

City of Pacific Grove California

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023



City of Pacific Grove, California

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023



Prepared by the Finance Department

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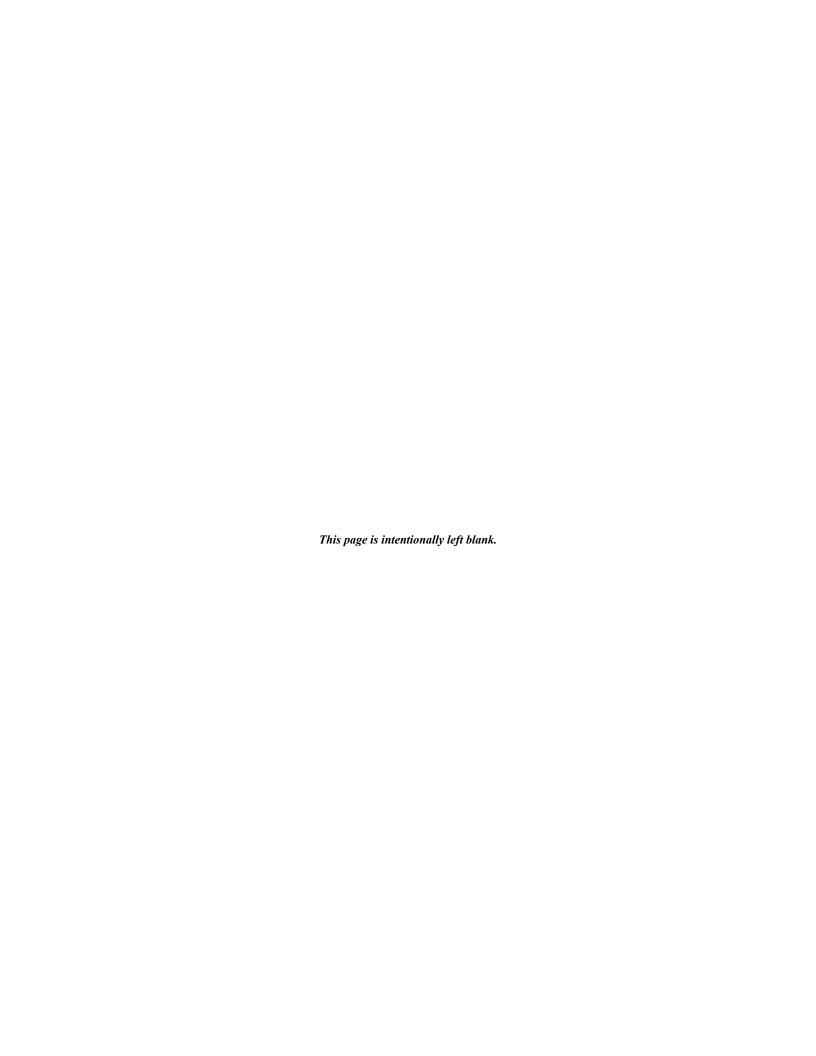
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CITY OF PACIFIC GROVE

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April 15, 2024

Honorable Mayor,
Members of the City Council, and
Citizens of Pacific Grove

SUBJECT: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report – June 30, 2023

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the City of Pacific Grove for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 is hereby submitted.

REPORT PURPOSE AND ORGANIZATION

State law requires that the accounts and fiscal affairs of all municipal entities are to be examined annually by an independent certified public accountant. The City's independent auditor, The Pun Group, LLP, has audited the City's financial statements and issued an unmodified opinion that the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023, are fairly presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). This opinion, along with the basic financial statements, are hereby submitted as the ACFR for the City of Pacific Grove for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The information included in the financial section of this report fulfills the above requirement.

The independent audit of the financial statements is also typically conducted in conjunction with the federally mandated Single Audit. The standards governing the Single Audit require the independent auditor to report on items beyond fair presentation of the financial statements, including internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. A Single Audit is required when a nonprofit or governmental organization has federal expenditures in excess of \$750,000. In Fiscal Year 22/23, the City met this criteria by expending more than \$1.07 million in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds. The City's Single Audit Report on Federal Award Programs will be presented in a separate document.

This report consists of City management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Pacific Grove. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for completeness, accuracy of data, and fairness of presentation, including all footnotes and disclosures. Management believes the data presented is accurate in all material respects and that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, City management has established a comprehensive framework of internal controls designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse; and to compile sufficiently reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Because the cost of

internal controls should not exceed their benefits, the City's internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements. The audit also provides users with reasonable assurance that the information presented is free from material misstatements. As management, we assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD & A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD & A can be found in the Financial Section of this document, immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

CITY OF PACIFIC GROVE PROFILE

The City of Pacific Grove is a small coastal community located in Monterey County that occupies just under three square miles, with a population of approximately 14,800 residents. The City is situated on a peninsula which is bordered by Monterey, Pebble Beach, the Pacific Ocean, and the Monterey Bay. The coastal city is renowned for its historic ambience, stunning views, and exceptional quality of life; with a resident deer population that frequently wanders the city streets and golf course. Pacific Grove has a captivating "turn of the century" look with over 1,300 registered historical homes and structures built between 1874 and 1926.

The City is home to numerous attractions, including the Point Pinos Lighthouse, the Monarch Butterfly Sanctuary, Asilomar State Beach and Conference Grounds; and picturesque Lovers Point Park and Beach. The Monterey Bay Coastal Recreation Trail and the Shoreline Park Network offer excellent opportunities for bicycling, walking, jogging, and whale watching. In addition to featuring a variety of shops and restaurants, the City is host to numerous events including Good Old Days, the Big Sur Half Marathon, Christmas at the Inns, and various auto shows.

Pacific Grove also offers an abundance of cultural and educational amenities with over 40 art venues. The local public school district includes schools that have been ranked as the highest on the Monterey Peninsula. Nearby colleges include Monterey Peninsula College, the Middlebury Institute for International Studies, California State University Monterey Bay, and the Hopkins Marine Station operated by Stanford University.

Form of Government

Pacific Grove is a Charter City which was incorporated in 1889. The City operates under the Council-City Manager form of government with a seven-member City Council elected by the citizens. The Mayor is directly elected to serve a two-year term and Council members are elected to alternating four-year terms. The Council has the authority to establish all laws and regulations with respect to municipal affairs, subject only to the limits of the City Municipal Code and State legislation.

The City Council appoints a City Manager to serve as the City's chief administrative officer. The City Manager provides direction and leadership to all City departments; and ensures that all City Council policies are implemented.

City Services

The City provides police protection, street, park and facility maintenance; recreational, planning, zoning, economic development, library, administrative and financial services for Pacific Grove. Fire protection services are provided through a contract with the City of Monterey. Additional services include sewer operations, a municipal golf course, cemetery, and a local water reclamation facility.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes all financial activities of the City. Financial data for all funds through which services are provided by the City have been included in this report based on the criteria adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the authoritative body establishing U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for local governments.

Budgetary Policy and Control

The City's budgetary records are maintained on a modified accrual basis. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available; and expenditures are recorded when goods or services are received, and the liability incurred. The City produces an annual budget, which serves as the foundation for the City of Pacific Grove's financial planning and control. Based on the Pacific Grove Budget and Financial Management Policy, the City is required to maintain a balanced operating budget; along with using one-time revenues to fund non-recurring expenditures. At the inception of the budget process, the Council and staff reference organizational-wide strategic goals. When developing the proposed Fiscal Year 22/23, the following goals were referenced:

- Complete Streets: Plan, design, and implement streets, sidewalks, and transportation networks that better allow access for all types of users.
- Environmental Stewardship: Adopt and develop policies and ordinances that preserve and protect the environment.
- City Asset Stewardship: Repair, maintain, and improve City assets, including streets, sidewalks, sewer systems, buildings, parks, and trails to better serve the community, anticipate future needs, and prevent further degradation.
- Transparency, Accountability, and Communication: Implement programs, processes, revisions, and training to improve and advance the City's efforts.
- Financial Stability: Develop a strategic plan to better address current and future City expenditures and revenue needs while continuing to provide high quality municipal service.
- Increase Affordable Housing: Determine policies, projects, and programs that will advance the effort to create new housing in the City.
- Facilitate Local Business Recovery: Review and revise existing policies and programs; and develop a strategic plan to better serve existing businesses while attracting new commerce to better stimulate the economy and revitalize commercial corridors, especially the downtown.

