinsurance, and arranges for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Authority's Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

Excess Liability Program

Liability coverage includes auto liability, employment practices liability, public officials' errors and omissions, bodily injury, personal injury, third party property damage, advertising injury, and employee benefit administration liability. The City has a retained limit of \$150,000 per occurrence. The overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. The coverage structure is composed of a combination of pooled self-insurance, reinsurance, and excess insurance. Additional information concerning the coverage structure is available on the Authority's website: https://cjpia.org/coverage/risk-sharing-pools/.

Excess Workers' Compensation Program

The City has a retained limit of \$150,000 per occurrence for workers' compensation claims. The Authority's pooled retention is \$1 million per occurrence with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$1 million. Coverage from \$1 million to \$5 million is purchased through reinsurance policies, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

Purchased Insurance

The City also participates in the following coverage programs provided by the Authority:

(A) All-Risk Property Protection Program. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. The City's property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property

submitted by the City to the Authority. The total insured value of scheduled City property is \$85,346,861. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$2,500 deductible.

(B) Pollution Legal Liability Insurance Program. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$250,000 deductible. The Authority has an aggregate limit of \$20 million.

(C) Crime Insurance Program. Formerly called Blanket Fidelity Bond, this policy covers faithful performance, depositor's forgery, theft of money and securities, and computer fraud related to the transfer of money. The policy limit is \$1,000,000, and the deductible is \$2,500.

Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2020-21.

The following summarizes the change in the estimated liability:

	2021		2020	
Claims payable, beginning of year	\$	802,535	\$	794,420
Fiscal year claims and changes in estimates		254,029		267,244
Claims payments		(293,714)		(259,129)
Claims payable, end of year	\$	762,850	\$	802,535

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's Miscellaneous and Safety Employee Pension Plans (the Plans); cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. The cost-of-living adjustments for the Plans are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

City of Pacific Grove Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2021

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous		S	afety
	Tier 1	PEPRA	Tier 1	PEPRA
Hire date	Before 1/1/2013	1/1/2013	Before 1/1/2013	1/1/2013
Benefit formula	2%@55	2% @ 62	3% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement age	55	62	50	50
Monthly benefits as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.5%	2%	3%	2.0% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	7.00%	6.75%	9.00%	13.00%
Required employer contribution rates	11.03%	7.73%	23.674%	13.044%

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plans:

	Miscellaneous	Safety	Total
Active	68	20	88
Transferred	35	23	58
Separated	52	11	63
Retired	137	120	257
Total	292	174	466

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rates are the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the following contributions were made:

	E	Employer		
	Co	Contributions		
Miscellaneous	\$	1,515,054		
Safety		2,245,341		
Total Employer Contributions	\$	3,760,395		

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2021, the City reported is proportionate share of its net pension liability as follows:

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Miscellaneous	\$ 16,001,089	\$ 1,915,120	\$ 17,916,209
Safety	28,066,193		28,066,193
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 44,067,282	\$ 1,915,120	\$ 45,982,402

The City's net pension liability for the Plans is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plans are measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability for the Plans used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2020 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plans as of June 30, 2020 and 2020 was as follows:

	Proportion
June 30, 2020	0.4169%
June 30, 2021	0.4226%
Change in Proportions	0.0057%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$5,373,706.

At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred			Deferred
	C	Outflows of	Ι	nflows of
]	Resources	F	Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	3,760,395	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		-		221,275
Differences between expected and actual experiences		3,099,665		-
Change in employer's proportion		700,577		-
Net differences between the employer's contributions				
the employer's proportionate share of contributions		-		1,987,111
Net differences between projected and actual earnings				
on plan investments		1,142,226		-
Total	\$	8,702,863	\$	2,208,386

The City reported \$3,760,395 as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

flows (Inflows)
f Resources
115,227
1,116,787
941,155
560,913
-
2,734,082

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date Measurement Date	June 30, 2019 June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Projected Salary Increase	(1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.15% (2)
Mortality	(3)

(1) Varies by age and service

(2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

(3) Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent for the Plans. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the Plans, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website. According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.15 percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-

City of Pacific Grove Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2021

block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and longterm market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent. The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses and are summarized as follows:

	New		
	Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1 - 10 (a)	Years 11+ (b)
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Global Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Sensitive	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Infrastructure and Forestland	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.00%		

(a) In the System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

- (b) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.
- (c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plans, calculated using the discount rate for the Plans, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease		6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	65,363,743
Comment Discount Data		7 1 5 0 /
Current Discount Rate		7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	45,982,402
1% Increase		8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	30,030,314
rier rension Enconney	Ψ	50,050,511

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

Plan Description

The City of Pacific Grove Retiree Healthcare Plan (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City. The City contributes the minimum amount provided under Government Code Section 22825 of the Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) for medical benefits. The monthly PEMHCA contribution for each covered employee during calendar year 2020 and 2021 was \$139 and \$143, respectively. All employees become eligible for postretirement medical benefits after five years of employment, meet qualifications for CalPERS retirement, and reach the age of 50. This lifetime benefit is available to all employees and their surviving spouses who elect to buy insurance through any of the available CalPERS medical plans. Retirees must contribute any premium amounts in excess of the City contribution amounts.

The City's previous employee agreements contained a provision to also pay an additional \$150 per month for the first five years after retirement, or until age 65 or date of death, whichever was sooner. Police officers were required to have 20 years of service to receive the five-year benefit. The additional \$150 monthly retirement benefit was terminated for all employees, with the exception of miscellaneous employees who retired prior to January 1, 2017; and Safety employees who retired prior to July 1, 2018.

The City does not currently contribute to an OPEB Trust Fund.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2020 (the valuation date), the benefit terms covered the following employees:

Active employees	87
Inactive employees	134
Total employees	221

Contributions

The City makes contributions based on a pay-as-you go basis as approved by the authority of the City's Board. Total benefit payments included in the measurement period were \$162,898 while actual contributions for the fiscal year were \$170,364. The City's contributions were 2.03% of covered employee payroll during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan. There have been no assets accumulated in a trust to provide for the benefits of this plan.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following summarized the actuarial assumptions for the OPEB plan included in this fiscal year:

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date:	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry-Age Level Percent of Pay
Amortization Period:	20 years
Asset Valuation Method:	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	2.21%
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	3.00%
Healthcare Trend Rate	Non-Medicare - 7.5% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076
	Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076
Mortality	CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study
Retirement	Actives: 60%; Retirees: 100% if covered, 0% re-elect at 65 if waived

Discount Rate

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index.

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 (measurement date) and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 (valuation date) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (reporting date).

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The following summarizes the changes in the total OPEB liability during the year ended June 30, 2021:

					Γ	Net OPEB
	Т	otal OPEB	Plan l	Fiduciary		Liability
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021		Liability	Net 1	Position		(Asset)
Balance at June 30,2020	\$	4,117,497	\$	-	\$	4,117,497
Service cost		227,721		-		227,721
Interest in Total OPEB Liability		149,231		-		149,231
Changes in assumptions		814,841		-		814,841
Benefit payments		(162,898)		-		(162,898)
Net changes		1,028,895		-		1,028,895
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	5,146,392	\$	-	\$	5,146,392
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	8,395,892				
Total OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Employee Payroll		61.30%				
Service Cost as a % of Covered Employee Payroll		2.71%				
Net OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Employee Payroll		61.30%				

The City's plan is nonfunded, meaning there have not been assets placed into an irrevocable trust, therefore the plan fiduciary net position is zero.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between actual and expected experience	\$	5,044	\$	-	
Change in assumptions		764,094		215,016	
OPEB contribution subsequent to measurement date		170,364		-	
Totals	\$	939,502	\$	215,016	

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$170,364 resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2022	\$ 102,671
2023	102,671
2024	171,943
2025	168,245
2026	8,592
Thereafter	 -
Total	\$ 554,122

OPEB Expense

The following summarizes the OPEB expense by source during the year ended June 30, 2021:

Service cost	\$ 227,721
Interest in TOL	149,231
Difference between actual and expected experience	1,173
Change in assumptions	101,498
Administrative expenses	 1,341
OPEB Expense	\$ 480,964

City of Pacific Grove Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2021

The following summarizes changes in the net OPEB liability as reconciled to OPEB expense during the year ended June 30, 2021:

Total OPEB liability ending	\$ 5,146,392
Total OPEB liability begining	 (4,117,497)
Change in total OPEB liability	1,028,895
Changes in deferred inflows	(94,764)
Changes in deferred outflows	(623,531)
Employer contributions and implicit subsidy	 170,364
OPEB Expense	\$ 480,964

Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate

The net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher, is as follows:

	Municipal Bond Rate					
	(1% Decrease) Current				(1	% Increase)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	642,929	\$	5,146,392	\$	4,439,792

Sensitivity to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than current healthcare cost trend rates, is as follows:

	Trend Rate					
	(1% Decrease) Current (1% Increa				% Increase)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	4,340,241	\$	5,146,392	\$	6,189,607

NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Lawsuits

City management believes, based upon consultation with the City Attorney, that litigation, in the aggregate, are not expected to result in a material adverse financial impact on the City and that insurance programs are sufficient to cover any potential losses should an unfavorable outcome materialize.

B. Federal and State Grant Programs

The City participates in Federal and State grant programs that are audited by the City's independent accountants if required by and in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance and applicable State requirements. For Federal programs, the City did not reach the level of qualifying expenditures during the current fiscal year that would require a single audit. Expenditures which may be disallowed, if any, by the granting agencies, cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Contractual Commitments

The following schedule summarized the City's open contracts by project that were carried forward into the next fiscal year as of June 30, 2021:

	Contract			Carry
Project	Amount	Expenditures		Forward
ADA Improvements at Fandangos	\$ 12,500	\$	-	\$ 12,500
Archeological Monitoring	109,250		103,498	5,752
ASBS Urban Diversion	318,448		214,121	104,327
ASBS Wet Dry Weather Diversion	3,943,786		3,100,709	843,077
ATC Planning Services	174,100		85,313	88,788
CDTFA Transactions	39,999		37,988	2,011
CEQA/EIR for ATC/Comstock	106,248		95,453	10,795
Cultural Resources & Tribal Monitoring	29,019		13,763	15,256
Emergency Sewer Work	14,950		-	14,950
Lift Station Condition Assessment	3,443		-	3,443
Lovers Point Stairs	8 <i>,</i> 358		-	8,358
New Records Management System	173 <i>,</i> 800		66,140	107,660
Point Pinos Coastal Trail	867,689		110,327	757,362
Point Pinos Coastal Trail Construction	25 <i>,</i> 598		10,895	14,704
Purchase of Moonlighting	10,643		-	10,643
SB2 Planning Grant Implementation	96,500		61,665	34,835
Sewer Project 3, 4, 5, & 8	423,345		257,907	165,438
Sewer System Management Plan	7,950		2,129	5,821
Street Rehab - Lower Lighthouse	1,085,246		233,389	851,857
Water & Fire Remediation	 35,332		24,186	 11,145
Total Commitments	\$ 7,486,204	\$	4,417,483	\$ 3,068,722

The contracts listed as CEQA/EIR for ATC and the ATC Planning Services are funded through a developer deposit agreement and is not supported by City funds.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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	Budgeted Amounts							riance with nal Budget
				T 1		Actual		Positive
REVENUES		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)
Taxes:								
	\$	7,736,000	\$	× 122 204	\$	8,191,673	\$	68,379
Property taxes Sales and use taxes	Ф	3,411,000	Ф	8,123,294 3,735,000	Ф	4,060,855	Φ	325,855
Franchise and other taxes		1,130,000		1,162,024		1,342,324		180,300
Transient occupancy taxes		3,759,000		3,608,000		3,666,440		58,440
1				1,725,000		1,858,652		133,652
Utility users taxes Business license tax		1,652,000 367,000		359,000		337,722		,
Other taxes		123,000		339,000 111,000		222,242		(21,278) 111,242
Intergovernmental revenues		219,000		513,098		116,159		(396,939)
License, permits and impact fees		525,000		853,000		873,727		20,727
Fines and forfeitures		125,000		69,000		36,984		(32,016)
		· · · · ·		,				
Charges for services		1,287,000		1,379,073		1,538,638		159,565
Interest, rents and concessions Other revenues		268,400		267,735 825,053		213,705 909,176		(54,030) 84,123
Total Revenues		571,100 21,173,500		22,730,277		23,368,297		638,020
Total Revenues		21,175,500		22,730,277		23,308,297		038,020
EXPENDITURES								
Current:		2 5 4 0 0 1 0		2 (02 22)		2 251 100		222.225
General government		3,549,818		3,693,336		3,371,109		322,227
Public safety:		6 279 041		(122 700		6 400 7 47		22.022
Police		6,278,941		6,432,780		6,409,747		23,033
Fire		3,451,700		3,751,680		3,814,831		(63,151)
Public works		3,502,635		3,427,742		3,217,084		210,658
Recreation		694,512		642,264		588,242		54,022
Library		690,455		746,577		726,375		20,202
Museum		251,050		233,000		227,862		5,138
Community development		1,748,662		2,486,841		2,046,290		440,551
Capital outlay Debt service		17,000		108,543		43,517		65,026
		002 501		004 760		024 776		(20.016)
Principal retirement		882,581		904,760		924,776		(20,016)
Interest and fiscal charges		1,175,669 22,243,023		1,175,669 23,603,192		1,175,669		1,057,690
Total Expenditures		22,243,023		23,003,192		22,545,502		1,037,090
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(1,069,523)		(872,915)		822,795		1,695,710
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		122,479		131,119		8,640
Transfers out		(710,000)		(760,000)		(760,000)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(710,000)		(637,521)		(628,881)		8,640
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,779,523)		(1,510,436)		193,914		1,704,350
Fund Balances Beginning		9,813,734		9,813,734		9,813,734		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$	8,034,211	\$	8,303,298	\$	10,007,648	\$	1,704,350

Expenditures in excess of appropriations were covered by budgets in other objects/functions or beginning fund balance.

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) ASBS Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

							Var	iance with
	Bud	geted .	Amo	unts			Fin	al Budget
	Origin	al		Final		ctual ounts		Positive legative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 2,921,	463	\$ 3	,969,879	\$ 3,3	49,511	\$	(620,368)
Other revenues		-		-		4,073		4,073
Total Revenues	2,921,	463	3	,969,879	3,3	53,584		(616,295)
EXPENDITURES	2.021	462	2	0.01 7.00	2.2	52.021		(07.045
Capital outlay	2,921			,961,766		53,821		607,945
Total Expenditures	2,921,	463	3	,961,766	3,3	53,821		607,945
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures				8,113		(237)		(8,350)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		8,113		(237)		(8,350)
Fund Balances Beginning	(8,	112)		(8,112)		(8,112)		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$ (8,	112)	\$	1	\$	(8,349)	\$	(8,350)

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) CDBG Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Budgeted	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive		
	Original	 Final	 Amounts	()	Jegative)
REVENUES					
Interest, rents and concessions	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 11,469	\$	4,469
Other revenues	 100,000	 127,000	 96,963		(30,037)
Total Revenues	 107,000	134,000	 108,432		(25,568)
EXPENDITURES Current: Community development	250,000	567,000	308,947		258,053
	 -	 ,	 ,		2
Total Expenditures	 250,000	 567,000	 308,947		258,053
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 (143,000)	 (433,000)	 (200,515)		232,485
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	 -	 -	 -		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -	 -	 -		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(143,000)	(433,000)	(200,515)		232,485
Fund Balances Beginning	 433,671	 433,671	 433,671		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 290,671	\$ 671	\$ 233,156	\$	232,485

City of Pacific Grove

Schedule of Pension Contributions

June 30, 2021

	_			Fise	cal Year			
		2015	 2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Contractually Required Contributions Contributions in Relation to Actuarially	\$	837,801	\$ 1,784,443	\$ 1,995,457	\$ 2,392,372	\$ 2,857,889	\$ 3,404,853	\$ 3,760,395
Determined Contributions		837,801	1,784,443	1,995,457	2,392,372	2,857,889	3,405,140	3,760,395
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (287)	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$	5,714,952	\$ 6,248,635	\$ 5,873,761	\$ 7,328,064	\$ 8,029,195	\$ 8,120,599	\$ 7,539,260
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		14.66%	28.56%	33.97%	32.65%	35.59%	41.93%	49.88%

Notes to Schedule:	
Valuation Date:	June 30, 2019
Assumptions Used:	Entry Age Method used for Actuarial Cost Method
	Level Percentage of Payroll and Direct Rate Smoothing
	3.8 Years Remaining Amortization Period
	Inflation Assumed at 2.5%
	Investment Rate of Returns set at 7.15%
	CalPERS mortality table based on CalPERS' experience and include 15 years of
	projected ongoing mortality improvement using 90 percent of Scale MP 2016 published
	 3.8 Years Remaining Amortization Period Inflation Assumed at 2.5% Investment Rate of Returns set at 7.15% CalPERS mortality table based on CalPERS' experience and include 15 years of

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.5% to 7.65% in fiscal year 2016 and then decreased from 7.65% to 7.15% in fiscal year 2018.

The CalPERS mortality assumptions were adjusted in fiscal year 2019.

City of Pacific Grove

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability June 30, 2021

				Fiscal Year			
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Proportion of Net Pension Liability	0.3730%	0.3824%	0.3994%	0.3977%	0.4118%	0.4169%	0.4226%
Proportionate Share of							
Net Pension Liability	\$ 23,123,343	\$ 26,535,640	\$ 34,564,209	\$ 39,440,944	\$ 39,679,281	\$ 42,724,135	\$ 45,982,402
Covered Payroll	\$ 5,543,503	\$ 5,714,952	\$ 6,248,635	\$ 5,873,761	\$ 7,328,064	\$ 8,029,195	\$ 8,120,599
Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	417.13%	464.32%	553.15%	671.48%	541.47%	532.11%	566.24%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the TPL	81.99%	78.40%	74.06%	73.31%	75.26%	75.26%	75.10%

Notes to Schedule:

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.5% to 7.65% in fiscal year 2016 and then decreased from 7.65%

to 7.15% in fiscal year 2018.

The CalPERS mortality assumptions were adjusted in fiscal year 2019.

City of Pacific Grove Retiree Healthcare Plan Schedule of Total OPEB Liability June 30, 2021

	Fiscal Year Ended							
		2018		2019		2020		2021
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$	194,311	\$	168,509	\$	162,418	\$	227,721
Interest		119,338		139,246		150,001		149,231
Administrative expense		-		-		1,112		-
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		(10,980)		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		7,390		-
Changes of assumptions		(415,636)		(152,945)		172,969		814,841
Benefit payments		(171,120)		(168,800)		(156,858)		(162,898)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability		(273,107)		(13,990)		326,052		1,028,895
Total OPEB Liability - beginning		4,078,542		3,805,435		3,791,445		4,117,497
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$	3,805,435	\$	3,791,445	\$	4,117,497	\$	5,146,392
Plan fiduciary net position Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	3,805,435	\$	3,791,445	\$	4,117,497	\$	5,146,392
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Covered payroll for the plan	\$	7,678,127	\$	7,915,595	\$	8,673,911	\$	8,151,351
Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll		49.56%		47.90%		47.47%		63.14%
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll		49.56%		47.90%		47.47%		63.14%

Other Notes

GASB 75 requires a schedule of contributions for the last ten fiscal years, or for as many years as are available if less than ten years are available. GASB 75 was

adopted as of June 30, 2018.

No change in benefit terms; discount rates decreased from 3.87% to 3.5% in 2020 and then to 2.21% in 2021.

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to

the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Contributions were not based on a measure of pay.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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City of Pacific Grove

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Capital Improvement Projects Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	 			
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 1,800,000	\$ 1,135,471	\$ 1,031,954	\$ (103,517)
Interest, rents and concessions	4,000	4,000	1,435	(2,565)
Contributions	 101,081	273,038	333,646	60,608
Total Revenues	 1,905,081	1,412,509	1,367,035	(45,474)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:			24.196	(24.196)
General government Library	-	- 11,400	24,186 35,383	(24,186) (23,983)
Capital outlay	2,769,943	2,485,450	2,229,811	(25,985) 255,639
Total Expenditures	 2,769,943	2,496,850	2,229,311	207,470
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 (864,862)	(1,084,341)	(922,345)	161,996
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	500,005	500,005	500,001	(4)
Transfers out	 -	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 500,005	500,005	500,001	(4)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(364,857)	(584,336)	(422,344)	161,992
Fund Balances Beginning	 642,367	642,367	642,367	
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 277,510	\$ 58,031	\$ 220,023	161,992

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COMBINING NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

(See Page 101)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Fund Title	Fund Description
BUILDING AND FACILITIES IMPROVEMENT	This fund is used to support General Fund Building and Improvement capital costs.
FUND	This fund was previously supported by General Fund transfers.

PERMANENT FUNDS

(See Page 145)

	Total Special Total Revenue Permanent Funds Funds				Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS	¢	4 000 050	Φ	2 100 775	¢	7 000 007	
Cash and investments	\$	4,092,252	\$	3,190,775	\$	7,283,027	
Receivables:		159.025				150.025	
Taxes Accounts		158,925		-		158,925	
Loans receivable		194,656		-		194,656	
Loans receivable		653,267		-		653,267	
Total assets	\$	5,099,100	\$	3,190,775	\$	8,289,875	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	460,720	\$	-	\$	460,720	
Unearned revenues		653,466		-		653,466	
Total liabilities		1,114,186		-		1,114,186	
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable							
Permanent Funds		-		3,190,775		3,190,775	
Restricted:							
Social service programs		748,183		-		748,183	
Public safety		764,767		-		764,767	
Community development		1,179,483		-		1,179,483	
Street improvements		1,292,481		-		1,292,481	
Total fund balances	_	3,984,914		3,190,775		7,175,689	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,099,100	\$	3,190,775	\$	8,289,875	

City of Pacific Grove Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Franchise and other taxes 50,376 - - Transient occupancy taxes 312,137 - - 33 Business license tax 23,952 - - - 33 Intergovernmental revenues 822,590 - - - 88 Charges for services 6,579 - 71,965 - - 88 Interest, rents and concessions 34,979 - (1,580) - - 22 Other revenues 257,422 - - 22 - - 22 Total Revenues 2,448,053 - 70,385 2,55 2,55 EXPENDITURES Current: - 57,398 - - -	
Sales and use taxes \$ 940,018 \$ - \$ - \$ 0.5 Franchise and other taxes 50,376 Transient occupancy taxes 312,137 Business license tax 23,952 Intergovernmental revenues 822,590 Charges for services 6,579 - 71,965 Interest, rents and concessions 34,979 - (1,580) Other revenues 257,422 Total Revenues 2,448,053 - 70,385 EXPENDITURES 57,398	
Franchise and other taxes 50,376 - - Transient occupancy taxes 312,137 - - 33 Business license tax 23,952 - - - 33 Intergovernmental revenues 822,590 - - - 8 Charges for services 6,579 - 71,965 - - 8 Interest, rents and concessions 34,979 - (1,580) - - 2 Other revenues 257,422 - - - 2 Total Revenues 2,448,053 - 70,385 2,5 EXPENDITURES Current: - - - - - General government 57,398 - - - - -	
Transient occupancy taxes 312,137 - - 32 Business license tax 23,952 - </td <td>40,018</td>	40,018
Business license tax 23,952 - - Intergovernmental revenues 822,590 - - 82 Charges for services 6,579 - 71,965 Interest, rents and concessions 34,979 - (1,580) Other revenues 257,422 - - 2 Total Revenues 2,448,053 - 70,385 2,55 EXPENDITURES Current: 57,398 - - -	50,376
Intergovernmental revenues 822,590 - - 8822,590 Charges for services 6,579 - 71,965 Interest, rents and concessions 34,979 - (1,580) Other revenues 257,422 - - 22 Total Revenues 2,448,053 - 70,385 2,55 EXPENDITURES Current: 57,398 - - -	12,137
Charges for services 6,579 - 71,965 Interest, rents and concessions 34,979 - (1,580) Other revenues 257,422 - - 22 Total Revenues 2,448,053 - 70,385 2,55 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 57,398 - -	23,952
Interest, rents and concessions 34,979 - (1,580) Other revenues 257,422 - - 2 Total Revenues 2,448,053 - 70,385 2,5 EXPENDITURES Current: 57,398 - - -	322,590
Other revenues 257,422 - - 2 Total Revenues 2,448,053 - 70,385 2,5 EXPENDITURES Current: 57,398 - - - 2	78,544
Total Revenues2,448,053-70,3852,5EXPENDITURES Current: General government57,398	33,399
EXPENDITURES Current: General government 57,398	257,422
Current: General government 57,398	518,438
General government 57,398	
	57,398
Public safety:	
Police 550,187 5	50,187
Fire 8,287	8,287
	.94,246
Recreation 8,171	8,171
Library 4,984	4,984
	512,297
	236,433
	72,003
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures (323,950) - 70,385 (2	253,565)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
	268,742
	39,862)
	28,880
Net Change in Fund Balances (186,327) (1) 61,643 (1)	24,685)
Fund Balances Beginning 4,171,241 1 3,129,132 7,3	00 274
Fund Balances Ending \$ 3,984,914 - \$ 3,190,775 \$ 7,1	300,374

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NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

E 17%4	
Fund Title CARILLON FUND	Fund Description This fund is for donations designated for the maintenance of the tower clock and chimes system at City Hall.
ENVIRONMENTAL ENHANCEMENT	This fund accounts for revenues associated with Coastal Area Planning grants, coastal area land use, and Environmental Impact Report deposit funds.
STATE FRANCHISE PEG	This fund is for the deposit of funds received from the City's cable franchisee to fund Public, Educational and Governmental programming on local Public Access television and equipment expenditures to aid in broadcasting per the terms of the Digital Infrastructure and Video Competition Act of 2006.
LIBRARY BLDG & EQUIP FUND	This fund is for donations designated for improvements to the City Library.
MUSEUM IMPROVEMENT FUND	This fund is for donations designated for improvements to the Museum facility.
DOWNTOWN BUSINESS DISTRICT	This fund accounts for the collection of self-assessed fees from businesses within the Business Improvement District and the payment of those fees to the Pacific Grove Chamber of Commerce. Businesses within the Downtown Business Improvement District remit those fees to the City upon the annual renewal of their business licenses.
HOSPITALITY IMPRVMT DIST.	This fund accounts for the collection of self-assessed fees by the hotels within the City and the payment of those fees to the Monterey County Convention and Visitor's Bureau. All the hotels in the City have agreed to this self -assessment and remit those fees with their Transient Occupancy Tax payments.
LIBRARY BOOK FUND	This fund accounts for donations designated for the purchase of books for the City Library.
FIRE EMERG EQUIP FUND	This fund accounts for grants, fees and donations in support of Fire Department safety programs.
LOCAL STREETS AND ROADS	This fund accounts amounts received for streets and roads expenditures.
GAS TAX FUND	This fund accounts for the expenditures of State Gas Tax monies received.
CHAUTAUQUA HALL FUND	This fund accounts for revenues designated for the maintenance and improvement of the historic Chautauqua Hall building.
LIGHTHOUSE MAINT.& IMPV.	This fund accounts for any expenses and/or any donations, proceeds, or operating transfers received related to the maintenance and improvement of the Point Pinos Lighthouse.
SENIOR HOUSING FUND	This fund accounts for senior housing activities.
CALHOME REUSE FUND	This fund accounts for the deposit of revenue received from the repayment of CaIHOME Housing rehabilitation loans.
SMALL BUSINESS GRANTS FUND	This fund accounts for grants provided for the City's small business assistance program.
2013 CDBG GRANT FUND	This fund accounts for grants and revolving loan funds used in the City's Housing Rehabilitation Loan Program managed by the Community Development Department.
POETRY PROMOTION FUND	This fund accounts for the income from a bequest to the City designated for the promotion of poetry in the community.
YOUNT INCOME FUND	This fund accounts for income from the expendable portion of the Yount Trust.
PUB SAFETY AUG FUND	This fund accounts for revenue resulting from the passage of Proposition 172, designated for Public Safety related programs.
SUPPLEMENTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND	This fund accounts for grants designated for the improvement of the law enforcement program.
VEHICLE ABANDONMENT	This fund accounts for the expenditures related to vehicle abandonment.
STRONG FUND DISBURSEMENTS	This fund accounts for the expenditures of interest earned from the Stong endowment.
HOUSING FUND	This fund accounts for housing program loans under a federal program funded by CDBG.
COASTAL CONSERVANCY GRANT FUND	This fund accounts for grant proceeds and expenditures related to coastal conservancy projects and plans that maintain and improve beaches and coastal parks.
CORONA VIRUS RELIEF FUND	This fund accounts for federal ARPA grants and related expenditures.
OPERATING GRANTS FUND	This fund accounts for grant proceeds and expenditures related to operating grants for various operations and projects throughout the City.
ROAD MAINTENANCE AND REHABILITATION ACCOUNT (RMRA) FUND	The Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account (RMRA) Fund is supported through shared revenues received from the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017. These revenues are generated from increased gas tax, diesel excise and sales tax; and a zero- emission vehicle registration fee for local transportation projects. Funding allocations are project specific and include a maintenance of effort requirement.
MCINDOO DONATION	This fund accounts for the receipt of a donation from the Jeanette J. McIndoo Trust and for the expense for beautification and enhancement of public facilities and grounds.
GENERAL PLAN MAINTENANCE FEE FUND	This fund is used to account for fees collected for general plan maintenance.

June 30, 2021

	-	Carillion Fund		rironmental hancement Fund	 State Franchise PEG Fund	Library 3uilding & Equipment Fund	-	Museum provement Fund
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	9,728	\$	115,019	\$ 96,424	\$ 36,393	\$	434,128
Receivables:								
Taxes		-		-	12,821	-		-
Accounts		-		-	-	-		-
Loans receivable		-		-	 -	 -		-
Total assets	\$	9,728	\$	115,019	\$ 109,245	\$ 36,393	\$	434,128
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 41,531	\$ -	\$	-
Unearned revenues		-		-	 -	 -		-
Total liabilities		-		-	 41,531	 -		-
Fund Balances:								
Restricted:								
Social service programs		-		-	-	-		-
Public safety		-		-	-	-		-
Community development Street improvements		9,728		115,019	67,714	36,393		434,128
Total fund balances		9,728		115,019	 67,714	 36,393		434,128
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,728	\$	115,019	\$ 109,245	\$ 36,393	\$	434,128

June 30, 2021

	Bu	vntown Isiness Istrict Fund	Im	ospitality provement District Fund	Library Book Fund	Fire Emergency Equipment Fund		
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	880	\$	36,973	\$ 31,269	\$	160,866	
Receivables:								
Taxes		-		66,218	-		-	
Accounts		-		-	-		-	
Loans receivable		-		-	 -		-	
Total assets	\$	880	\$	103,191	\$ 31,269	\$	160,866	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	103,012	\$ -	\$	302	
Unearned revenues		5		-	194		-	
Total liabilities		5		103,012	 194		302	
Fund Balances:								
Restricted:								
Social service programs		-		-	31,075		-	
Public safety		-		-	-		160,564	
Community development		875		179	-		-	
Street improvements		-		-	 -		-	
Total fund balances		875		179	 31,075		160,564	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	880	\$	103,191	\$ 31,269	\$	160,866	
							Cont'd	

June 30, 2021

	Local Streets and Roads Fund			Gas Tax Fund	(Chautauqua Hall Fund	Lighthouse Maintenance & Improvemen Fund		
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	805,738	\$	135,994	\$	18,380	\$	198,810	
Receivables:									
Taxes		-		-		-		-	
Accounts		191,188		-		-		-	
Loans receivable		-		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$	996,926	\$	135,994	\$	18,380	\$	198,810	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	1,188	\$	8,488	\$	-	\$	832	
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-	
Total liabilities		1,188		8,488		-		832	
Fund Balances:									
Restricted:									
Social service programs		-		-		-		-	
Public safety		-		-		-		-	
Community development		-		-		18,380		197,978	
Street improvements		995,738		127,506		-		-	
Total fund balances		995,738		127,506		18,380		197,978	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	996,926	\$	135,994	\$	18,380	\$	198,810	
								Contla	

June 30, 2021

	SeniorCalHomeHousingReuseFundFund				Е	Small Business Grants Fund	2013 CDBG Grant Fund		
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	10,450	\$	198,349		1,613	\$	-	
Receivables:									
Taxes		-		-		-		-	
Accounts		-		-		-		-	
Loans receivable		-		289,770		-		72,656	
Total assets	\$	10,450	\$	488,119	\$	1,613	\$	72,656	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		
Unearned revenues	ψ	_	Ψ	289,770	Φ	_	Ψ	72,656	
Total liabilities		-		289,770		-		72,656	
Fund Balances:									
Restricted:									
Social service programs		10,450		198,349		-		-	
Public safety		-		-		-		-	
Community development		-		-		1,613		-	
Street improvements		-		-		-		-	
Total fund balances		10,450		198,349		1,613		-	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	10,450	\$	488,119	\$	1,613	\$	72,656	
								Cantla	

City of Pacific Grove Combining Balance Sheet

Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021

	Poetry Promotion Fund		Yount Income Fund	A	Public Safety ugmentation Fund	upplement Law nforcement Fund
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 74,773	\$	57,225	\$	277,423	\$ 263,197
Receivables:						
Taxes	-		-		11,650	16,667
Accounts	-		-		-	-
Loans receivable	 -		-		-	 -
Total assets	\$ 74,773	\$	57,225	\$	289,073	\$ 279,864
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 16		-	\$	-	\$ -
Unearned revenues	 -		-		-	 -
Total liabilities	 16	·	-		-	 -
Fund Balances:						
Restricted:						
Social service programs	74,757		-		-	-
Public safety	-		-		289,073	279,864
Community development	-		57,225		-	-
Street improvements	 -		-		-	 -
Total fund balances	 74,757		57,225		289,073	 279,864
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 74,773	\$	57,225	\$	289,073	\$ 279,864

June 30, 2021

		Vehicle indonment Fund	Dis	Strong bursements Fund		Housing Fund		Coastal nservancy Grant Fund		Corona Virus Relief Fund
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	31,798	\$	141,580	\$	434,636	\$	83,533	\$	-
Receivables:										
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts		3,468		-		-		-		-
Loans receivable		-		-		290,841		-		-
Total assets	\$	35,266	\$	141,580	\$	725,477	\$	83,533	\$	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:	¢		¢	24.000	¢	1.004	¢		¢	
Accounts payable Unearned revenues	\$	-	\$	34,000	\$	1,084	\$	-	\$	-
Total liabilities				34,000		290,841 291,925		-		
Fund Balances:										
Restricted:										
Social service programs		-		-		433,552		-		-
Public safety		35,266		-				-		-
Community development		-		107,580		-		83,533		-
Street improvements		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		35,266		107,580		433,552		83,533		-
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	35,266	\$	141,580	\$	725,477	\$	83,533	\$	-
			_		_		-			Ctl 1

City of Pacific Grove Combining Balance Sheet

Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021

	G	erating brants Fund	RMRA Fund	 IcIndoo onation Fund	General Plan aintenance Fee Fund	1	Total ecial Revenue Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	690	\$ 387,935	\$ 35,966	\$ 12,482	\$	4,092,252
Receivables:							
Taxes		-	51,569	-	-		158,925
Accounts		-	-	-	-		194,656
Loans receivable		-	-	-	-		653,267
Total assets	\$	690	\$ 439,504	\$ 35,966	\$ 12,482	\$	5,099,100
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 270,267	\$ -	\$ -	\$	460,720
Unearned revenues		-	 -	 -	 -		653,466
Total liabilities		-	 270,267	 -	 -		1,114,186
Fund Balances:							
Restricted:							F 10 100
Social service programs		-	-	-	-		748,183
Public safety		-	-	-	-		764,767
Community development		690	-	35,966	12,482		1,179,483
Street improvements Total fund balances		- 690	 169,237	 35,966	 - 12,482		1,292,481 3,984,914
	<u> </u>		 ,	 ,	 ,		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	690	\$ 439,504	\$ 35,966	\$ 12,482	\$	5,099,100
							~