With the seating of a new Council in Fiscal Year 22/23, the City adopted a Community Goals and Workplan 2023-2025. The identified Focused Priority Areas would serve as the City's operating plan and the foundation for forthcoming budgets. Additional information on the Focused Priority Areas can be found in the Major Initiatives section.

In accordance with the City's Budget and Financial Management Policy, the City Manager recommends the budget and presents it to the City Council in May. After public input and discussion is received, the City Council may request modifications to the budget or introduce an ordinance adopting the budget. The City's budget is then adopted by ordinance and becomes effective on July 1st of each fiscal year. Expenditures authorized in the final budget ordinance are appropriated at the Fund level, and in the case of the General Fund, at the department or program level. All amendments to the budget at these levels can only be approved by the City Council. The City Manager has the authority to transfer funds within a given fund and between department appropriations to ensure that programmatic budgets may adapt throughout the year to evolving circumstances.

All governmental, enterprise, and internal service funds are appropriated annually. The governmental funds include General, special revenue, capital project, and permanent funds.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the environment in which the City operates.

Local Economy

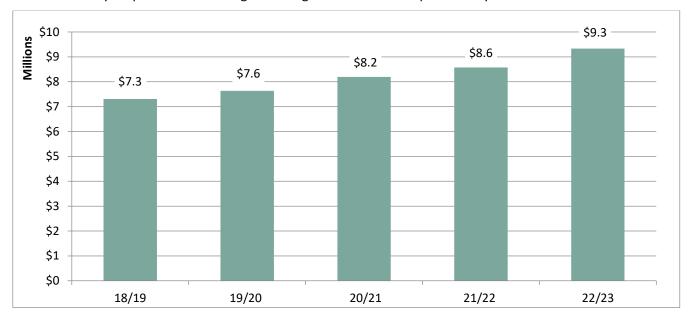
Pacific Grove's local economy is supported by residents, regional visitors, and a strong tourism base. In Fiscal Year 19/20 and Fiscal Year 20/21, the City's finances were significantly impacted by the COVID-19 health and safety mandates. During the two-year period, many hotels, restaurants, and small businesses were only able to operate at a limited capacity. In Fiscal Year 21/22, the local economy experienced significant growth, with corresponding revenues exceeding budgetary projections. This increase was largely driven by the revitalization of the restaurant and hospitality industries, as well as an increase in underlying taxable items. During this period, the State LAO indicated that consumer prices rose by 8% over the prior year, which is more than three times the norm of the last three decades ⁽¹⁾. To assist in slowing inflation, the Federal Reserve enacted several interest rate increases in 2022. This resulted in concerns that rising interest rates could lead to a recession. In Fiscal Year 22/23, TOT and sales tax were returning or exceeding their pre-pandemic levels; and property taxes peaked at 9.3 million. While the local economy continued to appear strong, conservative estimates were used to develop the Fiscal Year 23/24 Budget and long-term forecasts. This approach, as well as maintaining stable reserve levels, would assist the City in navigating any potential economic challenges.

The unemployment rate and housing sale prices are also indicators of local economic trends. The ability to use discretionary income for travel, leisure, or significant purchases can be impacted by employment. These factors are relevant to the City's tourism-related economy. Pacific Grove's annual unemployment rate decreased from 9.1% to 5.9%, while during this same period the Monterey County and State unemployment rates were 5.9% and 4.2% respectively. While unemployment was high, local businesses in the hospitality industry, as well as other sectors, experienced labor shortages. Monthly unemployment rates are continuing to decline from the annual average, with the November 2023 California Employment Development Department reporting the City's and State unemployment rates at 5.6%, and 4.9%, respectively. The Monterey County Recorder reported that the median home price in Pacific Grove increased from \$1.3 to \$1.46 million at the end of the fiscal year. This represents an increase of 12% over the prior year. Affordable housing continues to be a concern in Monterey County, with the annual per capita personal income in Pacific Grove at approximately \$56,474.

The three major sources of General Fund revenue are Property Tax, TOT, and Sales Tax. An overview of these three taxes which account approximately 71% of the General Fund's on-going revenues are provided in the subsequent sections.

Property Tax

Property tax is the City's largest source of revenue, representing approximately 31% of all on-going General Fund revenues (excludes one-time transfers). This revenue source is fairly stable and does not respond quickly to changes in the economy. During the pandemic, property tax revenues remained strong. In Fiscal Year 20/21, the City received \$8.2 million in property tax revenues, which was an increase of 7.3% or \$559,000. In the following fiscal year, revenue growth continued with property tax receipts yielding \$8.6 million. In Fiscal Year 22/23 property tax revenues increased by \$757,000 or 8.8%. This represented the most substantial growth within the five-year period. The average annual growth rate for the presented years is 6.4%.



The Fiscal Year 23/24 property tax revenues were projected to increase by just over 4%. This estimate was provided by the Monterey County Assessor's Office. While this rate is lower than the five-year average, there is some uncertainty as to whether increased lending rates will slow growth.

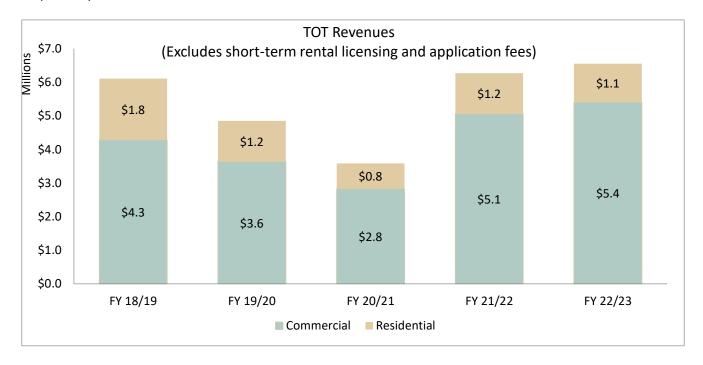
Transient Occupancy Tax Revenues

The City of Pacific Grove's second major source of revenue is Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT). When combined with transient occupancy licenses, the two related categories represent approximately 22% of General Fund revenues. The City's TOT revenues are generated from both commercial hotels and short-term residential rentals (STR's). In Fiscal Year 17/18, the City imposed density requirements on the number of short-term rentals. In Fiscal Year 18/19, short-term rental revenues were \$1.8 million. In May of 2019, the density requirements were implemented reducing the number of short-term rentals from 254 to 197. In November of 2018, 74.9% of voters approved Measure U, which allowed the City to increase the TOT rate from 10%-12%. At that same time, a successful citizen's initiative was also approved which would eliminate STR's outside of the Coastal and Commercial zones in May of 2020. This further reduced the number of STR properties to just under 80 properties. These changes, combined with the impact of COVID-19, contributed to the reduction in the short-term rental TOT over the last four fiscal years.

Transient occupancy tax receipts typically respond quickly to changes in economic conditions, which was most evident during the pandemic. In Fiscal Year 19/20, TOT revenues yielded approximately \$4.9 million, which is 21% or approximately \$1.3 million less than the prior year. This significant decrease was largely due to the impact of COVID-19 and the corresponding March 2020 Shelter-in-Place order, which disallowed non-essential

travel. In Fiscal Year 20/21 this trend continued, with commercial and short-term rental revenues further declining by \$811,000 or 22.3%; and 457,000 or 37.7%, respectively. These reductions reflected varying levels of travel restrictions, shifting periods of economic improvement, and a planned decrease in the number of short-term rentals. Due to the impact of COVID-19, the increase in TOT is not apparent in the first two years following implementation.

In Fiscal Year 21/22, transient occupancy revenues increased significantly, reaching \$6.3 million. This represents an increase of approximately \$2.7 million or 73%, when compared to the prior year. This can be attributed due to increased travel, as well as general increases in room rates. TOT revenues continued to increase in Fiscal Year 22/23 by approximately \$280,000 or 4.5%. In the General Fund Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance; Transient Occupancy Tax is combined with short-term rental licensing and application fees. These two individual revenue sources represent \$6,553,000 and \$83,000, respectively.



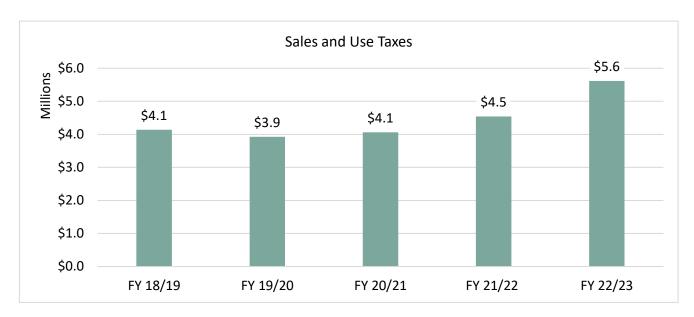
Two new potential sources of TOT could be derived from a new 101 room boutique hotel in the downtown area; as well as a proposed new hotel at the current American Tin Cannery (ATC) shopping and outlet center. The downtown Kimpton Pacific Grove Hotel broke ground in September of 2023, with construction anticipated to be completed in 2025. In Fiscal Year 19/20, planning processes were also initiated to review opportunities for a 225-room hotel at the current ATC site, which is located across the street from the oceanfront recreational trail. Proceedings on this project have been delayed due to legal and Coastal Commission challenges. While the applicant feels good about the prospects of receiving Coastal Commission approval, there will likely be a reduction in the number of rooms, as well as square footage. Staff will be monitoring the progress of both developments, as well as other trends to assist with long-term projections.

Sales and Use Tax Revenues

Sales and Use Tax revenues represent the third largest source or 18.4% of General Fund revenues. In Fiscal Year 22/23, the largest share of sales and use tax was generated from the following segments: Restaurants and Hotels

at 25%, General Consumer Goods at 19%, and Building and Construction at 15%. While these same segments were consistent with the prior year, the Restaurants and Hotels category declined to 19% during the pandemic.

The chart below provides five-year trends for sales and use tax. In Fiscal Year 18/19, sales tax receipts were \$4.1 million. In Fiscal Year 19/20, sales tax was initially projected to be \$4.2 million, however due to COVID 19, revenues declined to \$3.9 million. In Fiscal Year 20/21 sales and use tax revenues began to improve, with annual receipts returning to \$4.1 million. This included greater than average receipts from the Building and Construction; and Auto and Transportation industries. In Fiscal Year 21/22, sales tax reached \$4.5 million, which represents highest level of growth within the first four fiscal years.



In April of 2022, approximately 60% of voters approved Measure A, a new 0.50% transaction and use tax. This increased the combined sales tax rate from 8.75% to 9.25% in October of 2022. In Fiscal Year 22/23, sales tax revenues increased by approximately \$1.1 million. This was largely due to the receipt of three quarters of Measure A revenues. The revenues projected in the Fiscal Year 23/24 Budget referenced a more traditional level of growth and a full year of Measure A receipts. This estimate was based on internal analysis and data provided by the City's sales tax consultant.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City's Budget and Financial Policy requires the City to use a five-year fiscal planning horizon, in which the annual budget is used as the first year of the forecast. This forecast assists in identifying important trends and understanding long-term consequences of budget decisions. In prior years, the City implemented several measures to maintain resiliency and respond to economic challenges, which included significantly reducing the workforce, deferring capital improvements, and implementing a strong reserve policy. Economic growth continued, with the general fund using unassigned fund balance above reserve levels to support one-time capital improvements. This prudent planning resulted in the State Auditor's website listing the City as one of twenty-one Cities in California that would likely have sufficient reserves to help absorb COVID-19 revenue losses (2).

The City's most recent five-year forecast was provided as part of the budget adoption process in June 2023. An update to the forecast is planned in the third quarter of Fiscal Year 23/24. Additional details regarding some of the considerations, recommendations, and major initiatives are included in the subsequent and Relevant Financial Policy Sections of this Transmittal.

2. California State Auditor - Impact of the COVID-19 Response Cities Facing Significant Financial Challenges , retrieved 11/23/20

Major Initiatives

Focused Priority Areas

In the third quarter of Fiscal Year 22/23, the City adopted the new Community Goals and Workplan. The Focused Priority Areas and budgetary allocations are listed below:

Recreation Services

This Community Goal focuses on offering a robust and accessible recreational and cultural activity for all ages. Specific objectives included expanding hours and services at the City's Youth Center; expanding or reinstating after-school and recreational activities; and evaluating fees for City facility rentals to encourage more community use. To assist in achieving this goal, the Fiscal Year 23/24 Adopted Budget included approximately \$217,000 in new funding to support 2.75 new positions and increased seasonal staffing; and a greater allocation for program supplies. A contract was also awarded for a comprehensive fee study in Fiscal Year 22/23, which will assist in the evaluation of facility rental fees. The study is expected to be complete prior to the adoption of the Fiscal Year 24/25 Budget.

Infrastructure

Pacific Grove is a historic community. Like many older municipalities in California, Pacific Grove has deferred facility and infrastructure maintenance. The Infrastructure Area of Focus expands on the City's existing efforts, with the goal of enhancing the process for prioritizing, scheduling, and completion of CIP projects; and developing a Complete Streets Policy to design safe walking paths, sidewalks, bike lanes, and signage. In the Fiscal Year 23/24 Adopted Budget, the City allocated \$150,000 to develop a targeted Facility Asset Management and Prioritization Study; and \$125,000 for a Complete Streets Policy. These documents would serve as planning tools to assist with future projects.

In addition to the forthcoming studies, the City references a 2019 Pavement Management Program (PMP) Study and a 2014 Sewer Collection System Master Plan to plan for capital projects. The PMP Study indicated that the City's average Pavement Condition was "Fair", with a pavement condition index (PCI) rating of 55. The report also determined that over a ten-year period, an annual investment of \$1.8 million would be needed to maintain streets at their overall current PCI level, and \$2.6 million would be needed to improve the streets to a PCI level of 70 or a "Good" rating. In Fiscal Year 22/23, the City expended over \$1.7 million in street-related projects. In Fiscal Year 23/24, the amount budgeted for street-related projects was also \$1.7 million. This includes a General Fund contribution of \$550,000 to meet a minimum maintenance of effort (MOE) requirement; and a \$1.2 million appropriation from special revenue funds. An additional \$2.3 in funds were carried forward from the prior year.

The City of Pacific Grove also owns and operates the community's sewer collection system, which consists of approximately 58 miles of pipelines, 900 manholes, and 7 pump stations. The City's ten-year Sewer Collection System Master Plan identified multiple projects, as well as revenue requirements to meet funding goals. To fund these improvements, a multi-year corresponding fee increase was approved beginning in Fiscal Year 15/16. In Fiscal Year 22/23, the City expended \$694,000 on sewer infrastructure projects. In Fiscal Year 23/24, \$2.1 million was included in the Adopted Budget to support planned improvements, while \$1.26 in funds were carried forward from the prior year.

Environmental Stewardship

This goal was established to focus on implementing environmentally sustainable practices that protect wildlife and the coastal community. Key objectives include completing a Climate Action and Adaptation Plan, initiating a citywide tree improvement and management plan, protecting wildlife, and reviewing,

updating, and implementing a George Washington Park (GWP) Master Plan. In the Fiscal Year 23/24 Budget, an additional \$193,000 was allocated to develop a Climate Action and Adaptation Plan, purchase trees and planting supplies; and conduct a GWP biological resources assessment. The City also approved an additional \$97,000 to hire a half-time maintenance worker dedicated to tree maintenance, and increase a half-time Community Service Officer to a full-time position to assist with wildlife protection.

Affordable Housing

This area of focus supports a diversity of affordable housing opportunities. Key objectives include exploring and assessing the gathering of existing non-conforming accessory dwelling units (ADU's), completing the State mandated Housing Element Update, and initiating a feasibility and site selection process for the design and construction of an affordable housing project. The Sixth Cycle Housing Element will cover the period from 2023-2031; and incorporates the Regional Housing Needs Allocation (RHNA). This Element demonstrates that the City has the necessary regulations and supportive policies to facilitate housing production consistent with the projected needs at different income levels. The City's RHNA allocation requires Pacific Grove to plan for 1,125 additional housing units. To facilitate moving the Element forward, Community engagement efforts were initiated in Fiscal Year 21/22. In Fiscal Year 22/23, the City entered into an agreement with Rincon and Associates for \$227,918 to prepare the Housing Element. The resulting draft document was brought forward to Council in October of 2023, and was submitted to the State in November of 2023. In Fiscal Year 23/24, the City increased the Housing Element contract to \$1.2 million to support the Housing Element and related General Plan updates.