Concluded

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES		arillion Fund		ironmental hancement Fund	F	State ranchise PEG Fund	Bu Eq	library ilding & uipment Fund		Museum provement Fund
Taxes:										
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Franchise and other taxes	Ψ	-	φ	-	Ψ	50,376	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Transient occupancy taxes		-		_		-		-		-
Business license tax		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-
Interest, rents and concessions		-		11		(36)		(128)		355
Other revenues		-		-		-		44,205		100
Total Revenues		-		11		50,340		44,077		455
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		38		-		-		-		-
Public safety:										
Police		-		-		-		-		-
Fire		-		-		-		-		-
Public works		-		-		-		-		-
Recreation		-		-		-		-		-
Library		-		-		-		20		-
Community development		-		1,898		66,504		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		9,460		67,900
Total Expenditures		38		1,898		66,504		9,480		67,900
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(38)		(1,887)		(16,164)		34,597		(67,445)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		_		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(38)		(1,887)		(16,164)		34,597		(67,445)
Fund Balances Beginning		9,766		116,906		83,878		1,796		501,573
Fund Balances Ending	\$	9,728	\$	115,019	\$	67,714	\$	36,393	\$	434,128
										Cont'd

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds

REVENUES	I	Downtown Business District Fund	Hospital Improven Distric Fund	nent et		Library Book Fund		Fire mergency cquipment Fund
Taxes:								
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Franchise and other taxes	*	-	+	_	*	-	*	-
Transient occupancy taxes		-	31	2,137		_		-
Business license tax		23,952		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues				-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Interest, rents and concessions		60		83		(145)		57
Other revenues		-		-		34,321		17,310
Total Revenues		24,012	31	2,220		34,176		17,367
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety:								
Police		-		-		-		-
Fire		-		-		-		8,287
Public works		-		-		-		-
Recreation		-		-		-		-
Library		-		-		-		-
Community development		22,229	31	3,082		11,637		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		13,437
Total Expenditures		22,229	31	3,082		11,637		21,724
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		1,783		(862)		22,539		(4,357)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,783		(862)		22,539		(4,357)
Fund Balances Beginning		(908)		1,041		8,536		164,921
Fund Balances Ending	\$	875	\$	179	\$	31,075	\$	160,564
								Cont'd

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	S	Local streets and Roads Fund		Gas Tax Fund	Chautauqua Hall Fund	Ν	Lighthouse Maintenance Improvement Fund
REVENUES							
Taxes:	<i>^</i>		¢		^	٠	
Sales and use taxes	\$	657,027	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Franchise and other taxes		-		-	-		-
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-	-		-
Business license tax		-		- 325,989	-		-
Intergovernmental revenues		-		325,989	-		-
Charges for services Interest, rents and concessions		- (114)		- (159)	-		- 33
Other revenues		(114)		(158)	-		55 100
Total Revenues		656,913		325,831			133
1 otar Revenues		030,913		323,831		_	155
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		-		-	-		-
Public safety:							
Police		-		-	-		-
Fire		-		-	-		-
Public works		2,950		270,890	-		-
Recreation		-		-	-		8,171
Library		-		-	-		-
Community development		-		-	-		-
Capital outlay		545,846		-	-		-
Total Expenditures		548,796		270,890	-		8,171
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		108,117		54,941	-		(8,038)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		-		-	-		-
Transfers out		-		-			-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		108,117		54,941	-		(8,038)
Fund Balances Beginning		887,621		72,565	18,380)	206,016
Fund Balances Ending	\$	995,738	\$	127,506	\$ 18,380) \$	197,978
							Cont'd

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds

REVENUES		Senior Iousing Fund	CalHome Reuse Fund]	Small Business Grants Fund		2013 CDBG Grant Fund
Taxes:								
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Franchise and other taxes	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Transient occupancy taxes		_		_		_		_
Business license tax				_		-		_
Intergovernmental revenues		-		_		-		-
Charges for services		_		_		-		-
Interest, rents and concessions		- 1		91		-		_
Other revenues		-		10,515		-		-
Total Revenues		1		10,606		-		
Tour Revenues		1	•	10,000				
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety:								
Police		_		_		-		-
Fire		_		_		-		-
Public works				_		-		_
Recreation		_		_		-		-
Library		_		_		-		-
Community development		-		21,763		48,387		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		-	•	21,763		48,387		-
r · · · · · ·				,		-)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		1		(11,157)		(48,387)		-
							•	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-		50,000		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		50,000		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		1		(11,157)		1,613		-
Fund Balances Beginning		10,449		209,506		-		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$	10,450	\$	198,349	\$	1,613	\$	-
								Cont'd

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES	P	Poetry romotion Fund		Yount Income Fund		Public Safety gmentation Fund		pplement Law forcement Fund
Taxes:								
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Franchise and other taxes	•	-	•	-	·	-	•	-
Transient occupancy taxes		-		_		-		_
Business license tax		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		135,342		156,727
Charges for services		-		-				
Interest, rents and concessions		33,817		42		576		(114)
Other revenues		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues		33,817		42		135,918		156,613
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		_		-		_
Public safety:								
Police		-		_		471,706		78,481
Fire		-		_		-		-
Public works		-		20,406		-		-
Recreation		-		-		-		-
Library		4,964		-		-		-
Community development		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		7,837
Total Expenditures		4,964		20,406		471,706		86,318
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		28,853		(20,364)		(335,788)		70,295
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in				8,742		210,000		
Transfers out		-		0,742		210,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		8,742		210,000		-
				(11.(22))		(125 - 200)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		28,853		(11,622)		(125,788)		70,295
Fund Balances Beginning		45,904		68,847		414,861		209,569
Fund Balances Ending	\$	74,757	\$	57,225	\$	289,073	\$	279,864
								Cont'd

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Ab	Vehicle andonment Fund	Strong Disbursements Fund		Housing Fund				Corona Virus Relief Fund
REVENUES									
Taxes:									
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Franchise and other taxes		-		-		-		-	-
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-		-		-	-
Business license tax		-		-		-		-	-
Intergovernmental revenues		16,053		-		-		-	188,479
Charges for services		-		-		-		-	-
Interest, rents and concessions		(62)		26		86		3	-
Other revenues		-		40,000		110,871		-	 -
Total Revenues		15,991		40,026		110,957		3	 188,479
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		-		-		-		-	57,360
Public safety:									
Police		-		-		-		-	-
Fire		-		-		-		-	-
Public works		-		-		-		-	-
Recreation		-		-		-		-	-
Library		-		-		-		-	-
Community development		-		-		126,797		-	-
Capital outlay		-		114,791		-		-	-
Total Expenditures		-		114,791		126,797		-	 57,360
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		15,991		(74,765)		(15,840)		3	 131,119
OTHED FINANCING COUDCES (LICES)									
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in									
Transfers out		-		-		-		-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-	 (131,119) (131,119)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-	 (131,119)
Net Change in Fund Balances		15,991		(74,765)		(15,840)		3	-
Fund Balances Beginning		19,275		182,345		449,392		83,530	 -
Fund Balances Ending	\$	35,266	\$	107,580	\$	433,552	\$	83,533	\$ -
									Cont'd

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances

Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Operating McIndoo Grants RMRA Donation Fund Fund Fund		onation		General Plan aintenance Fee Fund		Total ecial Revenue Nonmajor overnmental Funds			
REVENUES										
Taxes: Sales and use taxes	¢		¢	202.001	¢		¢		¢	040.010
	\$	-	\$	282,991	\$	-	\$	-	\$	940,018
Franchise and other taxes		-		-		-		-		50,376
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-		-		-		312,137
Business license tax		-		-		-		-		23,952 822,590
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		-		
Charges for services Interest, rents and concessions		- (1)		- 205		- 127		6,579		6,579 34,979
Other revenues		(1)		395				(26)		
Total Revenues		- (1)		- 283,386		- 127		- 6,553		257,422 2,448,053
i otar Kevenues		(1)		203,300		127		0,555		2,448,033
EXPENDITURES Current:										
General government		_		_		_		_		57,398
Public safety:										57,570
Police		_		_		_		_		550,187
Fire		_		_		_				8,287
Public works		_		_		_				294,246
Recreation		_		_		_		_		8,171
Library		_		_		_		-		4,984
Community development		-		-		-		-		612,297
Capital outlay		-		445,613		31,549		-		1,236,433
Total Expenditures		-		445,613		31,549		-		2,772,003
r r r r				-)		-))···)···
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(1)		(162,227)		(31,422)		6,553		(323,950)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										268 742
Transfers in Transfers out		-		-		-		-		268,742
		-				-		-		(131,119) 137,623
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-		137,023
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1)		(162,227)		(31,422)		6,553		(186,327)
Fund Balances Beginning		691		331,464		67,388		5,929		4,171,241
Fund Balances Ending	\$	690	\$	169,237	\$	35,966	\$	12,482	\$	3,984,914
										Concluded

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)

Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds

			Carillio	n Fun	d		
	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts Final		ctual	Fina Po	nce with l Budget ositive gative)
REVENUES							
Taxes:							
Sales and use taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Franchise and other taxes	-		-		-		-
Transient occupancy taxes	-		-		-		-
Business license tax	-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues	-		-		-		-
Charges for services	-		-		-		-
Interest, rents and concessions	200		100		-		(100)
Other revenues	 -		-		-		-
Total Revenues	 200		100		-		(100)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	-		100		38		62
Public safety:							
Police	-		-		-		-
Fire	-		-		-		-
Public works	-		-		-		-
Recreation	-		-		-		-
Library	-		-		-		-
Community development	-		-		-		-
Capital outlay	 -		-		-		-
Total Expenditures	 -		100		38		62
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 200		-		(38)		(38)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	-		-		-		-
Transfers out	-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	200		-		(38)		(38)
Fund Balances Beginning	 9,766		9,766		9,766		_
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 9,966	\$	9,766	\$	9,728	\$	(38)
							~

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	En	vironmental Ei	nhancement Fu	nd
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Sales and use taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Franchise and other taxes	-	-	-	-
Transient occupancy taxes	-	-	-	-
Business license tax	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Interest, rents and concessions	2,000	800	11	(789)
Other revenues	-	-	-	- (790)
Total Revenues	2,000	800	11	(789)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety:				
Police	-	-	-	-
Fire	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Recreation	-	-	-	-
Library	-	-	-	-
Community development	10,000	5,000	1,898	3,102
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	10,000	5,000	1,898	3,102
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(8,000)	(4,200)	(1,887)	2,313
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(8,000)	(4,200)	(1,887)	2,313
Fund Balances Beginning	116,906	116,906	116,906	
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 108,906	\$ 112,706	\$ 115,019	\$ 2,313
				G

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)

Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				State Fra	nch	ise PEG		
	(Budgeted Driginal	Am	Actual Amounts				
REVENUES								
Taxes:								
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Franchise and other taxes		52,000		52,000		50,376		(1,624)
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-		-		-
Business license tax		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Interest, rents and concessions Other revenues		500		500		(36)		(536)
Total Revenues		52,500		52,500		50,340		(2.160)
Total Revenues		52,500		52,500		30,340		(2,160)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety:								
Police		-		-		-		-
Fire		-		-		-		-
Public works		-		-		-		-
Recreation		-		-		-		-
Library		-		-		-		-
Community development		52,000		52,000		66,504		(14,504)
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		52,000		52,000		66,504		(14,504)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		500		500		(16,164)		(16,664)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		500		500		(16,164)		(16,664)
Fund Balances Beginning		83,878		83,878		83,878		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$	84,378	\$	84,378	\$	67,714	\$	(16,664)
								Contld

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Libra	ary Building	g & Equipme	ent F	und	
	 Budgeted A	Amounts Final	- Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Sales and use taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	
Franchise and other taxes	-	-	-		-	
Transient occupancy taxes	-	-	-		-	
Business license tax	-	-	-		-	
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-		-	
Charges for services	-	-	-		-	
Interest, rents and concessions	-	50	(12	· ·	(178)	
Other revenues	-	20,000	44,20		24,205	
Total Revenues	 -	20,050	44,07	"]	24,027	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-		-	
Public safety:						
Police	-	-	-		-	
Fire	-	-	-		-	
Public works	-	-	-		-	
Recreation	-	-	-		-	
Library	-	-	2	20	(20)	
Community development	-	-	-		-	
Capital outlay	-	19,720	9,46	50	10,260	
Total Expenditures	 -	19,720	9,48	30	10,240	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 -	330	34,59	97	34,267	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-	-	-		_	
Transfers out	-	-	_		_	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -	-	-		-	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	330	34,59	97	34,267	
Fund Balances Beginning	 1,796	1,796	1,79	6	-	
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 1,796	\$ 2,126	\$ 36,39	3	\$ 34,267	
					<i>a</i>	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)

Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Museum In	nprovement Fu	nd
	Budgeto	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Sales and use taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Franchise and other taxes	-	-	-	-
Transient occupancy taxes	-	-	-	-
Business license tax	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Interest, rents and concessions	12,000		355	(6,025)
Other revenues	-	100	100	-
Total Revenues	12,000) 6,480	455	(6,025)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety:				
Police	-	-	-	-
Fire	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Recreation	-	-	-	-
Library	-	-	-	-
Community development	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	75,000	67,900	7,100
Total Expenditures	-	75,000	67,900	7,100
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	12,000) (68,520)	(67,445)	1,075
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	520	-	(520)
Transfers out		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	520	-	(520)
Net Change in Fund Balances	12,000) (68,000)	(67,445)	555
Fund Balances Beginning	501,573	501,573	501,573	-
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 513,573	\$ \$ 433,573	\$ 434,128	\$ 555
				Cont'd

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Do	wntown I	Busin	ess D	istrict Fu	ınd		
	(Budgeted Driginal	<u>Amounts</u> Final			lctual nounts	Fina P	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES									
Taxes:									
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Franchise and other taxes		-		-		-		-	
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-		-		-	
Business license tax		31,000	25,	000		23,952		(1,048)	
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		-	
Charges for services		-		-		-		-	
Interest, rents and concessions		50		-		60		60	
Other revenues		-	25	-		-		-	
Total Revenues		31,050	25,	000		24,012		(988)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		-		-		-		-	
Public safety:									
Police		-		-		-		-	
Fire		-		-		-		-	
Public works		-		-		-		-	
Recreation		-		-		-		-	
Library		-		-		-		-	
Community development		31,953	24,	092		22,229		1,863	
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total Expenditures		31,953	24,	092		22,229		1,863	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(903)		908		1,783		875	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		-		-		-		-	
Transfers out		_		-		_		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(903)		908		1,783		875	
Fund Balances Beginning		(908)	(908)		(908)		-	
Fund Balances Ending	\$	(1,811)	\$	-	\$	875	\$	875	
č		/						~	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Hospitality Improvement District Fund										
	(V Budgeted Amounts F Actual Original Final Amounts									
REVENUES											
Taxes:											
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Franchise and other taxes		-		-		-		-			
Transient occupancy taxes		327,000		180,000		312,137		132,137			
Business license tax		-		-		-		-			
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		-			
Charges for services		-		-		-		-			
Interest, rents and concessions		1,000		-		83		83			
Other revenues		-		-		-		122.220			
Total Revenues	-	328,000		180,000		312,220		132,220			
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government		-		-		-		-			
Public safety:											
Police		-		-		-		-			
Fire		-		-		-		-			
Public works		-		-		-		-			
Recreation		-		-		-		-			
Library		-		-		-		-			
Community development		328,676		181,041		313,082		(132,041)			
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-			
Total Expenditures		328,676		181,041		313,082		(132,041)			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(676)		(1,041)		(862)		179			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		-		-		-		-			
Transfers out		-		-		-		-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-			
Net Change in Fund Balances		(676)		(1,041)		(862)		179			
Fund Balances Beginning		1,041		1,041		1,041		-			
Fund Balances Ending	\$	365	\$	-	\$	179	\$	179			
	_							0 11			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)

Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds

				Library B	ook Fund		
	C	Budgeted Priginal	l Am	nounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Taxes:							
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Franchise and other taxes		-		-	-		-
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-	-		-
Business license tax		-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-	-		-
Charges for services		-		-	-		-
Interest, rents and concessions Other revenues		100		100	(145))	(245)
Total Revenues		5,000 5,100		5,000	34,321		29,321
l otal Revenues		5,100		5,100	34,176		29,076
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		-		-	-		-
Public safety:							
Police		-		-	-		-
Fire		-		-	-		-
Public works		-		-	-		-
Recreation		-		-	-		-
Library		-		-	-		-
Community development		13,983		5,000	11,637		(6,637)
Capital outlay		-		-	-		-
Total Expenditures		13,983		5,000	11,637		(6,637)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(8,883)		100	22,539		22,439
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		_		-	-		-
Transfers out		_		-	-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(8,883)		100	22,539		22,439
Fund Balances Beginning		8,536		8,536	8,536		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$	(347)	\$	8,636	\$ 31,075	\$	22,439
-		, /					

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Fire Emergency Equipment Fund										
		Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
REVENUES		0				Ì					
Taxes:											
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	- 3	\$ -	\$	-				
Franchise and other taxes		-		-	-		-				
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-	-		-				
Business license tax		-		-	-		-				
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-	-		-				
Charges for services		-		-	-		-				
Interest, rents and concessions		2,000		2,000	57		(1,943)				
Other revenues		20,000		17,309	17,310		1				
Total Revenues		22,000		19,309	17,367		(1,942)				
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government		-		-	-		-				
Public safety:											
Police		-		-	-		-				
Fire		10,000		10,000	8,287		1,713				
Public works		-		-	-		-				
Recreation		-		-	-		-				
Library		-		-	-		-				
Community development		-		-	-		-				
Capital outlay		13,500		13,500	13,437		63				
Total Expenditures		23,500		23,500	21,724		1,776				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(1,500)		(4,191)	(4,357)		(166)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		-		-	-		-				
Transfers out		-		-	-		-				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	-		-				
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,500)		(4,191)	(4,357)		(166)				
Fund Balances Beginning		164,921		164,921	164,921		-				
Fund Balances Ending	\$	163,421	\$	160,730	\$ 160,564	\$	(166)				
							0 41				