Evaluating the Local Water Project Finances

The City of Pacific Grove established the Pacific Grove Local Water Project (PGLWP), with the primary goal of producing high-quality recycled water to meet irrigation demands. The PGLWP commenced operations in Fiscal Year 17/18. Since its inception, the Local Water Project (LWP) has not maintained sufficient working capital to support operations and annual debt service payments. In Fiscal Year 20/21, the City approved a \$600,000 interfund loan from the Sewer Fund to bridge, the then current and projected shortfalls, while alternate solutions were evaluated. The operating deficits resulted from a cap placed on water rates in the City's golf course lease agreement; lower than anticipated demand, and greater operating costs. In August 2021, a draft PGLWP Business Plan was prepared, with ten-year financial projections to assist in assessing rates and funding capital improvements. A peer review was also conducted and confirmed the estimates within the Business Plan. This information was presented to Council on May 4, 2022. To assist in repaying the interfund loan, the Fiscal Year 22/23 and 23/24 Budgets allocated the projected proceeds from a one-time water entitlement promissory note to repay the loan principal. In addition, recycled water fees were increased to align with the PGLWP Business Plan and Peer Review. To assist in assessing the current golf course lease and guide potential negotiations, a consultant was retained to prepare a Market and Economic Evaluation Report. The study is anticipated to be complete in Fiscal Year 23/24.

Managing Rising Pension Costs

The City of Pacific Grove, like many municipalities throughout the State, is facing rising CalPERS pension costs. These increases primarily relate to changes in the CalPERS actuarial assumptions which include modifications to the discount rate, amortization policies, mortality rates, and the implementation of risk mitigation strategies. The City's estimated Fiscal Year 23/24 contribution for the normal and unfunded liability portions of pensions cost is approximately \$1.05 million and \$3.9 million, respectively. While the unfunded liability payment decreases by \$55,000 when compared to the prior year, the unfunded liability payment is anticipated to rise significantly in Fiscal Year 24/25 due to CalPERS investment losses. To assist with cost-containment, employees

in "classic" retirement plans have agreed to continue paying 3-5% of the employer's share of pension costs, in addition to their regular pension contributions.

Receiving Major Grants and Capital Contributions

American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Funds

In March 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) was established, which allocated \$350 billion in funding to states, local, territorial, and tribal governments that were affected by the coronavirus pandemic. The City qualified for \$3.7 million in ARPA funds under the Replace Public Sector Revenue criteria, with \$1.84 million disbursements occurring over a two-year period. In Fiscal Year 21/22, the ARPA distribution was primarily used to supplement projected revenue shortfalls; which provided the City with the ability to eliminate a 5-10% furlough, restore frozen positions, and reinstate funding for various programs and deferred expenditures. As part of the Fiscal Year 22/23 budget process, the City conducted public outreach efforts to gauge the community's preference for allocating the funds. In the Fiscal Year 22/23, the City allocated approximately \$1 million in ARPA funds towards capital projects, \$50,000 for various improvements identified in the Recreation Board's Park Inventory; and \$800,000 to assist with revenue recovery in the General Fund. At the close of Fiscal Year 22/23, approximately \$1.07 million of the appropriated funds were expended, with the remaining balance of \$956,075 carried forward into Fiscal Year 23/24.

• Cedar, Sunset, & Congress Intersection Improvements

In 2016, a Highway 68 Corridor Study was conducted in conjunction with the Transportation Agency of Monterey County (TAMC). The study determined there was a need for safety and multi-modal improvements at the five-way intersection at Cedar, Sunset, and Congress. The Fiscal Year 22/23 Adopted Budget included \$1 million in TAMC regional funds to commence the project, however the majority of the project funds were carried forward in Fiscal Year 23/24. The proposed \$5 million, three-year project will be funded through TAMC's "Regional" Measure X Allocation. This funding is in addition to the City's regular apportionment of Measure X taxes, which are maintained in a separate fund. This project will include the design, permitting, environmental review, and the construction of improvements at the intersection.

Retaining Employee Excellence

Retaining and recruiting a high-performance staff is essential to maintaining the long-term health of the City. This has become recently more challenging due to a limited pool of qualified applicants, combined with the high cost of regional housing. To assist in achieving this goal, compensation packages are balanced with the need to achieve fiscal stability. The Police Officers Association (POA) has a current memorandum of understanding (MOU) through June of 2024, which includes a 2% cost of living adjustment (COLA) in Fiscal Year 23/24. The City also entered into new three-year agreements with the General Employee Association (GEA) and the Management Employee Association (MEA) groups in Fiscal Year 23/34. These new agreements include a 3% COLA in each of the covered years and a modest increase in health benefits. All agreements include a provision for "classic" employees to pay a percentage of the employer's share of pension plan costs. "Classic" safety employees pay their regular 9% share of employee pension costs and 3% of the employer's pension costs, while "classic" miscellaneous employees pay their regular 7% share of employee pension costs and 5% of the employer's pension plan costs.

Relevant Financial Policies

Budget and Financial Management Polices

The City established Council Policy 400-6: Budget and Financial Management Policy to provide guidance on a number of financial topics. This Policy includes sections regarding the management of the operating and capital budget process; treasury and cash management; definition of appropriate reserve levels; debt management; and the safeguarding and recording of capital assets. This policy also includes a provision to incorporate a five-year fiscal planning horizon into the annual budget process, with the goal of identifying important trends and understanding long-term consequences of budget decisions.

A key component of the policy focuses on reserves or unassigned fund balance requirements. In Fiscal Year 17/18, the City evaluated the General Fund's fund balance policy to ensure it aligned with the best practices and fiscal sustainability goals. To assist with this effort, the City completed GFOA's Risk Assessment Model and reviewed financial benchmarks. As a result of this assessment, the minimum General Fund unassigned fund balance level was increased from 10% to 35% of operating expenditures. The updated policy also allocates the unassigned fund balance for the following priorities: 20% for cash flow and operations; 10% for fiscal stability, and 5% for contingencies or strategic opportunities. The balance is required to be maintained at that level, unless otherwise approved by the City Council. At the close of Fiscal Year 22/23, the City's General Fund unassigned fund balance was in compliance with the policy.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Pacific Grove for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This was the sixth year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the year-round dedication and efficiency of the City's Finance Department staff.

We would also like to express thanks and appreciation to the Mayor and Members of the City Council for their leadership and support; and commitment to fiscal sustainability and long-term financial planning.

Respectfully submitted,

J.1/16

Tori A. Hannah, Administrative Services Director/Assistant City Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

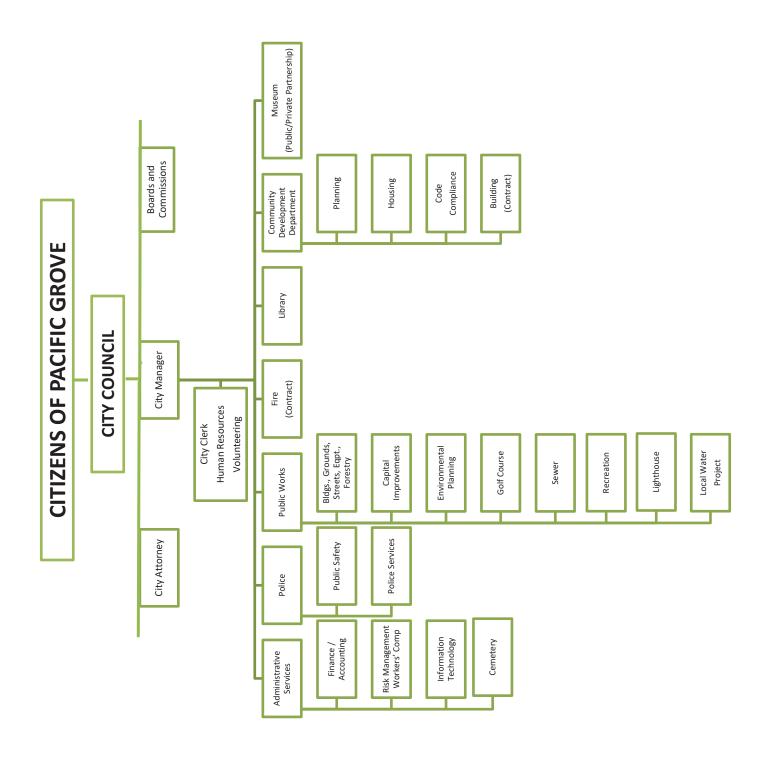
City of Pacific Grove California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



CITY OF PACIFIC GROVE LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor: Bill Peake