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Local Streets and Roads Fund										
		Budgeted Original	nounts Final	1	Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)				
REVENUES											
Taxes:											
Sales and use taxes	\$	552,500	\$	568,593	\$	657,027	\$	88,434			
Franchise and other taxes		-		-		-		-			
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-		-		-			
Business license tax		-		-		-		-			
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		-			
Charges for services		-		-		-		-			
Interest, rents and concessions		6,000		4,724		(114)		(4,838)			
Other revenues		-		-		-		-			
Total Revenues		558,500		573,317		656,913		83,596			
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government		-		-		-		-			
Public safety:											
Police		-		-		-		-			
Fire		-		-		-		-			
Public works		-		2,950		2,950		-			
Recreation		-		-		-		-			
Library		-		-		-		-			
Community development		-		-		-		-			
Capital outlay		676,530		1,454,332		545,846		908,486			
Total Expenditures		676,530		1,457,282		548,796		908,486			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(118,030)		(883,965)		108,117		992,082			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		-		-		-		-			
Transfers out		-		-		-		-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-			
Net Change in Fund Balances		(118,030)		(883,965)		108,117		992,082			
Fund Balances Beginning		887,621		887,621		887,621					
Fund Balances Ending	\$	769,591	\$	3,656	\$	995,738	\$	992,082			
			_		_			0 41			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Gas Tax Fund									
		Budgeted Original	iounts Final	Actual		Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)			
REVENUES		0					,	<u> </u>		
Taxes:										
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Franchise and other taxes		-		-		-		-		
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-		-		-		
Business license tax		-		-		-		-		
Intergovernmental revenues		296,486		364,886		325,989		(38,897)		
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		
Interest, rents and concessions		300		575		(158)		(733)		
Other revenues		-		-		-		-		
Total Revenues		296,786		365,461		325,831		(39,630)		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		-		-		-		-		
Public safety:										
Police		-		-		-		-		
Fire		-		-		-		-		
Public works		285,646		292,851		270,890		21,961		
Recreation		-		-		-		-		
Library		-		-		-		-		
Community development		-		-		-		-		
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		
Total Expenditures		285,646		292,851		270,890		21,961		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		11,140		72,610		54,941		(17,669)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		
Transfers out		-		-		-		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-		
Net Change in Fund Balances		11,140		72,610		54,941		(17,669)		
Fund Balances Beginning		72,565		72,565		72,565		-		
Fund Balances Ending	\$	83,705	\$	145,175	\$	127,506	\$	(17,669)		
								Cont'd		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Chautauqua Hall Fund										
		Budgeted Driginal	unts Final	- Actual Amounts		Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)				
REVENUES											
Taxes:											
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Franchise and other taxes		-		-		-		-			
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-		-		-			
Business license tax		-		-		-		-			
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		-			
Charges for services		-		-		-		-			
Interest, rents and concessions		150		150		-		(150)			
Other revenues		-		-		-		-			
Total Revenues		150		150		-		(150)			
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government		-		-		-		-			
Public safety:											
Police		-		-		-		-			
Fire		-		-		-		-			
Public works		-		-		-		-			
Recreation		-		-		-		-			
Library		-		-		-		-			
Community development		-		-		-		-			
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-			
Total Expenditures		-		-		-		-			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		150		150		-		(150)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		-		-		-		-			
Transfers out		-		-		-		-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-			
Net Change in Fund Balances		150		150		-		(150)			
Fund Balances Beginning		18,380		18,380		18,380		-			
Fund Balances Ending	\$	18,530	\$	18,530	\$	18,380	\$	(150)			
								C (11			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Lighthouse Maintenance & Improvements Fund								
		Budgeted		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
DEVENUES		Original		Final	Α	mounts	(N	egative)	
REVENUES									
Taxes: Sales and use taxes	\$		¢		¢		¢		
Franchise and other taxes	Ф	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-		-		-	
Business license tax		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		-	
-		103,500		25,875		-		-	
Charges for services Interest, rents and concessions		2,500		1,384		- 33		(25,875)	
Other revenues		2,300		1,304		100		(1,351) 100	
Total Revenues		106,000		27,259		133		(27,126)	
i otar Kevenues		100,000		27,239		133		(27,120)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		-		-		-		-	
Public safety:									
Police		-		-		-		-	
Fire		-		-		-		-	
Public works		-		-		-		-	
Recreation		66,017		30,541		8,171		22,370	
Library		-		-		-		-	
Community development		-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total Expenditures		66,017		30,541		8,171		22,370	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		39,983		(3,282)		(8,038)		(4,756)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		-		-		-		-	
Transfers out		-		-		-		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		39,983		(3,282)		(8,038)		(4,756)	
Fund Balances Beginning		206,016		206,016		206,016		-	
Fund Balances Ending	\$	245,999	\$	202,734	\$	197,978	\$	(4,756)	
								Contld	

Lighthouse Maintenance & Improvements Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Variance with **Budgeted Amounts** Final Budget Actual Positive Original Final Amounts (Negative) **REVENUES** Taxes: Sales and use taxes \$ \$ \$ \$ Franchise and other taxes Transient occupancy taxes Business license tax Intergovernmental revenues _ Charges for services Interest, rents and concessions 100 100 1 (99) Other revenues 100 100 (99) **Total Revenues** 1 **EXPENDITURES** Current: General government Public safety: Police Fire Public works Recreation Library Community development Capital outlay **Total Expenditures** -_ _ -Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures 100 100 (99) 1 **OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** Transfers in Transfers out **Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)** -_ _ _ Net Change in Fund Balances 100 100 1 (99) Fund Balances Beginning 10,449 10,449 10,449 -Fund Balances Ending 10,549 \$ 10,549 \$ 10,450 \$ (99) \$

Senior Housing Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	CalHome Reuse Account Fund									
		Budgeted Original	Ame	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES		0					<u> </u>			
Taxes:										
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-			
Franchise and other taxes		-		-	-		-			
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-	-		-			
Business license tax		-		-	-		-			
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-	-		-			
Charges for services		-		-	-		-			
Interest, rents and concessions		-		-	91		91			
Other revenues		50,000		50,000	10,515		(39,485)			
Total Revenues		50,000		50,000	10,606		(39,394)			
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		-		-	-		-			
Public safety:										
Police		-		-	-		-			
Fire		-		-	-		-			
Public works		-		-	-		-			
Recreation		-		-	-		-			
Library		-		-	-		-			
Community development		110,000		110,000	21,763		88,237			
Capital outlay		-		-	-		-			
Total Expenditures		110,000		110,000	21,763		88,237			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(60,000)		(60,000)	(11,157)		48,843			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		-	-		-			
Transfers out		-		-	_		-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	-		-			
Net Change in Fund Balances		(60,000)		(60,000)	(11,157)		48,843			
Fund Balances Beginning		209,506		209,506	209,506		-			
Fund Balances Ending	\$	149,506	\$	149,506	\$ 198,349	\$	48,843			
							Contld			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Small Business Grants Fund										
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES											
Taxes:											
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Franchise and other taxes		-		-		-		-			
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-		-		-			
Business license tax		-		-		-		-			
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		-			
Charges for services		-		-		-		-			
Interest, rents and concessions		-		-		-		-			
Other revenues		-		-		-		-			
Total Revenues		-		-		-		-			
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government		-		-		-		-			
Public safety:											
Police		-		-		-		-			
Fire		-		-		-		-			
Public works		-		-		-		-			
Recreation		-		-		-		-			
Library		-		-		-		-			
Community development		-		50,000		48,387		1,613			
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-			
Total Expenditures		-		50,000		48,387		1,613			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		-		(50,000)		(48,387)		1,613			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		-		50,000		50,000		-			
Transfers out		-		-		-		-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		50,000		50,000		-			
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		1,613		1,613			
Fund Balances Beginning		-		-		-		-			
Fund Balances Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,613	\$	1,613			
								G (11			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Poetry Promotion Fund										
		Budgeted Driginal	l Am	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
REVENUES											
Taxes:											
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-				
Franchise and other taxes		-		-	-		-				
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-	-		-				
Business license tax		-		-	-		-				
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-	-		-				
Charges for services Interest, rents and concessions		33,420		33,570	33,817		- 247				
Other revenues		35,420		55,570	55,017		-				
Total Revenues		33,420		33,570	33,817		247				
Total Revenues		33,420		55,570	55,017		247				
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government		-		-	-		-				
Public safety:											
Police		-		-	-		-				
Fire		-		-	-		-				
Public works		-		-	-		-				
Recreation		-		-	-		-				
Library		9,468		7,500	4,964		2,536				
Community development		-		-	-		-				
Capital outlay		-		-	-		-				
Total Expenditures		9,468		7,500	4,964		2,536				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		23,952		26,070	28,853		2,783				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		_		_	_		_				
Transfers out		_		_	_		_				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_		_	-						
Four other Financing Sources (USES)											
Net Change in Fund Balances		23,952		26,070	28,853		2,783				
Fund Balances Beginning		45,904		45,904	45,904		-				
Fund Balances Ending	\$	69,856	\$	71,974	\$ 74,757	\$	2,783				
							G 41				

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Yount Income Fund									
		Budgeted I	Am	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance wit Final Budge Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES		Jiigiiiui		1 mai	7 mile units	(1.1	<u>, guire</u>			
Taxes:										
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	- 5	5 -	\$	-			
Franchise and other taxes		-		-	-		-			
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-	-		-			
Business license tax		-		-	-		-			
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-	-		-			
Charges for services		-		-	-		-			
Interest, rents and concessions		1,300		550	42		(508)			
Other revenues		-		-	-		-			
Total Revenues		1,300		550	42		(508)			
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		-		-	-		-			
Public safety:										
Police		-		-	-		-			
Fire		-		-	-		-			
Public works		20,013		20,352	20,406		(54)			
Recreation		-		-	-		-			
Library		-		-	-		-			
Community development		-		-	-		-			
Capital outlay		-		-	-		-			
Total Expenditures		20,013		20,352	20,406		(54)			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(18,713)		(19,802)	(20,364)		(562)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		10,000		10,000	8,742		(1,258)			
Transfers out		-		-	-		-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		10,000		10,000	8,742		(1,258)			
Net Change in Fund Balances		(8,713)		(9,802)	(11,622)		(1,820)			
Fund Balances Beginning		68,847		68,847	68,847		-			
Fund Balances Ending	\$	60,134	\$	59,045	\$ 57,225	\$	(1,820)			
							Cont'd			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Public Safety Augmentation Fund									
		Budgeted Original	An	nounts Final	Actual Amounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)			
REVENUES										
Taxes:										
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	-			
Franchise and other taxes		-		-	-		-			
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-	-		-			
Business license tax		-		-	-		-			
Intergovernmental revenues		119,000		119,000	135,342		16,342			
Charges for services		-		-	-		-			
Interest, rents and concessions		2,000		2,000	576		(1,424)			
Other revenues		-		-	-		-			
Total Revenues		121,000		121,000	135,918		14,918			
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		-		-	-		-			
Public safety:										
Police		447,000		440,000	471,706		(31,706)			
Fire		-		-	-		-			
Public works		-		-	-		-			
Recreation		-		-	-		-			
Library		-		-	-		-			
Community development		-		-	-		-			
Capital outlay		-		-			-			
Total Expenditures		447,000		440,000	471,706		(31,706)			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(326,000)		(319,000)	(335,788)		(16,788)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		210,000		210,000	210,000		-			
Transfers out		-		-	-		-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	210,000		210,000	210,000		-			
Net Change in Fund Balances		(116,000)		(109,000)	(125,788)		(16,788)			
Fund Balances Beginning		414,861		414,861	414,861		-			
Fund Balances Ending	\$	298,861	\$	305,861 \$	289,073	\$	(16,788)			
	_		_			_	Cont'd			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Sup	plen	nental Law E	Enforcement l	Fund	
		Budgeted Original	Am	iounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Taxes:							
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Franchise and other taxes		-		-	-		-
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-	-		-
Business license tax		-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental revenues		234,000		156,000	156,727		727
Charges for services Interest, rents and concessions		-		- 500	- (114)		- (614)
Other revenues		-		300	(114)		· · · ·
Total Revenues		234,000		156,500	156,613		- 113
I otar Revenues		234,000		130,300	130,015		115
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		-		-	-		-
Public safety:							
Police		255,860		266,000	78,481		187,519
Fire		-		-	-		-
Public works		-		-	-		-
Recreation		-		-	-		-
Library		-		-	-		-
Community development		-		-	-		-
Capital outlay		-		9,581	7,837		1,744
Total Expenditures		255,860		275,581	86,318		189,263
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(21,860)		(119,081)	70,295		189,376
OTHED EINANCINC SOUDCES (USES)							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in							
Transfers out		-		-	_		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)							
Net Change in Fund Balances		(21,860)		(119,081)	70,295		189,376
Fund Balances Beginning		209,569		209,569	209,569		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$	187,709	\$	90,488	\$ 279,864	\$	189,376
							G

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Vehi	ele Abano	donmei	nt Fund		
REVENUES		Budgeted	ints Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES		0					,	<u> </u>
Taxes:					-			
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Franchise and other taxes		-		-		-		-
Transient occupancy taxes Business license tax		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues		7,000		12,000		16,053		4,053
Charges for services		7,000		-		10,055		4,055
Interest, rents and concessions		100		100		(62)		(162)
Other revenues		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues		7,100		12,100		15,991		3,891
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety:								
Police		-		-		-		-
Fire		-		-		-		-
Public works Recreation		- 000		- 000		-		- 000
		8,000		8,000		-		8,000
Library Community development		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		8,000		8,000		_		8,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(900)		4,100		15,991		11,891
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(900)		4,100		15,991		11,891
Fund Balances Beginning		19,275		19,275		19,275		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$	18,375	\$	23,375	\$	35,266	\$	11,891
								Cont'd

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Str	ong Fund D	isburseme	ents		
		Budgeted Original	nounts Final	- Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES								<u> </u>
Taxes:								
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Franchise and other taxes		-		-		-		-
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-		-		-
Business license tax		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues		-		160,000		-		(160,000)
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Interest, rents and concessions		2,800		1,300		26		(1,274)
Other revenues		43,000		43,000	40,0			(3,000)
Total Revenues		45,800		204,300	40,0	026		(164,274)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety:								
Police		-		-		-		-
Fire		-		-		-		-
Public works		-		-		-		-
Recreation		-		-		-		-
Library		-		-		-		-
Community development		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		161,900		344,925	114,7			230,134
Total Expenditures		161,900		344,925	114,7	791		230,134
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(116,100)		(140,625)	(74,7	765)		65,860
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		_		_		_		_
Transfers out		_		_		_		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(116,100)		(140,625)	(74,7	765)		65,860
Fund Balances Beginning		182,345		182,345	182,3	345		
Fund Balances Ending	\$	66,245	\$	41,720	\$ 107,5	580	\$	65,860
						-		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)

Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Housing	g Fu	nd		
	 Budgeted Original	ounts Final	Actual Amounts			ance with Il Budget ositive egative)	
REVENUES							
Taxes:							
Sales and use taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Franchise and other taxes	-		-		-		-
Transient occupancy taxes	-		-		-		-
Business license tax	-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues	-		-		-		-
Charges for services	-		-		-		-
Interest, rents and concessions	2,000		2,000		86		(1,914)
Other revenues	 70,000		71,000		110,871		39,871
Total Revenues	 72,000		73,000		110,957		37,957
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	-		-		-		-
Public safety:							
Police	-		-		-		-
Fire	-		-		-		-
Public works	-		-		-		-
Recreation	-		-		-		-
Library	-		-		-		-
Community development	161,003		158,595		126,797		31,798
Capital outlay	-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures	 161,003		158,595		126,797		31,798
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 (89,003)		(85,595)		(15,840)		69,755
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	-		-		-		-
Transfers out	 -		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(89,003)		(85,595)		(15,840)		69,755
Fund Balances Beginning	 449,392		449,392		449,392		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 360,389	\$	363,797	\$	433,552	\$	69,755
	 						~

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 С	oasta	al Conserva	ncy Grant Fu	nd	
	 Budgetec	l Am	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					<u>````</u>	<u> </u>
Taxes:						
Sales and use taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Franchise and other taxes	-		-	-		-
Transient occupancy taxes	-		-	-		-
Business license tax	-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental revenues	-		-	-		-
Charges for services	-		-	-		-
Interest, rents and concessions	1,200		600	3		(597)
Other revenues	 -		-	-		-
Total Revenues	 1,200		600	3		(597)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	_		_	-		-
Public safety:						
Police	-		-	-		-
Fire	-		-	-		-
Public works	-		-	-		-
Recreation	-		-	-		-
Library	-		-	-		-
Community development	-		-	-		-
Capital outlay	-		-	-		-
Total Expenditures	 -		-	-		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 1,200		600	3		(597)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	_		_	_		_
Transfers out				_		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -		-	-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,200		600	3		(597)
Fund Balances Beginning	 83,530		83,530	83,530		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 84,730	\$	84,130	\$ 83,533	\$	(597)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)

Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Corona Virus Relief Fund									
	0	Budgete	ed Amo		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES										
Taxes:										
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$ -				
Franchise and other taxes		-		-	-	-				
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-	-	-				
Business license tax		-		-	-	-				
Intergovernmental revenues		-		188,479	188,479	-				
Charges for services		-		-	-	-				
Interest, rents and concessions		-		-	-	-				
Other revenues		-		-	-	-				
Total Revenues		-		188,479	188,479	-				
EXPENDITURES Current:										
General government		_		66,000	57,360	8,640				
Public safety:				00,000	57,500	0,040				
Police		_		_	_	_				
Fire				_						
Public works				_						
Recreation				_						
Library		_		_	-	_				
Community development		-		-	-	-				
Capital outlay		-		-	-	-				
Total Expenditures		-		66,000	57,360	8,640				
				00,000	57,500	0,040				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		-		122,479	131,119	8,640				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		-	-	-				
Transfers out		-		(122,479)	(131,119)	(8,640)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(122,479)	(131,119)	(8,640)				
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-	-	-				
Fund Balances Beginning		_		-	-					
Fund Balances Ending	\$		\$	- \$	-	\$ -				
						Cont'd				

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)

Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Operating Grants								
		Budgeted An	nounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES									
Taxes:									
Sales and use taxes	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -				
Franchise and other taxes		-	-	-	-				
Transient occupancy taxes		-	-	-	-				
Business license tax		-	-	-	-				
Intergovernmental revenues		-	-	-	-				
Charges for services		-	-	-	-				
Interest, rents and concessions		60	60	(1)	((61)			
Other revenues		-	-	-	-				
Total Revenues		60	60	(1)	(61)			
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		-	-	-	-				
Public safety:									
Police		-	-	-	-				
Fire		-	-	-	-				
Public works		-	-	-	-				
Recreation		-	-	-	-				
Library		-	-	-	-				
Community development		-	-	-	-				
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-				
Total Expenditures		-	-	-	-				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		60	60	(1)	((61)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		-	-	-	-				
Transfers out		-	-	-	-				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	-	-				
Net Change in Fund Balances		60	60	(1)	((61)			
Fund Balances Beginning		691	691	691	-				
Fund Balances Ending	\$	751 \$	751	\$ 690	\$ (61)			
					Con	t'd			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			RMRA F	und	
		Budgeted Am Original	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES		-			
Taxes:					
Sales and use taxes	\$	242,234 \$	272,976 \$	282,991	\$ 10,015
Franchise and other taxes		-	-	-	-
Transient occupancy taxes		-	-	-	-
Business license tax		-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues		-	-	-	-
Charges for services		-	-	-	-
Interest, rents and concessions		1,500	1,500	395	(1,105)
Other revenues Total Revenues		- 243,734	274,476	- 283,386	- 8,910
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General government					
Public safety:		-	-	-	-
Police		_	_	_	_
Fire		_	_	_	_
Public works		_	_	_	-
Recreation		-	_	-	-
Library		_	-	_	-
Community development		-	_	-	-
Capital outlay		242,234	508,215	445,613	62,602
Total Expenditures		242,234	508,215	445,613	62,602
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		1,500	(233,739)	(162,227)	71,512
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		-	-	-	-
Transfers out		-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,500	(233,739)	(162,227)	71,512
Fund Balances Beginning		331,464	331,464	331,464	-
Fund Balances Ending	\$	332,964 \$	97,725 \$	169,237	\$ 71,512
					Cont'd

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	McIndoo Donation Fund									
		Budgeted Original	l Am	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES										
Taxes:										
Sales and use taxes	\$	-	\$	- 3	\$ -	\$	-			
Franchise and other taxes		-		-	-		-			
Transient occupancy taxes		-		-	-		-			
Business license tax		-		-	-		-			
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-	-		-			
Charges for services		-		-	-		-			
Interest, rents and concessions		2,000		500	127		(373)			
Other revenues		-		-	-		-			
Total Revenues		2,000		500	127		(373)			
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		-		-	-		-			
Public safety:										
Police		-		-	-		-			
Fire		-		-	-		-			
Public works		-		-	-		-			
Recreation		-		-	-		-			
Library		-		-	-		-			
Community development		-		-	-		-			
Capital outlay		12,000		48,730	31,549		17,181			
Total Expenditures		12,000		48,730	31,549		17,181			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(10,000)		(48,230)	(31,422)		16,808			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		-	-		-			
Transfers out		-		-	-		-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	-		-			
Net Change in Fund Balances		(10,000)		(48,230)	(31,422)		16,808			
Fund Balances Beginning		67,388		67,388	67,388		-			
Fund Balances Ending	\$	57,388	\$	19,158	\$ 35,966	\$	16,808			
							0 11			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Special Revenue Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Gene	eral Plan Mair	itenance Fee Fu	nd
		Budgeted Ar		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
REVENUES	(Driginal	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Taxes:					
Sales and use taxes	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Franchise and other taxes	÷	-	-	-	-
Transient occupancy taxes		-	-	-	-
Business license tax		-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues		-	-	-	-
Charges for services		5,000	5,000	6,579	1,579
Interest, rents and concessions		-	-	(26)	(26)
Other revenues		-	-	-	-
Total Revenues		5,000	5,000	6,553	1,553
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		-	-	-	-
Public safety:					
Police		-	-	-	-
Fire		-	-	-	-
Public works		-	-	-	-
Recreation		-	-	-	-
Library		-	-	-	-
Community development		-	-	-	-
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures		-	-	-	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		5,000	5,000	6,553	1,553
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		-	-	-	-
Transfers out		-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		5,000	5,000	6,553	1,553
Fund Balances Beginning		5,929	5,929	5,929	
Fund Balances Ending	\$	10,929 \$	10,929	\$ 12,482	\$ 1,553
					<u> </u>

Completed

NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS

Fund Title	Fund Description
LIBRARY ENDOWMENT TRUST FUND	This fund was established to finance the purchase of additional books and materials for the library.
CEMETERY ENDOWMENT FUND	This fund accounts for "Endowment Care" revenues received in trust for the care of decedents' graves.
YOUNT TRUST FUND	This fund was established in 1992, in the amount of approximately \$900,000 including the Yount's residence. The income from this Trust may be expended for the beautification of the City and for minor improvements on the educational and/or recreational facilities maintained by the City.

	Library Cemetery Endowment Endowment Trust Trust Fund Fund		ndowment Trust	Yount Trust Fund			Total Permanent Nonmajor overnmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	527,408	\$	1,820,512	\$	842,855	\$	3,190,775
Total assets	÷	527,408		1,820,512	÷	842,855	•	3,190,775
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Permanent funds	\$	527,408	\$	1,820,512	\$	842,855	\$	3,190,775
Total liabilities and fund balances		527,408		1,820,512		842,855		3,190,775

City of Pacific Grove Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Permanent Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Library Idowment Trust Fund	Cemetery ndowment Trust Fund	Yount Trust Fund	1	Total Permanent Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES				÷.	
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 71,965	\$ -	\$	71,965
Interest, rents and concessions	(56)	(221)	(1,303)		(1,580)
Other revenues	 -	 -	-		-
Total Revenues	 (56)	 71,744	(1,303)		70,385
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Total Expenditures	 -	 	 		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 (56)	 71,744	 (1,303)		70,385
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 - -	 - -	 (8,742) (8,742)		(8,742) (8,742)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(56)	71,744	(10,045)		61,643
Fund Balances Beginning	 527,464	 1,748,768	 852,900		3,129,132
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 527,408	\$ 1,820,512	\$ 842,855	\$	3,190,775

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Permanent Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		L	ibra	ary Endowr	nen	t Trust Fund	d		
		Budgeted	An			Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive	
REVENUES		Driginal		Final	1	Amounts	(INC	gative)	
Charges for services	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	
Interest, rents and concessions	+	6,000	+	550	*	(56)	*	(606)	
Other revenues		1,500		7,000		-		(7,000)	
Total Revenues		7,500		7,550		(56)		(7,606)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		-		-		-		-	
Total Expenditures		-		-		-		-	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		7,500		7,550		(56)		(7,606)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		-		-		-		-	
Transfers out		-		-		-		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		7,500		7,550		(56)		(7,606)	
Fund Balances Beginning		527,464		527,464		527,464		-	
Fund Balances Ending	\$	534,964	\$	535,014	\$	527,408	\$	(7,606)	
								Cont'd	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Permanent Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Се	eme	etery Endow	/me	ent Trust Fu	nd	
harges for services terest, rents and concessions her revenues Total Revenues WENDITURES hrrent: General government Total Expenditures tecess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures tecess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) ansfers in ansfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) et Change in Fund Balances and Balances Beginning	 Budgeted Original	An	nounts Final	-	Actual Amounts	Fir]	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES							
•	\$ 55,000	\$	55,000	\$	71,965	\$	16,965
-	20,000		15,000		(221)		(15,221)
	 75,000		- 70,000		71,744		- 1,744
Total Revenues	 75,000		70,000		/1,/44		1,/44
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
	 -		-		-		-
l otal Expenditures	 -		-		-		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 75,000		70,000		71,744		1,744
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	-		-		-		-
Transfers out	 -		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	75,000		70,000		71,744		1,744
Fund Balances Beginning	 1,748,768		1,748,768		1,748,768		
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 1,823,768	\$	1,818,768	\$	1,820,512	\$	1,744
							Contld

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)

Permanent Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Yount T	rust Fund	
	Budgeted A Original	mounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	8			
Charges for services Interest, rents and concessions	\$ - \$ 10,000	4,000	\$ <u>-</u> (1,303)	\$ - (5,303)
Other revenues Total Revenues	10,000	4,000	(1,303)	(5,303)
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Total Expenditures				<u>-</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	10,000	4,000	(1,303)	(5,303)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(8,742) (8,742)	1,258 1,258
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(6,000)	(10,045)	(4,045)
Fund Balances Beginning	852,900	852,900	852,900	
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 852,900 \$	8 846,900	\$ 842,855	\$ (4,045)

Completed

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Fund Title EMPLOYEE BENEFIT FUND	Fund Description This fund accounts for health insurance provided to departments on a cost reimbursement basis.
WORKERS COMPENSATION FUND	This fund accounts for workers compensation insurance provided to departments on a cost reimbursement basis.
LIABILITY INSURANCE FUND	This fund accounts for liability insurance provided to departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

City of Pacific Grove Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2021

	I	nployee 3enefit Fund	Сс	Workers ompensation Fund	Liability nsurance Fund	Total Government Activities - Internal Service Fund		
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	1,430	\$	1,064,583	\$ 361,674	\$	1,427,687	
Restricted cash and investments		-		25,000	10,000		35,000	
Accounts receivable		4,639		89,558	-		94,197	
Other assets		8,781		-	 -		8,781	
Total assets	\$	14,850	\$	1,179,141	\$ 371,674	\$	1,565,665	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension adjustments	\$	-	\$	49,159	\$ 72,569	\$	121,728	
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	11,123	\$	12,742	\$ 25,414	\$	49,279	
Due to other funds		6,987		-	-		6,987	
Claims payable - current		-		254,029	-		254,029	
Compensated absences - current		-		739	875		1,614	
Total current liabilities		18,110		267,510	26,289		311,909	
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Claims payable		-		508,821	-		508,821	
Net pension liabilities		-		259,736	383,425		643,161	
Compensated absences		-		2,216	 2,624		4,840	
Total noncurrent liabilities		-		770,773	 386,049		1,156,822	
Total liabilities	\$	18,110	\$	1,038,283	\$ 412,338	\$	1,468,731	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension adjustments	\$	-	\$	12,476	\$ 18,416	\$	30,892	
NET POSITION								
Unrestricted	\$	(3,260)	\$	177,541	\$ 13,489	\$	187,770	
Total net position	\$	(3,260)	\$	177,541	\$ 13,489	\$	187,770	

	mployee Benefit Fund	Workers mpensation Fund	Liability Insurance Fund	1	Total overnmental Activities - Internal ervice Funds
OPERATING REVENUES	 				
Charges for services	\$ 276,528	\$ 580,321	\$ 300,002	\$	1,156,851
Total operating revenues	276,528	580,321	300,002		1,156,851
OPERATING EXPENSES Contractual services and utilities	87,036	812,257	515,922		1,415,215
Personnel	264,114	52,462	41,841		358,417
Total operating expenses	 351,150	 864,719	 557,763		1,773,632
Operating income (loss)	 (74,622)	 (284,398)	 (257,761)		(616,781)
NONOPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES)					
Investment income	 100	1,197	(102)		1,195
Total nonoperating revenues(expenses)	 100	 1,197	 (102)		1,195
Change in net position	(74,522)	(283,201)	(257,863)		(615,586)
Total net position - beginning	71,262	460,742	271,352		803,356
Total net position - ending	\$ (3,260)	\$ 177,541	\$ 13,489	\$	187,770

	mployee Benefit Fund	Сс	Workers ompensation Fund	Liability Insurance Fund	1	Total overnmental Activities - Internal ervice Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 271,997	\$	490,763	\$ 300,002	\$	1,062,762
Payments for contractual services and utilities	(87,255)		(857,056)	(510,927)		(1,455,238)
Payments to employees	 (264,114)		(82,205)	 (28,105)		(374,424)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 (79,372)		(448,498)	 (239,030)		(766,900)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Interfund transactions	6,987		-	-		6,987
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	 6,987		-	 -		6,987
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Investment income received	100		1,197	(102)		1,195
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	 100		1,197	 (102)		1,195
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(72,285)		(447,301)	(239,132)		(758,718)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	73,715		1,536,884	610,806		2,221,405
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 1,430	\$	1,089,583	\$ 371,674	\$	1,462,687
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ (74,622)	\$	(284,398)	\$ (257,761)	\$	(616,781)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable	(4,531)		(89,558)	-		(94,089)
Other assets	(8,781)		2,223	-		(6,558)
Deferred outflows of resources	-		(1,393)	(2,056)		(3,449)
Accounts payable	8,562		(47,022)	4,995		(33,465)
Claims payable	-		(39,685)	-		(39,685)
Deferred inflows of resources	-		(7,897)	(11,660)		(19,557)
Net pension liabilities	-		18,403	27,169		45,572
Compensated absences	 -		829	 283		1,112
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (79,372)	\$	(448,498)	\$ (239,030)	\$	(766,900)



STATISTICAL SECTION

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STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

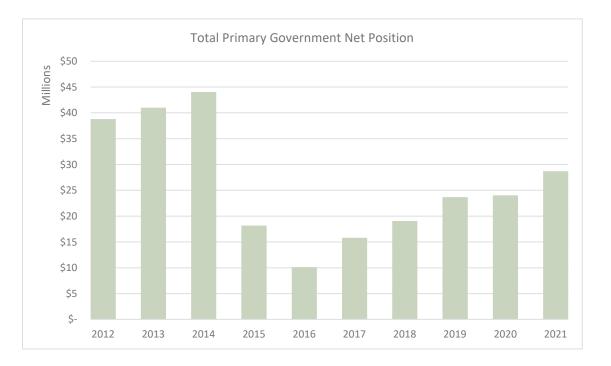
This part of the City of Pacific Grove's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	
These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	158-167
Revenue Capacity	
These tables contain information to help the reader assess the city's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	168-173
Debt Capacity	
These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	174-181
Demographic and Economic Information	
These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place.	182-183
Operating Information	
These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the city's financial report relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.	184-186

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Pacific Grove Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca	al Yo	ear Ended Jui	ne 3	0	
	2012	 2013		2014		2015	2016
Governmental activities:							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 15,587,584	\$ 21,896,315	\$	21,416,743	\$	22,263,317	\$ 22,741,849
Restricted	3,372,621	5,186,540		5,875,777		6,023,419	6,193,527
Unrestricted	 5,446,607	 (1,872,525)		(601,953)		(28,355,257)	(36,999,457)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 24,406,812	\$ 25,210,330	\$	26,690,567	\$	(68,521)	\$ (8,064,081)
Business-type activities:							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 9,544,860	\$ 9,613,340	\$	11,468,718	\$	12,181,977	\$ 12,525,066
Restricted	273,841	273,840		273,843		-	-
Unrestricted	 4,585,840	 5,897,400		5,611,580		6,059,829	5,640,007
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 14,404,541	\$ 15,784,580	\$	17,354,141	\$	18,241,806	\$ 18,165,073
Primary government:							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 25,132,444	\$ 31,509,655	\$	32,885,461	\$	34,445,294	\$ 35,266,915
Restricted	3,646,462	5,460,380		6,149,620		6,023,419	6,193,527
Unrestricted	 10,032,447	 4,024,875		5,009,627		(22,295,428)	 (31,359,450)
Total primary government net position	\$ 38,811,353	\$ 40,994,910	\$	44,044,708	\$	18,173,285	\$ 10,100,992



Notes:

In Fiscal Year 2014/15, the City implemented GASB 68 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This required the City to record a pension obligation that was previously not carried on the City's financial statements

City of Pacific Grove Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca	l Y	ear Ended Jur	ne 3	80	
	 2017	2018		2019		2020	2021
Governmental activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 25,668,607 6,430,258	\$ 27,258,794 6,880,621	\$	27,964,295 9,308,564	\$	32,572,615 8,377,320	\$ 37,925,984 7,628,868
Unrestricted	(35,892,155)	(37,782,965)		(37,369,113)		(41,445,942)	(42,610,612)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ (3,793,290)	\$ (3,643,550)	\$	(96,254)	\$	(496,007)	\$ 2,944,240
Business-type activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 13,220,660 - 6,398,946	\$ 16,268,992 295,090 6,136,327	\$	16,984,023 296,448 6,500,790	\$	17,471,699 296,448 6,746,442	\$ 21,623,880 296,448 3,834,349
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 19,619,606	\$ 22,700,409	\$	23,781,261	\$	24,514,589	\$ 25,754,677
Primary government: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 38,889,267 6,430,258 (29,493,209)	\$ 43,527,786 7,175,711 (31,646,638)	\$	44,948,318 9,605,012 (30,868,323)	\$	50,044,314 8,673,768 (34,699,500)	\$ 59,549,864 7,925,316 (38,776,263)
Total primary government net position	\$ 15,826,316	\$ 19,056,859	\$	23,685,007	\$	24,018,582	\$ 28,698,917