Mayor Pro Tempore: Nick Smith

Council Member: Joe Amelio

Council Member: Debby Beck

Council Member: Luke Coletti

Council Member: Lori McDonnell

Council Member: Chaps Poduri

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

City Manager: Ben Harvey

City Attorney: Brian Pierik

DEPARTMENT HEADS / ADMINISTRATORS

Administrative Services Director: Tori Hannah

Chief of Police: Cathy Madalone

City Clerk: Sandra Kandell

Community Development Director: Anastacia Wyatt

Fire Chief: Gaudenz Panholzer

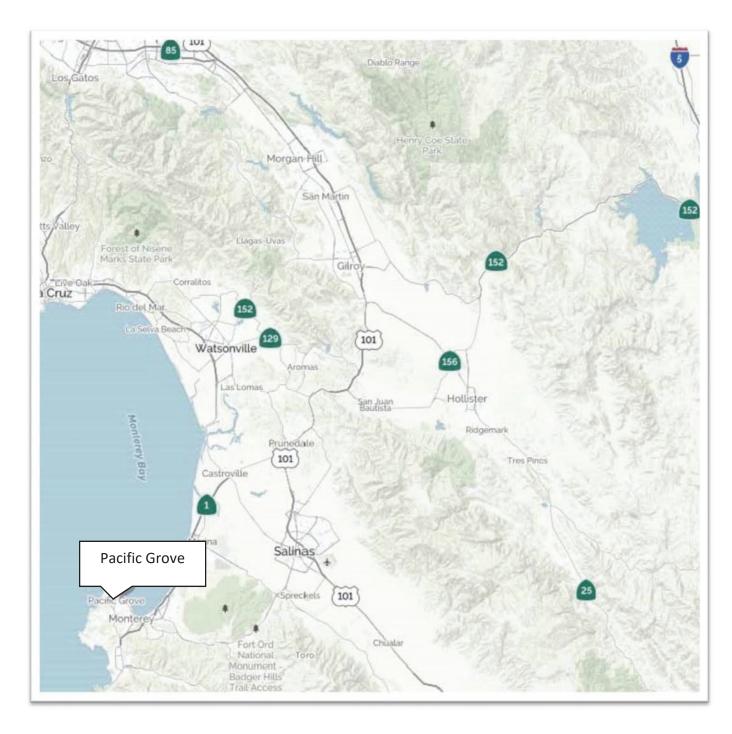
Human Resources Director: Leticia Livian

Public Works Director: Daniel Gho

Library Director: Diana Godwin



City of Pacific Grove







200 E. Sandpointe Avenue, Suite 600 Santa Ana, California 92707



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

www.pungroup.cpa



To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Pacific Grove
Pacific Grove, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pacific Grove, California (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Other Matters

Prior Period Adjustments

As discussed in Note 16 to the basic financial statements, net OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources were reallocated from governmental activities to business-type activities in an amount of \$348,623, and corrections were made to interest payable in the governmental activities in the amount of \$623,000 and unearned revenue in the governmental activities in the amount of \$1,383,169. Accordingly, beginning net position as of July 1, 2022, of the governmental activities and business-type activities were restated to reflect the correction of these errors. Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the City adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.







To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Pacific Grove
Pacific Grove, California
Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Pacific Grove
Pacific Grove, California
Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules – General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Contributions - Pensions, and the Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

The Red Group, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 15, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Santa Ana, California

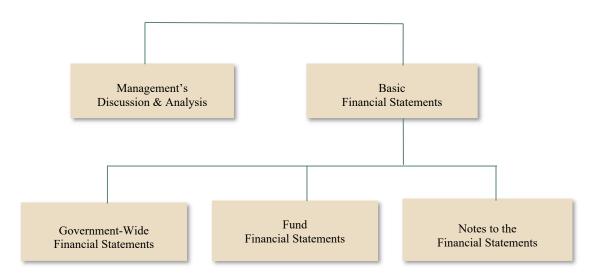
April 15, 2024

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INTRODUCTION

As management of the City of Pacific Grove (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of financial activities of the City, for the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here, in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal. This information can be found on pages i of this report. The required components of the report are listed below.

Required Components of the Annual Financial Report



FISCAL YEAR 2023 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-Wide Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources for the City exceeded the liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$49.1 million (net position). Of the net position, \$64.0 million was classified as net investment in capital assets; \$10.4 million recorded as restricted funds; and \$25.3 million categorized as a deficit unrestricted net position (negative net position). The negative unrestricted net position is largely due to the prior implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This pronouncement requires local governments to record pension liabilities and related deferrals in the government-wide financial statements.
- The City's net position increased by \$21.8 million. This included a \$19.7 million increase in the net
 position of Governmental Activities and a \$2.1 million increase in the net position of Business-Type
 Activities. A significant factor contributing to this increase includes changes to the City's pension
 liability and the corresponding recognition of deferred inflows and deferred outflows.
- City revenues increased by \$3.8 million, or 9.7%, when compared to the prior year. This includes growth of \$2.4 million in tax revenues, \$861,173 in Charges for Services, and \$917,486 in investment earnings. This was offset by a \$385,516 net reduction in grants and other revenues.

- City expenses decreased by \$20.1 million, with a significant amount of the reduction attributed to the
 reporting of changes in the actuarially determined pension expense associated with Government
 Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68. In Fiscal Year 2023, this included a \$12.5
 million credit to the amount of pension expense recorded in the governmental and business-type
 activities. Additional information can be found in the Government Wide Financial Analysis section of
 this document.
- The City's pension liability in accordance with *GASB 68* as of June 30, 2023 was \$52.3 million as compared to \$32.7 million in the prior year, while the Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 was \$4.3 million compared to \$5.1 million in the prior year. Deferred outflows of resources increased by approximately \$11.0 million, while deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$20.6 million. The changes in the pension liability and corresponding deferred outflows and deferred inflows; reflect strong investment CalPERS investment performance that was recognized in the prior year, followed by significant investment losses that were reported in the current year. These pension liability adjustments are identified in the City's actuarial report, which include differences between expected and actual earnings; expected and actual experiences; and changes in proportional allocations.
- The City's long-term debt decreased by \$1.9 million, or 11.4%, as a result of debt service payments made during the year.
- The City's net capital assets increased by \$2.5 million, or 3.6%.
- The City implemented a new accounting pronouncement, GASB 96 Subscription Based Information Technology Agreements (SBITAs). This pronouncement requires the City to record technology subscription liabilities at the present value of the payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subscription assets are recorded at the initial measurement of the subscription liabilities, and could include capitalized implementation costs. In accordance with this pronouncement, the City's SBITA liability as of June 30, 2023 was \$317,788; and subscription assets, net of amortization was \$429,597. Additional information on GASB Statement No. 96 can be found in Note 11.
- The City recorded a prior period adjustment to allocate a percentage of the OPEB liability and the related deferred inflow and outflows, from the government-wide activities to business activities. The amount allocated was \$348,623. An additional adjustment to accrued interest was made in the amount of \$643,266. Additional information on these adjustments can be found in Note 16.

Fund Highlights

- At the close of Fiscal Year 2023 the City's Governmental Funds reported a combined fund balance of \$25.0 million, which represents an increase of \$3.7 million in comparison with the prior year.
 Approximately 60.1% or \$15.0 million was classified as unassigned fund balance and was available for spending at the government's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund's unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) was \$15.0 million, or 51.9% of total general fund expenditures, prior to transfers. The General Fund's unassigned fund balance was also \$15.0 million or 51.9% of total general fund expenditures, prior to transfers. This percentage is above the City's policy level which targets a minimum unassigned fund balance at 35% of operating expenditures.

- The General Fund balance increased by \$2.8 million at the close of the fiscal year. This included
 operating revenues that were in excess of operating expenditures by \$2.6 million; and net nonoperating sources/uses in the amount of \$173,325.
- General Fund revenues and expenditures increased over the prior year by \$3.9 million or 14.1% and \$3.4 million or 13.5%, respectively. The increase in revenues is related to increased tax performance, continued economic recovery and one-time revenues. The increase in expenditures primarily reflects planned operating costs and capital transfers, as well as the purchase of a new fire engine.
- A prior period adjustment was recorded to allocate the OPEB liability to the *enterprise and internal* service funds in the amounts of \$348,623 and \$24,550, respectively; as well as reduce the accrued interest in the Local Water Project fund by \$20,266. Please see note 16 for additional information.
- Other Governmental Funds reported a prior period adjustment of \$1.38 million to change the
 accounting treatment for long-term housing loans. In Fiscal Year 2022 and prior years, the value of
 loans receivable was offset with an equivalent amount of unearned revenue. In the Fiscal Year 2023
 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), the offset to loans receivable has been changed from
 unearned revenue to a restricted fund balance. The value of loans receivable was disclosed in the
 prior year at the full and correct amount, with an equivalent offset to unearned revenue.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of (1) Government-Wide Financial Statements (2) Fund Financial Statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Government-Wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis, which means they measure the flow of all economic resources of the City as a whole. Government-Wide Financial Statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents financial information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or declining.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. This is consistent with a full accrual concept, which may result in the reporting of revenues and expenses in the current fiscal year, with cash flows occurring in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected revenues; and earned but not used vacation leave).

Both of the Government-Wide Financial Statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). An overview of the City's functions associated with each classification is listed below.

Governmental Activities – All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities. This includes general government, public safety, public works, recreation, library, museum, and community development. These services are supported by general City revenues such as taxes, and by specific program revenues such as development and recreation program fees.

Business-Type Activities – This City's enterprise activities include cemetery, sewer, water reclamation and golf operations. Unlike governmental activities, these services are fully supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of services they use.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements can be found on pages 26-29 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, called major funds. Major funds are presented individually, with all non-major funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Subordinate schedules present the detail of these non-major funds. Major funds present the major activities of the City for the fiscal year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities. The City's funds are segregated into three categories: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same function reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This represents a modified accrual basis of accounting, with capital assets, long-lived assets, and long-term liabilities excluded from the financial statements. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains thirty-eight governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, ASBS Grant Fund, Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) Fund, and Capital Improvements Projects Fund. These funds are considered to be major funds. Data from the other thirty-four governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The City adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 35-38 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City has the following four Enterprise Funds which are proprietary funds: Sewer, Cemetery, Local Water Project, and Golf Course Funds. Enterprise funds provide the same type of information as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Internal service funds are an accounting mechanism used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses three internal service funds to account for the management of its retained risks associated with liability self-insurance, workers compensation, and health insurance. Because these internal services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-Wide Financial Statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer, cemetery, golf course, and water reclamation operations, all of which are considered major funds for the City. Conversely, all internal service funds are provided combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds are provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 40-45 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting for fiduciary funds is much like that used for business-type activities. The City did not maintain any fiduciary funds during Fiscal Year 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements. The notes can be found immediately following the Fund Financial Statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required* supplementary information concerning the City's funding progress for its employee pension and OPEB obligations. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 94-99 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the *required supplementary information* on pensions and OPEB. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 107-124 of this report.

An un-audited statistical section provides historical and current data on financial trends, revenue and debt capacity, demographic and economic information, and operating information. This information can be found on pages 169-201 of this document.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Over time, net position may serve as an indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities by \$20.2 million at the close of Fiscal Year 2023. This represents an increase of \$21.8 million when compared to the prior year.

The following table summarizes the City's ending net position:

Table 1 - Net Position													
	Governmental Activities					Business-Ty	Activities	Total					
	2023 2022		2022		2023		2022		2023	2022			
Assets													
Current and other assets	\$	37,912,132	\$	33,989,852	\$	11,959,454	\$	10,498,942	\$	49,871,586	\$	44,488,794	
Capital assets		42,703,114		39,887,992		28,531,697		28,841,755		71,234,811		68,729,747	
Total Assets	\$	80,615,246	\$	73,877,844	\$	40,491,151	\$	39,340,697	\$	121,106,397	\$	113,218,541	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	20,411,891	\$	9,960,085	\$	906,222	\$	399,445	\$	21,318,113	\$	10,359,530	
Liabilities													
Current and other liabilities	\$	12,065,938	\$	13,246,616	\$	1,178,517	\$	958,840	\$	13,244,455	\$	14,205,456	
Noncurrent liabilities		61,892,717		44,710,534		9,121,474		8,381,957		71,014,191		53,092,491	
Total Liabilities	\$	73,958,655	\$	57,957,150	\$	10,299,991	\$	9,340,797	\$	84,258,646	\$	67,297,947	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	6,862,623	\$	26,383,070	\$	2,246,234	\$	3,288,632	\$	9,108,857	\$	29,671,702	
Net Position													
Net investment in capital assets	\$	42,333,875	\$	39,813,126	\$	21,619,974	\$	21,515,536	\$	63,953,849	\$	61,328,662	
Restricted		10,055,437		7,759,547		298,348		296,448		10,353,785		8,055,995	
Unrestricted		(32,183,453)		(47,103,341)		6,932,826		4,970,372	\$	(25,250,627)		(42,132,969)	
Total Net Position, as restated	\$	20,205,859	\$	469,332	\$	28,851,148	\$	26,782,356	\$	49,057,007	\$	27,251,688	

A significant portion, or \$64.0 million, of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, (e.g., land, buildings, general government infrastructure, equipment, etc.), less accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt that was used to acquire or construct those assets. Capital assets represent infrastructure which provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the liabilities.

The \$10.4 million amount classified as Restricted Net Position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. This includes \$10.1 million in funds restricted for governmental activities and \$298,348 for business-type activities. The restricted amount for governmental activities includes \$3.3 million in permanent endowments or trusts; \$1.4 million in receivables related to housing loans, and \$5.4 million in amounts collected for specific governmental programs or purposes. In the Business-Type Activities category, the \$298,348 balance represents funds set aside to meet debt covenant requirements. Complete details of each fund can be found in the fund descriptions and individual fund Statements of Net Position.

The remaining deficit balance of \$25.3 million is classified as unrestricted. This negative unrestricted balance has primarily resulted from reporting the City's pension liability in accordance with *GASB 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. The City participates in the CalPERS Miscellaneous and Safety pension plans. This pronouncement requires that local governments report a proportional share of their pension plan's net pension liabilities on financial statements. In Fiscal Year 2023, the City's proportionate share of the CalPERS pension liability was \$52.3 million. An additional contributing factor to the deficit balance, includes reporting (OPEB) in accordance with *GASB 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for OPEB*. This pronouncement requires local governments to report OPEB liabilities on financial statements. The City's OPEB liability for Fiscal Year 2023 is \$4.3 million. See notes 11 and 12 for detailed information related to the plans, along with the required supplementary information section of this report.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report a positive net position for the government as a whole. The reasons for the overall financial changes are discussed in the following sections for governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental and Business-Type Activities

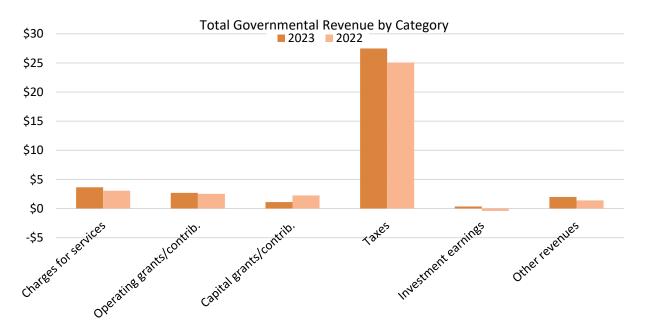
As shown in the *Statement of Changes in Net Position* schedule, the net position for Governmental Activities increased from a restated net position of \$469,332 to \$20.2 million. This \$19.7 million increase resulted from strong revenue performance of \$37.3 million, net of \$17.5 million in operating expenses and transfers to business-type activities. The expenses include an \$11.8 million credit for accounting conversion entries related to the pension liability.

The net position for business-type activities increased from \$26.8 million to \$28.9 million in the current fiscal year. This \$2.1 million increase is largely due to strong performance in service charges and investment earnings, net of decreases in operating expenses. This also includes a \$520,586 credit to pension expense in accordance with *GASB Statement No. 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. In Fiscal Year 2023, the City's total revenues and expenses were \$43.3 million and \$21.5 million, respectively. The combined change in net position was \$21.8 million.