		F	ar Ended June 3	30					
	 2012		2013	iscui ic	2014	,0	2015		2016
Expenses	 								
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 2,311,480	\$	2,372,620	\$	2,722,546	\$	2,320,217	\$	2,768,729
Public safety	8,086,693		7,591,216		6,783,251		7,144,172		8,675,956
Public works	2,636,102		2,964,967		3,847,820		3,357,831		4,057,715
Recreation	317,785		388,241		534,649		439,368		586,436
Library	1,042,065		776,636		778,981		662,076		844,521
Museum	201,184		191,753		200,369		195,868		258,591
Community Development	1,234,326		1,675,081		1,684,231		2,246,289		3,512,657
Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt	1,238,744		1,940,274		2,102,187		1,323,094		1,209,972
Total governmental activities expenses	17,900,788		18,654,034		-		21,914,577		23,098,106
Business-type activities:									
Cemetery	252,436		211,866		236,615		231,261		295,388
Sewer	1,092,344		1,707,644		1,585,152		1,761,965		1,703,290
Local Water Project	-		-		-		-		-
Golf	 2,759,340		2,186,562		2,073,405		811,666		420,788
Total business-type activities expenses	 4,104,120		4,106,072		3,895,172		2,804,892		2,419,466
Total primary government expenses	\$ 22,004,908	\$	22,760,106	\$	3,895,172	\$	24,719,469	\$	25,517,572
Program Revenues									
Governmental activities:									
Charges for services:									
General government	\$ 285,369	\$	433,402	\$	305,112	\$	874,861	\$	1,398,707
Public safety	1,013,619		70,448		41,475		9,552		10,405
Public works	289,063		48,292		89,412		35,743		45,792
Recreation	43,097		181,316		236,005		322,363		295,341
Library	132,168		24,865		25,664		18,810		17,601
Museum	21,398		1,308		-		-		-
Community Development	159,075		332,890		335,515		564,954		578,575
Operating grants and contributions	786,541		768,547		1,170,116		960,553		2,354,025
Capital grants and contributions	 -		777,309		100,000		104,677		36,050
Total governmental activities program revenues	2,730,330		2,638,377		2,303,299		2,891,513		4,736,496
Business-type activities:									
Charges for services:									
Cemetery	293,377		220,105		241,848		200,527		191,497
Sewer	2,573,438		2,636,516		2,788,017		2,908,507		2,967,074
Local Water Project									
Golf	2,535,188		2,542,365		2,050,807		405,552		386,916
Operating grants and contributions			-		-		-		-
Capital grants and contributions	 -		245,410		857,774		48,405		152,830
Total business-type activities program revenues	 5,402,003		5,644,396		5,938,446		3,562,991		3,698,317
Total primary government program revenues	 8,132,333		8,282,773		8,241,745		6,454,504		8,434,813
Net (expense)/revenue:									
Governmental activities	(15,170,458)		(16,015,657)		2,303,299		(19,023,064)		(18,361,610)
Business-type activities	1,297,883		1,538,324		2,043,274		758,099		1,278,851

City of Pacific Grove Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

		F	iscal Ye	ear Ended June 3	30		
	 2012	2013	iocur r	2014		2015	2016
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets		 					
Governmental activities:							
Taxes							
Property taxes	\$ 3,998,976	\$ 5,372,281	\$	5,679,257	\$	5,836,174	\$ 6,226,267
Sales and use taxes	2,941,271	3,111,379		3,325,567		3,534,495	3,325,809
Franchise taxes	880,008	1,010,451		1,046,677		975,090	1,041,653
Transient occupancy taxes	3,378,973	3,809,270		4,167,334		4,998,885	5,364,317
Utility users taxes	1,477,555	1,565,996		1,580,400		1,428,360	1,594,143
Business license tax	333,721	349,920		347,089		359,408	341,071
Other taxes	88,455	-		-		102,627	146,945
Unrestricted Investment earnings	223,845	89,544		334,802		257,602	253,846
Gain (loss) on sale of assets							
Miscellaneous or Other revenues	434,181	719,048		1,095,006		837,458	947,392
Transfers		 124,058		507,135			 5,301
Total governmental activities	 13,756,985	 16,151,947		18,083,267		18,330,099	 19,246,744
Business-type activities:							
Unrestricted grants and contributions							
Unrestricted Investment earnings	44,460	32,654		33,422		26,693	67,318
Miscellaneous or Other revenues	61,985	-		-		102,878	113,560
Transfers	 -	 (124,058)		(507,135)		-	 (5,301)
Total business-type activities	 106,445	 (91,404)		(473,713)		129,571	 175,577
Total primary government	\$ 13,863,430	\$ 16,060,543	\$	17,609,554	\$	18,459,670	\$ 19,422,321
Change in Net Position							
Governmental activities	\$ (1,413,473)	\$ 136,290	\$	20,386,566	\$	(692,965)	\$ 885,134
Business-type activities	 1,404,328	 1,446,920		1,569,561		887,670	 1,454,428
Total primary government	\$ (9,145)	\$ 1,583,210	\$	21,956,127	\$	194,705	\$ 2,339,562

Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

		F	iscal Ye	ear Ended June 3	30		
	2017	2018		2019		2020	2021
Expenses							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 2,738,294	\$ 3,025,245	\$	3,580,752	\$	4,128,554	\$ 3,957,697
Public safety	10,117,543	10,133,896		10,713,679		12,447,605	12,345,886
Public works	4,136,425	4,110,946		4,246,913		5,105,747	4,916,879
Recreation	684,848	737,279		924,517		894,381	765,613
Library	988,284	920,946		1,166,226		1,496,673	864,956
Museum	277,538	255,915		319,386		340,375	262,137
Community Development	3,086,903	2,897,897		2,834,404		3,150,193	3,340,137
Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt	 1,068,271	963,134		854,804		726,958	676,055
Total governmental activities expenses	 23,098,106	 23,045,258		24,640,681		28,290,486	 27,129,360
Business-type activities:							
Cemetery	293,068	370,747		436,338		533,247	498,927
Sewer	1,751,842	2,367,950		2,080,696		2,474,580	2,178,853
Local Water Project	-	190,977		425,525		957,886	881,378
Golf	 349,811	 371,646		894,206		286,074	 342,872
Total business-type activities expenses	 2,394,721	 3,301,320		3,836,765		4,251,787	 3,902,030
Total primary government expenses	\$ 25,492,827	\$ 26,346,578	\$	28,477,446	\$	32,542,273	\$ 31,031,390
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities:							
Charges for services:							
General government	\$ 1,338,655	\$ 1,596,481	\$	1,505,113	\$	1,435,262	\$ 1,474,806
Public safety	11,222	33,363		37,570		31,040	25,410
Public works	32,993	43,434		17,860		323	1,649
Recreation	377,778	403,889		417,437		337,926	295,233
Library	19,925	16,364		13,177		18,506	34,477
Museum		-		-		-	-
Community Development	664,133	544,275		745,737		660,429	939,297
Operating grants and contributions	4,105,908	856,196		824,805		891,298	1,200,286
Capital grants and contributions	 96,383	 424,950		347,095		1,976,852	 4,715,110
Total governmental activities program revenues	 6,646,997	 3,918,952		3,908,794		5,351,636	8,686,268
Business-type activities:							
Charges for services:							
Cemetery	288,712	452,283		459,761		481,915	634,039
Sewer	3,139,222	3,244,931		3,317,734		3,407,708	3,501,697
Local Water Project		192,787		484,603		524,040	597,835
Golf	354,093	333,534		426,839		287,603	361,704
Operating grants and contributions	-	-		-		-	9,800
Capital grants and contributions	-	 2,353,823		-		-	 -
Total business-type activities program revenues	 3,782,027	 6,577,358		4,688,937		4,701,266	 5,105,075
Total primary government program revenues	 10,429,024	 10,496,310		8,597,731		10,052,902	 13,791,343
Net (expense)/revenue:	<i></i>	(1 - 1		<i></i>		(<i></i>
Governmental activities	(16,451,109)	(19,126,306)		(20,731,887)		(22,938,850)	(18,443,092)
Business-type activities	 1,387,306	 3,276,038		852,172		449,479	 1,203,045
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	\$ (15,063,803)	\$ (15,850,268)	\$	(19,879,715)		(22,489,371)	\$ (17,240,047)

City of Pacific Grove Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Ŧ	iscal Y	ear Ended June 3	30		
	 2017	2018	15001 10	2019		2020	2021
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets	 						
Governmental activities:							
Taxes							
Property taxes	\$ 6,557,824	\$ 6,851,928	\$	7,306,184	\$	7,632,399	\$ 8,191,673
Sales and use taxes	4,159,401	4,075,744		5,139,045		4,765,472	5,000,873
Franchise taxes	915,094	1,082,574		1,226,524		1,176,215	1,392,700
Transient occupancy taxes	5,829,610	6,656,849		6,796,087		5,310,063	3,978,577
Utility users taxes	1,593,887	1,688,876		1,641,172		1,643,614	1,858,652
Business license tax	402,881	381,810		370,655		396,533	361,674
Other taxes	125,487	121,192		110,554		110,823	222,242
Unrestricted Investment earnings	74,222	142,104		628,116		555,482	22,612
Gain (loss) on sale of assets							
Miscellaneous or Other revenues	984,164	552,320		1,060,846		942,680	854,336
Transfers	 	 356,016		-		(18,676)	 -
Total governmental activities	 20,642,570	 21,909,413		24,279,183		22,514,605	 21,883,339
Business-type activities:							
Unrestricted grants and contributions							
Unrestricted Investment earnings	9,754	42,764		206,178		259,560	4,852
Miscellaneous or Other revenues	57,473	118,017		22,502		5,613	32,191
Transfers	 -	 (356,016)		-		18,676	 -
Total business-type activities	 67,227	 (195,235)		228,680		283,849	 37,043
Total primary government	\$ 20,709,797	\$ 21,714,178	\$	24,507,863	\$	22,798,454	\$ 21,920,382
Change in Net Position	 	 					
Governmental activities	\$ 4,191,461	\$ 2,783,107	\$	3,547,296	\$	(424,245)	\$ 3,440,247
Business-type activities	1,454,533	3,080,803		1,080,852		733,328	1,240,088
Total primary government	\$ 5,645,994	\$ 5,863,910	\$	4,628,148	\$	309,083	\$ 4,680,335

Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

Concluded

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fi	scal Ye	ear Ended June	30		
	 2012	2013		2014		2015	2016
General Fund							
Non-spendable							
Prepaid assets	\$ 162,413	\$ -	\$	-	\$	25,878	\$ 27,904
Assigned	2,467,910	125,277		305,554		240,922	261,771
Unassigned	 613,334	4,073,763		5,789,263		7,956,937	 9,632,848
Total General Fund	\$ 3,243,657	\$ 4,199,040	\$	6,094,817	\$	8,223,737	\$ 9,922,523
All other governmental funds							
Reserved							
Long-term loan receivable	\$ 1,794,545	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Unreserved, designated, reported in:							
Special revenue funds	2,723,898	-		-		-	-
Capital projects funds	555,173	-		-		-	-
Non-spendable							
Prepaid assets	-	-		-		4,215	-
Permanent funds	2,443,987	2,481,616		2,558,499		2,643,651	2,761,263
Restricted							
Social service programs	-	442,099		525,887		507,885	622,022
Public safety	-	125,153		553,676		377,053	482,400
Community development	-	1,712,531		1,927,833		1,801,999	1,786,526
Street improvements	-	345,060		239,731		179,252	570
Debt service	93,550	80,081		70,151		63,579	90,746
Unassigned	 -	 -		(56,185)		(32,658)	 157,765
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 7,611,153	\$ 5,186,540	\$	5,819,592	\$	5,544,976	\$ 5,901,292

Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fis	scal Ye	ear Ended June	30		
	 2017	2018		2019		2020	2021
General Fund							
Non-spendable							
Prepaid assets	\$ -	\$ 210,824	\$	31,373	\$	-	\$ -
Assigned	279,660	286,638		268,962		100,398	97,042
Unassigned	 11,352,442	 11,365,650		11,230,403		9,713,336	 9,910,606
Total General Fund	\$ 11,632,102	\$ 11,863,112	\$	11,530,738	\$	9,813,734	\$ 10,007,648
All other governmental funds							
Reserved							
Long-term loan receivable	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Unreserved, designated, reported in:							
Special revenue funds	-	-		-		-	-
Capital projects funds	-	-		-		-	-
Non-spendable							
Prepaid assets	-	-		-		-	-
Permanent funds	2,855,521	2,899,737		3,029,024		3,129,132	3,190,775
Restricted							
Social service programs	549,372	704,968		832,061		723,787	748,183
Public safety	772,241	908,239		842,518		808,626	764,767
Community development	2,057,868	2,120,819		3,414,820		2,424,125	1,632,662
Street improvements	104,510	223,651		1,214,471		1,291,650	1,292,481
Debt service	90,746	23,207		-		-	-
Unassigned	 19,306	 (57,994)		(86,180)		(9,020)	 (8,349)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 6,449,564	\$ 6,822,627	\$	9,246,714	\$	8,368,300	\$ 7,620,519

Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

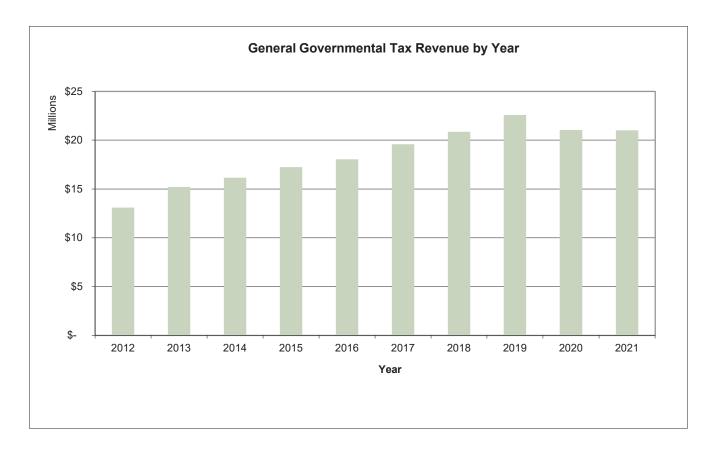
Concluded

		Fisc	al Yo	ear Ended Jur	ne 30		
	 2012	2013		2014		2015	2016
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 13,098,959	\$ 15,219,297	\$	16,146,324	\$	17,235,039	\$ 18,040,205
Intergovernmental revenues	1,967,347	1,132,932		845,946		786,672	2,129,066
Licenses, permits, and impact fees	345,167	412,924		424,170		440,403	481,304
Fines and forfeitures	48,900	76,125		50,370		49,714	127,740
Charges for services	1,549,722	1,016,396		982,813		1,062,829	1,454,936
Use of money and property	223,845	89,544		334,802		489,037	467,624
Contributions	-	-		-		-	-
Other revenues	 2,095,374	 719,048		1,237,666		901,452	 1,181,216
Total revenues	19,329,314	18,666,266		20,022,091		20,965,146	23,882,091
Expenditures							
General government	2,440,953	2,429,557		2,521,715		2,317,327	2,522,818
Public safety							
Police	5,750,059	5,003,017		4,320,909		4,960,868	5,345,441
Fire	2,920,112	2,418,886		2,331,484		2,296,708	2,647,804
Public works	2,472,551	2,582,021		3,437,789		2,951,525	3,298,160
Recreation	368,636	360,888		497,896		413,832	516,486
Library	1,130,520	771,147		773,492		677,900	781,275
Museum	183,033	177,952		188,713		190,271	229,053
Community development	1,360,674	1,789,245		1,684,231		2,319,204	3,258,093
Capital Outlay	596,108	910,266		66,686		952,906	1,148,160
Debt Service	0,0,100	910/200		00,000		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1/110/100
Principal	1,489,870	1,468,455		1,496,503		1,264,632	1,250,399
Interest and fiscal charges	523,030	598,447		680,979		765,673	834,601
Total expenditures	 19,235,546	 18,509,881		18,000,397		19,110,846	 21,832,290
Excess of revenues		154 005		0.001 (0.1		1 054 000	0.040.001
over (under) expenditures	93,768	156,385		2,021,694		1,854,300	2,049,801
Other financing sources (uses)							
Loans	-	-		-		-	-
Transfers in	418,488	240,847		507,135		753,277	906,787
Transfers out	 (418,488)	 (116,789)				(753,277)	 (901,486)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -	 124,058		507,135		-	 5,301
Net change in fund balances	\$ 93,768	\$ 280,443	\$	2,528,829	\$	1,854,300	\$ 2,055,102
Total Expenditures	\$ 19,235,546	\$ 18,509,881	\$	18,000,397	\$	19,110,846	\$ 21,832,290
Capitalized Portion of Capital Outlay	589,172	910,266		66,686		1,411,285	1,006,089
Total Non-Capitalized Expenditures	\$ 18,646,374	\$ 17,599,615	\$	17,933,711	\$	17,699,561	\$ 20,826,201
Debt Service: Principal & Interest	\$ 2,012,900	\$ 2,066,902	\$	2,177,482	\$	2,030,305	\$ 2,085,000
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	10.8%	11.7%		12.1%		11.5%	10.0%
Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department							Cont'd