An analysis of the changes in revenues and expenses by type of significant events follows:

Table 2 - Statement of Changes in Net Position												
	Governmental Activities			Increase		Business-Type Activities				Increase		
Functions/Programs		2023		2022		(Decrease)		2023		2022	(Decrease)	
Program Revenues												
Charges for services	\$	3,643,560	\$	3,061,497	\$	582,063	\$	5,855,243	\$	5,576,411	\$	278,832
Operating grants and contributions		2,689,705		2,526,917		162,788		-		-		-
Capital grants and contributions		1,109,485		2,248,708		(1,139,223)		-		-		-
Total Program Revenues		7,442,750		7,837,122		(394,372)		5,855,243		5,576,411		278,832
General Revenues												
Taxes		27,480,551		25,058,736		2,421,815		-		-		-
Investment earnings		345,550		(402,304)		747,854		151,223		(18,409)		169,632
Other revenues		1,991,162		1,400,243		590,919		-		-		-
Total General Revenues		29,817,263		26,056,675		3,760,588		151,223		(18,409)		169,632
Expenses												
General government		3,241,604		5,800,659		(2,559,055)		-		-		-
Public safety		7,895,196		16,706,460		(8,811,264)		-		-		-
Public works		2,809,143		6,611,056		(3,801,913)		-		-		-
Recreation		554,042		1,117,468		(563,426)		-		-		-
Library		741,061		1,437,706		(696,645)		-		-		-
Museum		223,551		431,708		(208,157)		-		-		-
Community development		1,426,245		4,075,001		(2,648,756)		-		-		-
Interest on fiscal charges		470,144		580,350		(110,206)		-		-		-
Cemetery operating		-		-		-		469,815		610,773		(140,958)
Sewer operating		-		-		-		2,158,900		2,842,577		(683,677)
Local water project		-		-		-		1,107,370		1,048,075		59,295
Golf course		-		-		-		364,089		281,320		82,769
Total Expenses		17,360,986		36,760,408	((19,399,422)		4,100,174		4,782,745		(682,571)
Transfers		(162,500)		(580,779)		418,279		162,500		580,779		(418,279)
Increase / (Decrease) in Net Position		19,736,527		(3,447,390)		23,183,917		2,068,792	-	1,356,036		712,756
Net Position, Beginning of Year		469,332		2,944,240		(2,474,908)		26,782,356		25,754,677		1,027,679
Prior Period Adjustments (Note 16)		_		972,482		(972,482)		-		(328,357)		(328,357)
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Restated		469,332		3,916,722		(3,447,390)		26,782,356		25,426,320		1,356,036
Net Position, End of Year	\$	20,205,859	\$	469,332	\$		\$	28,851,148	\$	26,782,356	\$	2,068,792
,			_				_		_		_	

Governmental revenues increased by \$3.4 million. The following chart summarizes the changes in revenues by category during Fiscal Year 2023:



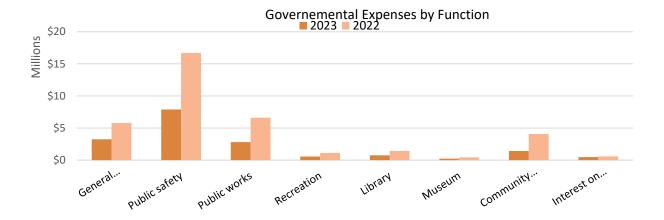
Significant changes in governmental revenues consisted of the following:

- Taxes increased by \$2.4 million or 9.7%, with the substantial net changes in the following categories:
 - Property taxes increased by approximately \$757,000 or 8.8%, which reflects the continuing strength in property values.
 - Transient occupancy taxes (TOT) increased by approximately \$284,000 or 4.2%. This includes an increase in General Fund transient occupancy tax receipts of approximately \$287,000; net of a \$3,000 reduction in pass-through taxes that were collected on behalf of the hospitality and tourism improvement districts.
 - Sales tax revenues increased by approximately \$1.1 million or 19.6%. This includes an increase in General Fund sales tax revenues of approximately \$1.07 million; and \$32,000 related to Special Revenue Funds. The General Fund revenues include new Measure A tax revenues for three quarters of the year.
 - o Franchise and Utility Users Taxes increased by approximately \$130,000 and \$157,000, respectively. This is primarily related to changes in underlying rates, as well as increased demand.
- The Charges for Services category increased by \$582,063 million or 19%. This growth was comprised of approximately \$311,000 in plan check and building permit fees; \$98,000 in recreation and lighthouse fees; \$67,000 in code enforcement receipts, and \$106,000 in various other categories.
- In Fiscal Year 2023, operating grants and contributions increased by \$162,788 based on program funding and reimbursement requests. In Fiscal Year 2023 capital grants and contributions decreased by \$1.1 million. This is primarily related to the use of \$1.05 million in State grants to complete the construction phase of the Stormwater Capture and Diversion and Point Pinos Trail projects.
- The total increase in investment earnings for Fiscal Year 2023 was \$747,854. The total investment revenues reported for governmental funds consisted of \$555,877 in interest earnings, a \$261,095 reduction in the fair value of investments; and \$50,769 in interest income related to the GASB 87-Leases pronouncement.

 Other revenues increased by \$590,919. This is primarily due to the receipt of \$989,000 in revenue recovery proceeds, net of reductions in water entitlement sales of \$134,000, refunds and rebates of \$101,000; and various one-time receipts.

Governmental Expenses

The Fiscal Year 2023 expenses for Governmental Activities decreased by \$19.4 million as illustrated in the chart below:



Significant changes in governmental expenses consisted of the following:

As part of the presentation of financial statements on a government-wide perspective, the net difference between internal service fund revenues and expenditures is allocated to departments, along with adjustments for actuarial pension reports. Additional allocations or conversion entries are needed to convert fund statements to a government-wide perspective. In Fiscal Year 2023, a \$10.0 million reduction in expenses was allocated to governmental activities through this conversion process. In the prior year, a \$10.9 million increase was allocated to governmental activities. The resulting \$20.9 million difference between the two years is the greatest contributing factor to the annual variance governmental expenses. The Fiscal Year 2023 allocation includes decreases of \$11.8 million for actuarial pension expense adjustments, as well as a \$97,254 decrease for internal service fund, compensated absences, and capitalized equipment. These amounts were offset by depreciation and OPEB expenses of \$1.8 million and \$110,000, respectively.

Changes in the amount of pension expense allocated to the governmental activities through the conversion process represent the most significant adjustment. To assist in recording the appropriate the pension liability and preparing the related transactions, the City contracts with an actuarial firm to provide a Consolidated GASB 68 Reporting Information document. In Fiscal Year 2022, for the CalPERS measurement period 20/21, the CalPERS investment portfolio returns exceeded the original actuarial projections. The City's proportionate share of the excess investment earnings was \$22.8 million. This investment earnings reduced the City's CalPERS net pension liability from \$45.6 million to \$32.7 million. However, the earnings are deferred over a 5-year period as required by GASB and the deferred inflow of resources is treated similarly to a liability, as it increases expenses and reduces net position in the government-wide statements. To update the net pension liability and record the appropriate deferred outflows and inflows of resources, an entry was made in the prior year to record the actuarially determined pension expense of \$13.4 million, net of the \$4.3 million contribution paid to CalPERS that was reported in the governmental fund statements. In Fiscal Year 2022, the resulting \$9.1 million difference was in the Statement of Activities, with \$8.6 million distributed to governmental activities, as well as the amount that was apportioned to internal service funds. This allocation effectively increased the governmental expenditures presented in the fund statements.

In Fiscal Year 2023, for the CalPERS measurement period 2022, CalPERS sustained an investment loss of approximately 7%. As a result, the City's pension liability increased from \$32.7 million to \$52.3 million. To account for this change, a \$12.5 million credit was allocated to the expenses, with \$11.8 million applicable to governmental activities, as well as the amount apportioned to internal service funds. This change is reflected in the Statement of Net Activities.

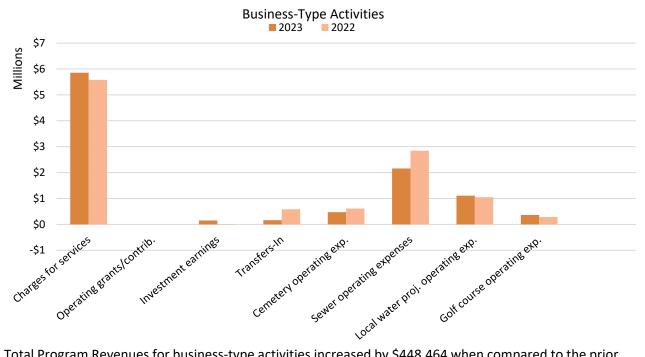
Details identifying operating expenditures and the conversion entries allocated to each activity are listed below.