City of Pacific Grove Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisc	al Ye	ear Ended Jur	ne 30)	
	 2017	2018		2019		2020	2021
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 19,584,184	\$ 20,858,973	\$	22,590,221	\$	21,035,119	\$ 21,006,391
Intergovernmental revenues	4,109,269	1,191,898		1,049,471		1,111,037	5,320,214
Licenses, permits, and impact fees	576,779	521,403		547,193		576,735	873,727
Fines and forfeitures	110,665	282,841		169,534		179,797	36,984
Charges for services	1,689,714	1,734,163		1,854,406		1,609,729	1,617,182
Use of money and property	297,620	371,272		852,787		781,062	260,008
Contributions	-	-		-		1,728,705	333,646
Other revenues	 803,453	 943,496		1,073,162		799,307	 1,267,634
Total revenues	27,171,684	25,904,046		28,136,774		27,821,491	30,715,786
Expenditures							
General government	2,453,176	2,964,942		3,442,825		3,518,628	3,452,693
Public safety							
Police	6,097,399	6,599,789		6,955,766		7,098,044	6,959,934
Fire	2,998,969	3,354,865		3,345,523		3,512,675	3,823,118
Public works	3,294,064	3,521,686		3,463,725		3,731,449	3,511,330
Recreation	594,636	678,454		837,231		707,073	596,413
Library	895,836	916,031		1,138,981		1,268,508	766,742
Museum	241,227	251,422		308,156		290,661	227,862
Community development	2,798,269	2,882,752		2,763,667		2,721,348	2,967,534
Capital Outlay	3,525,129	2,426,177		1,985,711		5,876,584	6,863,582
Debt Service							
Principal	1,170,427	1,097,822		960,277		951,114	924,776
Interest and fiscal charges	924,034	962,049		1,014,752		1,052,927	1,175,669
Total expenditures	 24,993,166	 25,655,989		26,216,614		30,729,011	31,269,653
Excess of revenues						<i></i>	(
over (under) expenditures	2,178,518	248,057		1,920,160		(2,907,520)	(553,867)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Loans	-	-		147,061		-	-
Transfers in	621,455	989,603		2,423,254		2,787,200	899,862
Transfers out	(621,455)	 (633,587)		(2,423,254)		(2,475,098)	(899,862)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -	 356,016		147,061		312,102	 -
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,178,518	\$ 604,073	\$	2,067,221	\$	(2,595,418)	\$ (553,867)
Total Expenditures	\$ 24,993,166	\$ 25,655,989	\$	26,216,614	\$	30,729,011	\$ 31,269,653
Capitalized Portion of Capital Outlay	3,525,129	2,350,159		1,984,274		5,873,015	6,901,135
Total Non-Capitalized Expenditures	\$ 21,468,037	\$ 23,305,830	\$	24,232,340	\$	24,855,996	\$ 24,368,518
Debt Service: Principal & Interest	\$ 2,094,461	\$ 2,059,871	\$	1,975,029	\$	2,004,041	\$ 2,100,445
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	9.8%	8.8%		8.2%		8.1%	8.6%
Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department							Concluded

Ended June 30	 Property	 Sales and Use	1	Franchise	ransient ccupancy		Jtility Jsers	usiness License	Ot	her Tax	Total
2012	\$ 3,998,976	\$ 2,941,271	\$	880,008	\$ 3,378,973	\$ 1,	477,555	\$ 333,721	\$	88,455	\$ 13,098,959
2013	5,372,281	3,111,379		1,010,451	3,809,270	1,	565,996	349,920		-	15,219,297
2014	5,679,257	3,325,567		1,046,677	4,167,334	1,	580,400	347,089		-	16,146,324
2015	5,836,174	3,534,495		975,090	4,998,885	1,	428,360	359,408		102,627	17,235,039
2016	6,226,267	3,325,809		1,041,653	5,364,317	1,	594,143	341,071		146,945	18,040,205
2017	6,557,824	4,159,401		915,094	5,829,610	1,	593,887	402,881		125,487	19,584,184
2018	6,851,928	4,075,744		1,082,574	6,656,849	1,	688,876	381,810		121,192	20,858,973
2019	7,306,184	5,139,045		1,226,524	6,796,087	1,	641,172	370,655		110,554	22,590,221
2020	7,632,399	4,765,472		1,176,215	5,310,063	1,	643,614	396,533		110,823	21,035,119
2021	8,191,673	5,000,873		1,392,700	3,978,577	1.	858,652	361,674		222,242	21,006,391



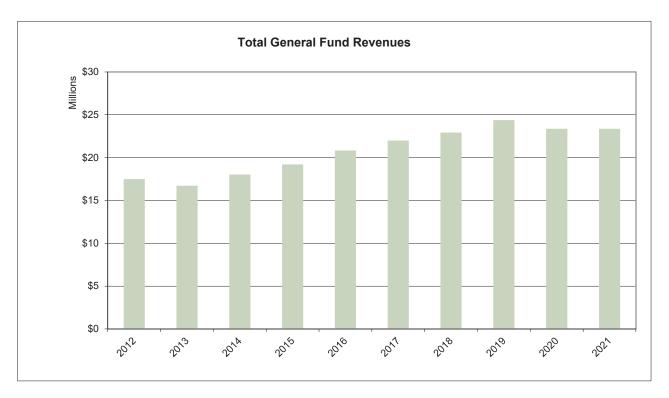
Notes:

1 References all governmental funds

Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

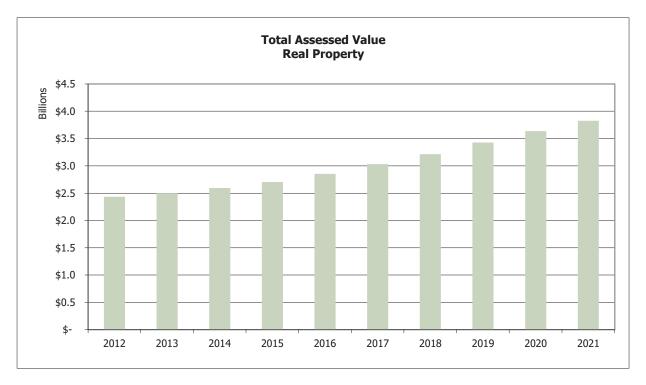
City of Pacific Grove General Fund Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 Taxes	Go	Inter- vernmental	Ι	icenses, Permits, pact Fees	nes and rfeitures	harges for Services	erest, Rents and encessions	Oth	er Revenues	 Total
2012	\$ 12,725,418	\$	1,242,568	\$	345,167	\$ 48,900	\$ 1,229,310	\$ 172,317	\$	1,709,683	\$ 17,473,363
2013	14,580,821		150,136		412,924	76,125	1,016,396	68,203		401,809	16,706,414
2014	15,500,875		118,692		424,170	50,370	982,813	270,920		674,157	18,021,997
2015	16,532,093		163,543		440,403	49,714	983,061	433,491		589,932	19,192,237
2016	17,358,914		229,671		481,304	127,740	1,367,494	355,293		893,646	20,814,062
2017	18,805,809		111,092		576,779	110,665	1,545,556	265,903		561,992	21,977,796
2018	19,754,218		87,478		521,403	282,841	1,643,238	259,883		370,158	22,919,219
2019	21,018,950		92,206		547,193	169,534	1,585,098	553,032		398,817	24,364,830
2020	19,741,066		171,317		576,735	179,797	1,456,261	523,280		708,420	23,356,876
2021	19,679,908		116,159		873,727	36,984	1,538,638	213,705		909,176	23,368,297



Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

iscal Year Ended				Real Pro	opert	ty				Total Assessed	Total Direct Tax
June 30		Residential	(Commercial		Other	Total	Pers	onal Property	 Value	Rate
2012	\$	2,179,172,919	\$	218,873,116	\$	35,682,180	\$ 2,433,728,215	\$	35,414,243	\$ 2,469,142,458	16.077%
2013		2,239,987,027		227,208,290		35,438,101	2,502,633,418		35,155,400	2,537,788,818	15.826%
2014		2,335,856,065		228,837,888		30,928,929	2,595,622,882		35,984,111	2,631,606,993	16.124%
2015		2,438,540,047		229,888,967		35,379,902	2,703,808,916		38,757,828	2,742,566,744	16.129%
2016		2,582,410,785		238,447,123		33,362,264	2,854,220,172		40,617,474	2,894,837,646	16.241%
2017		2,747,369,747		246,883,728		36,894,923	3,031,148,398		41,950,516	3,073,098,914	16.204%
2018	1)	2,918,531,066		265,910,702		30,645,309	3,215,087,077		42,996,800	3,258,083,877	16.204%
2019		3,112,639,411		265,486,441		48,587,979	3,426,713,831		42,749,505	3,469,463,336	15.879%
2020		3,307,434,783		274,948,202		53,236,808	3,635,619,793		46,292,980	3,681,912,773	15.883%
2021		3,484,607,327		279,870,522		58,693,772	3,823,171,621		46,589,365	3,869,760,986	15.889%



Notes:

¹ The 2018 property data did not allocate exemptions. The exemption total was allocated based on the prior percentage of exemptions for each category

Total Direct Tax Rate is from Table 8. Rates are based on a \$100 of taxable value.

Exempt values are not included in Total.

With the passage of a constitutional amendment (Proposition 13) and subsequently enacted State legislation, property is assessed according to a base year rather than on a percentage of market value. Accordingly, a reliable estimate of actual value of taxable property within the City is not possible.

		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Direct Rates:	÷		<i>•</i>	0.0000	<i>•</i>	0.0000	<i>•</i>	0.0000	¢	0.0040	<i>•</i>	0.00 0 =	<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	0.0030	\$	0.0030	\$	0.0030	\$	0.0030	\$	0.0040	\$	0.0035	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Direct Rate		0.0030		0.0030		0.0030		0.0030		0.0040		0.0035		-		-		-		-
Overlapping Rates ¹ : County ² School Districts		1.000		1.000		1.000		1.000		1.0000		1.0000		1.0000		1.0000		1.0000		1.0000
Monterey Peninsula College A, B, C		0.024		0.016		0.032		0.023		0.023		0.022		0.022		0.021		0.021		0.020
Pacific Grove Unified B, C, D		0.084		0.074		0.073		0.083		0.083		0.085		0.065		0.062		0.063		0.078
Total Overlapping Rate	_	1.108		1.089		1.105		1.106		1.106		1.108		1.087		1.083		1.084		1.098
Total Direct and Overlapping Rate	\$	1.1107	\$	1.0923	\$	1.1083	\$	1.1089	\$	1.1099	\$	1.1113	\$	1.0868	\$	1.0831	\$	1.0839	\$	1.0978
City Share of 1% Levy per Prop. 13 $^{\rm (3)}$	\$	0.1612	\$	0.1607	\$	0.1607	\$	0.1607	\$	0.1607	\$	0.1607	\$	0.1607	\$	0.1607	\$	0.1607	\$	0.1607
Voter Approved City Debt Rate	\$	0.0030	\$	0.0030	\$	0.0030	\$	0.0030	\$	0.0040	\$	0.0035	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total Direct Rate ⁽⁴⁾	\$	0.1608	\$	0.1583	\$	0.1612	\$	0.1613	\$	0.1624	\$	0.1620	\$	0.1620	\$	0.1588	\$	0.1588	\$	0.1589

1 Overlapping rates are those of entities that apply to property owners within the City of Pacific Grove. Not all overlapping rates apply to all property owners (e.g., the rates for school districts apply only to the proportion of the city's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the school district).

2 The passage of a constitutional amendment (Proposition 13) in June 1978 limits the property tax rate to a base of \$1.00 per \$100. The \$1.00 rate is levied by the County and apportioned to local agencies according to a formula prescribed by the California legislature.

3 From Fiscal Year 2009/10 to 2017/18 the average City of Share of the 1% levy per Prop. 13 was \$0.1972. This amount included the Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF) share of the Pacific Grove General Fund property taxes. This amount was approximately \$0.0369. To assist with future consistency in reporting, the amounts were restated to reflect the Pacific Grove General Fund share of property taxes without ERAF.

The Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the City preparing the statistical section information and excludes revenues derived from aircraft.

Source: Monterey County Assessors 2011/12 - 2020/21 Tax Table, HdL Companies, Coren & Cone

City of Pacific Grove Principal Property Tax Owners Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	20	021		 20	12	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total			of Total
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Tax Owner	 Valuation	Rank	Valuation	 Valuation	Rank	Valuation
Roic California LLC	\$ 26,128,464	1	0.68%	18,822,905	1	0.76%
Monarch Pines Homeowners Assoc.	24,477,212	2	0.63%			
Sequoia Equities - Pacific Grove	22,197,113	3	0.57%	\$ 16,500,010	2	0.67%
Pacific Grove Home Sweet Home LLC	21,453,620	4	0.55%	-		-
Aramark Sports Entertainment	19,363,254	5	0.50%	13,637,020	3	0.55%
WGA Grove Acres LP	16,404,905	6	0.42%	11,734,076	5	0.48%
Boutique Inns LLC	15,566,017	7	0.40%			-
Foursome Development Company	12,457,968	8	0.32%	10,667,517	7	0.43%
Pacifica Lighthouse LP	12,183,093	9	0.31%			-
California American Water Company	10,241,926	10	0.26%			-
Douglas W. Johnson				11,686,164	6	0.47%
Green Valley Corporation				9,220,057	8	0.37%
Holman Building Associates LP				6,423,213	10	0.26%
OMC Lighthouse Lodge LLC				12,910,995	4	0.52%
Villa Del Mar Apts				7,860,070	9	0.32%
Totals	\$ 180,473,572		4.66%	\$ 119,462,027		4.84%
Total assessed value	\$ 3,869,760,986			\$ 2,469,142,458		

Notes:

Tax owners and values presented in this table reflect the County's Assessment Roll Reports. Source: Monterey County Assessor data, Avenu Insights & Analytics; and HdL, Coren, and Cone Total Taxable Value includes State Unitary

Source: Monterey County Assessor 2011/12 and 2020/21 Combined Tax Rolls and the SBE Unitary Tax Roll

City of Pacific Grove Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30 2012 2013	\$	Fotal Tax Levy ¹		Current Tax	Percent	Sup	plemental	De	linquent		
June 30 2012				Current Tax		-	1		mquent		
2012	¢	Levy ¹	-		of Levy		Tax		Tax		Total
	¢		(Collections ²	Collected	Сс	llections	Col	llections ³	C	ollections
		4,043,715	\$	3,894,354	96.3%	\$	51,762	\$	122,408	\$	4,068,52
2010	φ	4,043,713	φ	4,047,146	90.3 % 98.9%	Ψ	60,464	Ψ	82,343	φ	4,189,9
2014		4,092,450		4,047,140	97.6%		82,679		79,953		4,379,7
2015		4,505,763		4,404,126	97.7%		83,785		64,142		4,552,0
2016		4,817,299		4,691,501	97.4%		100,936		74,690		4,867,1
2017		5,087,208		4,954,066	97.4%		93,055		70,203		5,117,3
2018		5,279,399		5,155,609	97.7%		106,153		64,907		5,326,6
2019		5,509,161		5,412,231	98.2%		125,259		80,007		5,617,4
2020		5,847,982		5,688,427	97.3%		101,049		58,108		5,847,5
2021		6,148,663		6,100,480	99.2%		131,177		80,338		6,311,9
				Tot	tal Tax Collection	IS					
	\$7 SU	/									
	Millions	5								-	
	2						_				
	\$5	5						-		-	
	\$4										
	<u>م</u> د										
	\$3	3 — —	_			-		-		-	
	\$2										

Notes:

\$1

\$0

2012

2013

1 The Monterey County Auditor-Controller's Office does not list the total assessed value. This amount is calculated referencing the assessed values of properties and the total direct tax rate and general obligation rate for the City of Pacific Grove.

2016

2017

2018

2019

2020

2021

2 Monterey County reports collections as current period, irregardless of original level year.

2014

3 The amounts listed in this column represent prior year secured, prior year secured, unsecured, and unitary taxes.

2015

Source: County of Monterey Auditor-Controller's Office City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

		F	iscal	Year Ended June 3	80		
	2012	2013		2014		2015	2016
Governmental Activities:							
General obligation bonds	\$ 482,086	\$ 411,120	\$	336,197	\$	257,439	\$ 175,057
Pension obligation bonds	19,860,091	18,908,410		18,097,866		17,431,558	16,625,139
Capital leases	607,936	356,349		302,534		200,761	82,534
PG & E Loan	 -	 -		-		-	 -
Total Governmental Activities	 20,950,113	 19,675,879		18,736,597		17,889,758	 16,882,730
Business-type Activities:							
Revenue bonds - Wastewater refunding bonds	1,173,311	1,220,588		1,151,740		1,103,096	1,052,184
Site Lease - Golf course	-	-		-		3,044,767	2,903,599
Certificates of participation - Golf course	3,475,000	3,395,000		3,310,000		-	-
Capital Leases	71,444	26,737		-		-	-
Loan- Local water project construction, State loan	-	-		-		-	960,522
Loan - PG & E Loan	 -	 -		-		-	 -
Total Business-type Activities	 4,719,755	 4,642,325		4,461,740		4,147,863	 4,916,305
Total Primary Government	\$ 25,669,868	\$ 24,318,204	\$	23,198,337	\$	22,037,621	\$ 21,799,035
Personal income ¹	\$ 619,885,000	\$ 649,562,000	\$	662,082,000	\$	675,827,000	\$ 717,389,000
Debt as percentage of personal income	4.14%	3.74%		3.50%		3.26%	3.04%
Population ²	15,219	15,268		15,431		15,394	15,352
Debt per capita	1,687	1,593		1,503		1,432	1,420
Assessed value ³	2,537,788,818	2,631,606,993		2,742,566,744		2,894,837,646	3,073,098,914
Debt as percentage of assessed value	1.01%	0.92%		0.85%		0.76%	0.71%

Source:

 1 US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (refer to Table 16).

² California Department of Finance

³HdL Companies and Avenu Insights and Analytics

City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

Cont'd

		F	iscal	Year Ended June 3	30		
	 2017	2018		2019		2020	2021
Governmental Activities:							
General obligation bonds	\$ 89,194	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Pension obligation bonds	15,712,560	14,680,804		13,522,530		12,228,861	10,785,885
Capital leases	16,787	-		-		-	-
PG & E Loan	 -	 -		145,110		121,696	 98,281
Total Governmental Activities	 15,818,541	 14,680,804		13,667,640		12,350,557	 10,884,166
Business-type Activities:							
Revenue bonds - Wastewater refunding bonds	999,045	943,812		886,575		827,487	766,573
Site Lease - Golf course	2,756,223	2,602,366		2,441,744		2,274,059	2,099,001
Certificates of participation - Golf course	-	-		-		-	-
Capital Leases	-	-		-		-	-
Loan- Local water project construction, State loan	6,308,658	5,328,076		5,174,788		5,020,088	4,863,840
Loan - PG & E Loan	 -	 -		7,791		4,869	 1,947
Total Business-type Activities	 10,063,926	 8,874,254		8,510,898		8,126,503	 7,731,361
Total Primary Government	\$ 25,882,467	\$ 23,555,058	\$	22,178,538	\$	20,477,060	\$ 18,615,527
Personal income ¹	\$ 740,117,000	\$ 766,209,000	\$	759,116,000	\$	776,384,000	\$ 795,868,000
Debt as percentage of personal income	3.50%	3.07%		2.92%		2.64%	2.34%
Population ²	15,498	15,660		15,883		15,265	15,536
Debt per capita	1,670	1,504		1,396		1,341	1,198
Assessed value ³	3,073,098,914	3,258,083,877		3,469,463,336		3,681,912,773	3,869,760,986
Debt as percentage of assessed value	0.84%	0.72%		0.64%		0.56%	0.48%

Source:

 1 US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Ana

² California Department of Finance

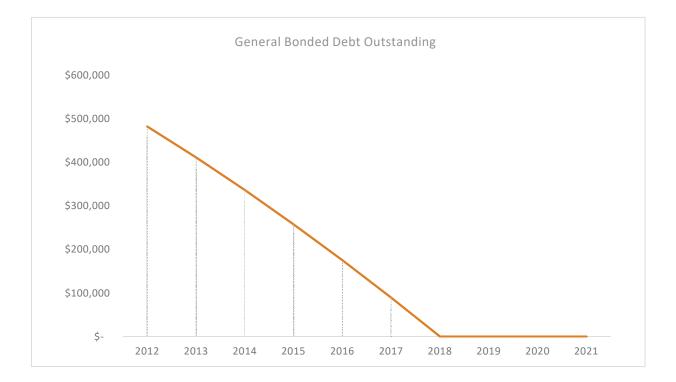
³HdL Companies and Avenu Insights and Analytics

City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

Concluded

City of Pacific Grove Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	General bligation Bonds	Av ir	: Amount 7ailable 1 Debt rice Fund	 Total	Percentage of Assessed Value	Debt Per Capita	Assessed Value ¹	Population ²
2012	\$ 482,086	\$	93,550	\$ 388,536	0.02%	26	2,469,142,458	15,219
2013	411,120		80,081	331,039	0.01%	22	2,537,788,818	15,268
2014	336,197		70,151	266,046	0.01%	17	2,631,606,993	15,431
2015	257,439		63,579	193,860	0.01%	13	2,742,566,744	15,394
2016	175,057		90,746	84,311	0.00%	5	2,894,837,646	15,352
2017	89,194		110,052	(20,858)	0.00%	(1)	3,073,098,914	15,498
2018	-		23,207	(20,858)	0.00%	(1)	3,258,083,877	15,660
2019	-		-	-	0.00%	-	3,469,463,336	15,883
2020	-		-	-	0.00%	-	3,681,912,773	15,265
2021	-		-	-	0.00%	-	3,869,760,986	15,265



Source: ¹HdL Companies and Avenu Insights and Analytics

² California Department of Finance

City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

2020-2021 Assessed Valuation	\$	3,869,760,986					
			(Total Debt Dutstanding	Percentage Applicable to City ⁽¹⁾	1	Amount Applicable to City
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:							
Monterey Peninsula Community College District			\$	109,868,522	9.490%	\$	10,426,523
Pacific Grove Unified School District				44,143,000	61.401%		27,104,243
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt			\$	154,011,522		\$	37,530,766
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:							
Monterey County General Fund Obligations				139,253,793	5.225%		7,276,011
Monterey County Board of Education Certificates of Participation				5,006,000	5.225%		261,564
Monterey County Water Resources Agency General Fund Obligation	ons			20,370,000	5.225%		1,064,333
City of Pacific Grove Pension Obligation Bonds				4,397,978	100.000%		4,397,978
City of Pacific Grove Pacific Gas and Electric (PG & E) Loan				98,281	100.000%		98,281
Total Gross Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt				169,126,052			13,098,167
Less: Monterey County supported obligations							(172,279)
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERALAPPING GENERAL FUND	DEBT						12,925,888
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT						\$	4,496,259
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING DEBT						\$	46,132,674
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING DEBT						\$	45,960,395
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT						\$	50,628,933
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT						\$	50,456,654

- (1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the City is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the City divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.
- (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue, and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Ratios to 2020-21 Assessed Valuation:

Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	0.97%
Total Direct Debt (\$5,299,340)	0.12%
Gross Combined Total Debt	1.31%
Net Combined Total Debt	1.30%

Source: Avenu Insights and Analytics

		Fi	scal '	Year Ended Jun	e 30		
	 2012	 2013		2014		2015	 2016
Debt limit	\$ 370,371,369	\$ 380,668,323	\$	394,741,049	\$	411,385,012	\$ 434,225,647
Total net debt applicable to limit	 388,536	331,039		266,046		193,860	 84,311
Legal debt margin	\$ 369,982,833	\$ 380,337,284	\$	394,475,003	\$	411,191,152	\$ 434,141,336
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.10%	0.09%		0.07%		0.05%	0.02% Cont'd

				Fi	iscal `	Year Ended Jun	e 30		
		2017		2018		2019		2020	 2021
Debt limit	\$	460,964,837	\$	488,712,582	\$	520,419,500	\$	552,286,916	\$ 580,464,148
Total net debt applicable to limit		(20,858)		(23,207)		-		-	-
Legal debt margin	\$	460,985,695	\$	488,735,789	\$	520,419,500	\$	552,286,916	\$ 580,464,148
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
	0	al Debt Margin Il assessed value		ılation For Fisca	al Yea	ar 2016-17:			\$ 3,869,760,986
	Deb	t limit (15% of to	otal as	ssessed value)					580,464,148
	Deb	Less: Amount	tion b : avail	oonds (reported able in debt ser t of bonds					-
	Tota	ıl net debt applie	cable	to limit					 -
	Leg	al debt margin							\$ 580,464,148

California Government Code, Section 43605, sets the debt limit at 15% of the total assessed valuation of all real personal property within the city.

Source: County of Monterey Auditor-Controller's Office City of Pacific Grove Finance Department Concluded

City of Pacific Grove Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year E	nded Ju	une 30		
	 2012	2013		2014	2015	2016
Wastewater Revenue Bonds ¹ :						
Wastewater charges and other	\$ 2,613,831	\$ 2,905,604	\$	2,818,010	\$ 2,986,640	\$ 3,208,150
Less: operating expenses	836,933	1,330,068		1,513,448	1,438,459	1,371,609
Net available revenue	 1,776,898	 1,575,536		1,304,562	 1,548,181	 1,836,541
Debt service:						
Principal	35,000	35,000		68,847	47,793	50,062
Interest	62,586	55,204		39,394	37,764	36,117
Total	 97,586	90,204		108,241	85,557	86,179
Coverage	 18.21	 17.47		12.05	 18.10	 21.31
Certificates of Participation						
Golf course charges and other	\$ 2,589,066	\$ 2,545,110	\$	2,054,168	\$ 406,968	\$ 393,009
Less: operating expenses	2,272,341	1,841,989		1,934,567	485,069	124,775
Net available revenue	316,725	703,121		119,601	(78,101)	268,234
Debt service:						
Principal	75,000	80,000		85,000	-	-
Interest	190,938	187,389		183,426	-	-
Total	 265,938	 267,389		268,426	 -	 -
Coverage	1.19	2.63		0.45	-	-

TABLE 15

Cont'd

City of Pacific Grove Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year E	inded Ju	une 30		
	2017		2018		2019	2020	2021
Wastewater Revenue Bonds ¹ :							
Wastewater charges and other	\$ 3,151,928	\$	3,304,277	\$	3,536,772	\$ 3,659,651	\$ 3,544,374
Less: operating expenses	1,388,706		1,985,232		1,679,991	2,043,805	1,748,013
Net available revenue	 1,763,222		1,319,045		1,856,781	1,615,846	1,796,361
Debt service:							
Principal	53,138		55,233		57,238	59,088	60,914
Interest	34,353		33,021		31,132	29,220	28,687
Total	 87,491		88,254		88,370	88,308	89,601
Coverage	20.15		14.95		21.01	 18.30	 20.05
Certificates of Participation							
Golf course charges and other	\$ 354,856	\$	334,015	\$	428,831	\$ 294,320	\$ 377,188
Less: operating expenses	53,142		75,276		141,108	15,728	92,524
Net available revenue	301,714		258,739		287,723	 278,592	 284,664
Debt service:							
Principal	-		-		-	-	-
Interest	-		-		-	-	-
Total	-		-		-	 -	 -
Coverage	-	-	-		-	 -	-

Refunded Series 2001B Wastewater Bonds with Series 2013 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Loan

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation.

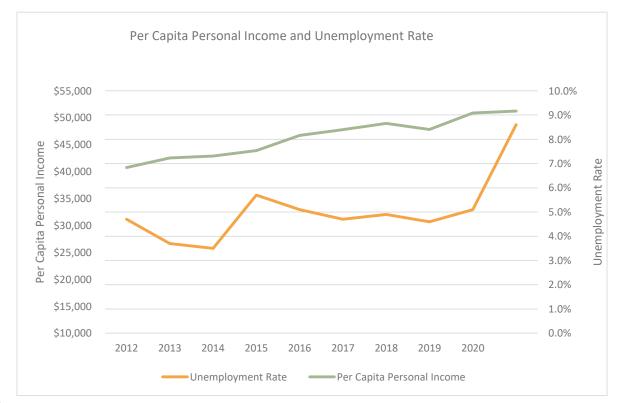
Source:

City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

Concluded

City of Pacific Grove Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Population ¹	Unemployment Rate	al Personal Income thousands)	Р	r Capita ersonal ncome	Median ³ Age ⁴	% of Population 25+ with High School Diploma	% of Population 25+ with Bachelor's Degree
2012	15,219	4.7%	\$ 619,885	\$	40,731	45.8	95.2%	46.0%
2013	15,268	3.7%	\$ 649,562	\$	42,544	47.4	95.6%	48.0%
2014	15,431	3.5%	\$ 662,082	\$	42,906	48.8	96.0%	51.2%
2015	15,394	5.7%	\$ 675,827	\$	43,902	49.3	95.5%	50.4%
2016	15,352	5.1%	\$ 717,389	\$	46,729	49.3	95.4%	50.0%
2017	15,498	4.7%	\$ 740,117	\$	47,756	48.8	95.5%	52.0%
2018	15,660	4.9%	\$ 766,209	\$	48,928	49.0	95.5%	53.3%
2019	15,883	4.6%	\$ 759,116	\$	47,794	49.0	96.3%	51.3%
2020	15,265	5.1%	\$ 776,384	\$	50,860	48.5	96.2%	52.7%
2021	15,536	8.6%	\$ 795,868	\$	51,227	48.9	96.6%	54.3%



Notes:

A For calendar year ending during the fiscal year.

B Total Personal Income is presented in thousands.

Source: ¹ California Department of Finance and HdL Companies

² California Employment Development Department and HdL Companies

³ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis and HdL Companies, for years 2010-2017

³ U.S. Census, American Fact Finder for 2009, and HdL Companies

⁵ California Board of Equalization and HdL Companies

⁵ Sources 1-5, provided by the HdL companies through FY 16/17 - FY 20/21; FY 17/18 data provided by Avenu Insights and Analytics

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
		2021		2017						
			Percentage			Percentage				
	Number of		of Total	Number of		of Total				
	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment				
Employer:										
Pacific Grove Unified School District	291	1	3.68%	314	1	3.49%				
Canterbury Woods ⁽³⁾	119	2	1.51%	140	3	1.56%				
Pacific Grove Convalescent	106	3	1.34%	60	6	0.67%				
Forest Hill ⁽⁴⁾	105	4	1.33%	50	8	0.56%				
City of Pacific Grove ^(1,2)	96	5	1.21%	110	4	1.22%				
Safeway ⁽³⁾	80	6	1.01%	80	5	0.89%				
Trader Joe's	75	7	0.95%	54	7	0.60%				
Lucky Supermarket ^(3,4)	55	8	0.70%	50	8	0.56%				
Asilomar Hotel and Conference Center ⁽⁵⁾	35	9	0.44%	238	2	2.64%				
Fishwife at Asilomar Beach	29	10	0.37%		-	-				
Best Western Inn and Suites of Pacific Grove $^{(4)}$	-	-	-	50	8	0.56%				
Totals	991		12.54%	1,146		12.73%				
Total employment	7,900			9,000						

¹ This is the third year that the City is including a statistical section. Due to the small size of the City, employee counts for prior years were not available through a database or third party. Prior year information will be included as the City reports this information in forthcoming years.

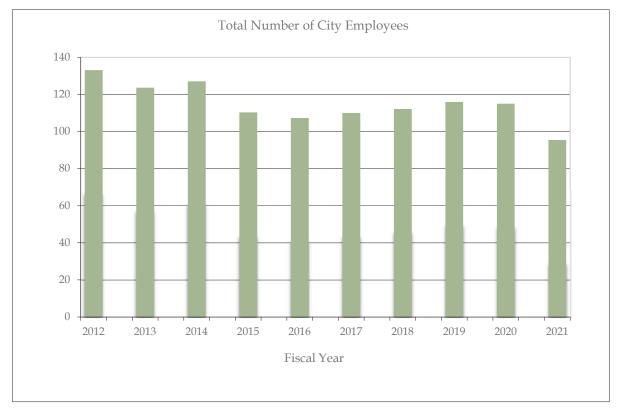
- ² Includes authorized full-time and part-time equivalency positions; and Council members.
- ³ Includes full-time equivalency and part-time equivalency positions
- ⁴ The listed employers may have the same number of employees and are ranked equivalent.

Source: Avenu Insights and Analytics, EDD Labor Force Data

Results based on direct correspondence with City's local businesses

City of Pacific Grove Number of City Employees by Department ⁽¹⁾ Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Departments:										
General Government ⁽²⁾	12.1	12.5	14.5	14.5	14.5	14.2	16.6	16.2	17.0	16.8
Public Safety	46.3	35.3	34.3	34.0	34.0	36.5	34.3	34.0	34.0	32.5
Public Works	17.0	21.7	22.2	22.0	20.1	19.8	20.5	22.7	23.2	22.8
Recreation (3)	12.1	11.6	14.6	14.9	13.7	13.7	13.8	14.3	14.1	3.2
Library ⁽⁴⁾	9.5	9.5	10.0	9.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.0	5.3
Museum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Development	7.7	7.0	6.5	8.1	7.9	8.2	8.3	10.0	8.5	7.8
Business-type Activities:										
Cemetery	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0
Sewer	5.6	5.8	6.1	6.0	4.3	4.8	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.1
Golf Course ⁽⁵⁾	21.5	18.9	17.6							
Total	133.2	123.7	127.2	110.4	107.3	110.0	112.2	115.9	115.0	95.5



Notes:

1 Reflects the authorized positions in each budget year. This number includes both regular and part-time staff.

2 Includes 3.5 FTE's for Council Members and Mayor.

3,4 The Recreation and Library Departments' on-call and seasonal staff were previously monitored by FTE. To assist with staffing flexibility and provide greater accuracy in reporting, these employees were removed from the City's regular position/employee count. These positions are now controlled by a single line item within the budget. This transition decreased the Recreation and Library counts for reporting purposes by approximately 11 and 4.8 FTE's, respectively.

5 In Fiscal Year 2014/15, the operation of the municipal golf course was transitioned to a contract services model.

City of Pacific Grove Operating Indicators By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	For Fiscal Year Ended June 30										
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
Function:											
Police											
Calls for service	16,084	15,407	16,080	17,627	21,521	15,359	18,032	20,350	18,902	15,875	
Fire											
Calls for service	1,400	1,314	1,379	1,584	1,764	1,604	1,694	1,877	1,740	1,772	
Inspections	1,055	518	117	177	182	484	703	1,006	197	62	
Recreation											
Park & facility rentals	308	297	308	318	328	348	299	273	645	90	
Paid special events ⁽¹⁾	10	10	19	14	16	18	18	18	24	-	
Recreation program participants ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	667	414	
Public Works											
Potholes patched	725	750	700	725	600	650	350	650	450	200	
Work orders completed ⁽²⁾	-	393	253	406	594	620	630	1,606	1,216	1,198	
Lightbulb replacements ⁽³⁾	177	58	74	48	12	5	-	-	-	-	
Street light repairs	10	8	13	14	4	4	16	13	10	20	
Tree Permits Issued	94	130	159	96	329	354	457	508	434	363	
Library											
Circulation of library materials	239,820	253,770	259,252	283,462	291,751	289,458	288,386	327,957	188,000	84,185	
Reference questions	23,499	24,225	24,225	25,294	28,779	25,629	21,468	14,501	19,336	4,859	
Community Development											
Building Permits	278	427	350	525	576	429	429	520	1,095	1,203	
Architectural Approvals	78	63	56	59	53	31	55	78	50	41	
Other planning approvals	180	209	323	416	448	395	395	530	329	222	

Notes:

(1) Prior to Fiscal Year 19/20, the City's software tracked paid special events and only single permitted reservations. Regular facility use by community groups was not reported. In Fiscal Year 19/20, the City implemented a new software program that provides statistics on both paid and non-profit special events; single and recurring park and facility usage; and the number of class participants.

(2) The City's first full year of using a work order system began in 2013 with administrative staff entering work orders. In Fiscal Year 2019, a greater emphasis was placed on tracking activities; and all maintenance staff began entering information into the work order system.

(3) Tracking the number of lightbulb replacements has been discontinued due to the installation of LED Lighting, with limited replacements.

(4) Due to COVID-19 restrictions, some operating indicators related to Recreation, Library, and Special Events were limited or had no activity.

Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

City of Pacific Grove Capital Asset Statistics By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	For Fiscal Year Ended June 30										
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
Function:											
General Government											
Number of buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Public Safety											
Police											
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Parking meters	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	
Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Hyperbaric chamber	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Public Works											
Miles of paved streets	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	
Parking lots	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	5	
Street lights	699	699	699	699	699	699	699	699	699	699	
Fleet Vehicles (City-wide)	120	120	121	121	123	121	93	95	95	95	
Recreation											
Parks	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	
Playgrounds	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Community centers / facilities	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Tennis courts	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	Ę	
Historic lighthouse	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Library											
Library facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Museum											
Museum facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Cemetery											
Cemetery facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Sewer											
Miles of sanitary sewers	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	
Miles of storm drains	332	332	332	332	332	332	332	332	332	332	
Golf Course											
Number of courses	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

Source: City of Pacific Grove Departments



OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors City of Pacific Grove

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the City of Pacific Grove (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 31, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not



express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

C&A UP

December 31, 2021 San Jose, California