- General government decreased by 44.1% or \$2.6 million. This reflects \$3.3 million in accounting conversion entries, net of increases in the general fund and other governmental funds of \$171,002 and \$549,182, respectively. The general fund increase primarily reflects increased contract, legal, and professional services; and technology equipment, net of savings within other categories. The growth within the other governmental funds mainly reflect reclassifying the Hospital Improvement District, the Downtown Business Improvement District, and the State Franchise PEG Fund expenditures from the community development activity to general government activity.
- Public safety costs decreased by 52.7% or \$8.8 million. This is primarily due to accounting conversion entries of \$9.6 million, net of increased operating costs. The general fund increase of \$939,367 reflects filling a greater number of vacant positions, rising unfunded liability payments, and rising fire service contract costs. The reduction in other governmental fund costs primarily represents a \$176,376 decrease in the Supplemental Law Enforcement Fund (SLEF). In the prior year, a new records management system, as well as e-citation software were purchased through the SLESF.
- Public Works costs decreased by 57.5% or \$3.8 million. Factors contributing to this decrease include \$4.2 million in accounting conversion entries; net of an increase in General Fund operating costs of \$412,927, and a reduction in governmental fund expenses of \$39,925. The general fund operating increase reflects an increase in salaries and benefits of \$286,000, contract services of \$125,000, and minor net increases in other categories. The increases in salaries and benefits reflect full staffing, a 2% cola, and rising unfunded pension liability payments.
- Recreation expenditures decreased by approximately 50.4% or \$563,426. Factors contributing to this decrease include accounting conversion entries of \$682,336, net of general fund increases of approximately \$96,690 related to a ramp-up of recreation programs; and a \$22,220 increase in other governmental funds.
- Library costs decreased by 48.5% or \$696,645. This reflects \$817,919 in accounting conversion entries; net of an increase of \$122,272 in general fund library operating costs and \$998 in other governmental funds. Factors contributing to the operating increase include growth of approximately \$115,000 in salary and benefits based on full staffing and additional increases of \$8,000 in other categories.
- Museum expenditures decreased by approximately \$208,157 or 48%. This includes accounting conversion entries of \$235,207, net of growth in general fund contract and operational costs of \$27,050.
- Community Development expenses decreased by 65.0% or \$2.6 million. This reflects \$2.2 million in accounting conversion entries; an increase in general fund operating costs of \$130,298; net of a reduction in other governmental fund expenditures of \$595,461. The reduction in other governmental fund expenditures primarily relates to reclassifying the Hospital Improvement District, the Downtown Business Improvement District, and the State Franchise PEG Fund expenditures from the Community Development activity to general government.
- Interest expense decreased by 19% or \$110,206 due to obligations generally requiring less interest as debt matures.

Business-Type Activities

The City's net position for business type activities increased by \$2.1 million. The operations of all business-type funds resulted in a positive increase in net position, with the exception of the Local Water Project. In Fiscal Year 2023, a combined \$520,586 reduction in pension expense was recorded in the Sewer and Cemetery Funds. This contributed to the overall increase in net position. The \$1.6 million net increase in the Sewer Fund is primarily earmarked for infrastructure improvements as part of the Sewer Collection System Master Plan. The \$346,077 reduction in the net position of the Local Water Project, reflects operating costs in excess of revenues, net of an interfund transfer of \$162,500 to assist in supplementing the annual deficit.

The following chart is a summary of the changes in revenues and expenses for the City's business-type activities from Fiscal Year 22/22 to 2023, with additional analysis following the chart:



Total Program Revenues for business-type activities increased by \$448,464 when compared to the prior year. This included a \$278,832 increase in service charges and a \$169,632 increase in investment revenues. In Fiscal Year 2023, the Charges for Services Category in the Golf Course and Sewer Funds increased by \$180,484 and \$127,260, respectively. These increases were primarily due to greater percentage-based revenues resulting from the golf course lease and planned rate increases in the Sewer Fund. Revenues within the Cemetery and Local Water Project Funds declined by a combined amount of \$28,312. This reduction was in response to the Cemetery site sales returning to made traditional levels, and minor declines in demand for recycled water.

Total General Revenues increased by \$169,632 when compared to the prior year. This increase was driven by strengthened investment performance, net of adjustments to the fair value of the investment portfolio. In Fiscal Year 2023, the City's investment earnings of \$151,223 included interest revenue of \$169,426, interest income of \$74,086 for leased properties in accordance with *GASB Statement No. 87-Leases*; net of a \$92,289 reduction in the fair value of the investment portfolio.

Total expenses for business-type activities were \$4.1 million for Fiscal Year 2023, which was a decrease of \$682,571 when compared to the prior year. The Sewer Fund reported expenses of \$2.2 million, which represented a decrease of \$683,677. This annual variance includes a \$731,400 difference in the amount of pension expenses recorded in accordance with *GASB Statement No. 68*, net of growth in operating costs. The Cemetery Fund reported expenses of \$469,815, which represented a decrease of \$140,958 when compared to the prior year. This reduction reflects a net decrease of \$168,829 in *GASB Statement No. 68* pension expense, net of an increase in operating costs. The Local Water Project and Golf Course Fund expenses increased by \$59,295 and \$82,769, respectively. The increases in the Local Water Project expenses were primarily related to contractual services and utilities, while the increase in the Golf Course costs were primarily related to supplies and materials.

In Fiscal Year 2023, the General Fund transferred \$162,500 in water entitlement revenues to the Local Water Project to continue assist in bridging operating deficits.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for particular purposes by the City's Council.

A summary of the changes in fund balance of the Major Funds and Other Governmental Funds is presented below:

Table 3 - Summary of Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds											
		Major Funds									
		General Fund		ASBS Grant Fund		CDBG Grant Fund		Cap. Imp. Projects Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Total
Total Revenues	\$ 3	1,509,321	\$	-	\$	4,419	\$	843,972	\$	4,895,986	\$ 37,253,698
Total Expenditures	28	8,892,680		-		-		1,386,293		3,643,399	33,922,372
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 2	2,616,641	\$	-	\$	4,419	\$	(542,321)	\$	1,252,587	\$ 3,331,326
Transfers in		803,278		-		-		588,000		233,422	1,624,700
Transfers out		(975,919)		-		-		(1,859)		(809,422)	(1,787,200)
Proceeds from sale of assets		391		-		-		-		-	391
Inception of subscription liabilities		345,575		-		-		-		145,710	491,285
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2	2,789,966	\$	-	\$	4,419	\$	43,820	\$	822,297	\$ 3,660,502
Beginning of year, as Restated (Note 16)	12	2,235,387		23,629		1,275,223		(21,194)		7,834,596	21,347,641
End of year	\$ 1:	5,025,353	\$	23,629	\$	1,279,642	\$	22,626	\$	8,656,893	\$ 25,008,143

The General Fund balance increased by \$2.8 million. This included operating revenues exceeding operating expenses by \$2.6 million, with additional net changes to fund balance of \$173,325 from non-operating activities. This included net interfund transfers, proceeds from asset sales, and the inception of the new GASB Statement No. 96-Subscription Based Information Technology Agreements (SBITAs). The operating difference can be attributed to strong revenue performance, net of savings resulting from unexpended contract and professional services, and position vacancies. The transfers-in of \$803,278 primarily reflect an \$800,000 transfer from the American Rescue Plan Act Fund, less transfers-out of \$975,919 to the capital improvement, Local Water Project, and Public Safety Augmentation Funds. Additional details can be found in the Budgetary Highlights section of this document.

The ASBS Grant Fund records expenses for the City's Stormwater Capture and Diversion Project, as well as reimbursements from a \$4.4 million grant award from the State. In Fiscal Year 2022, the grant-funded project was complete, with no residual operating activities in Fiscal Year 2023.

The CDBG Grant Fund revenues reflect the repayment of revolving loans and interest earnings. In Fiscal Year 2023, the City did not receive any loan repayments or issue new loans. The revenue reflects interest earnings on the available fund balance. Of the \$1.3 million fund balance, \$490,203 is available to support new housing loans in the forthcoming year. The remaining \$789,439 represents long-term receivables that are unavailable for appropriation.

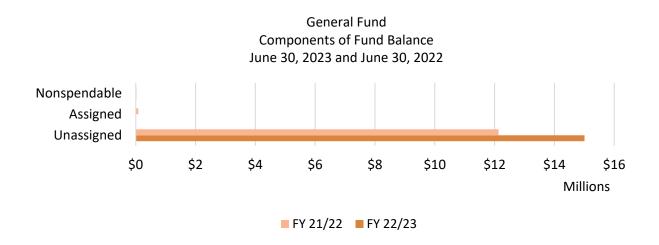
In Fiscal Year 2023, the *Capital Improvement Projects Fund* revenues include \$400,811 in State and County grant funding, \$441,455 in insurance reimbursements for fire damage repairs at the Public Works Corporation Yard, and net interest earnings. The \$1.4 million in expenditures reflect costs associated for approved projects and related operating expenditures. The transfers in of \$588,00 reflect a contribution of \$500,000 from the General Fund to finance street-related projects, \$75,000 for stormwater infrastructure; and \$13,000 to fund facility improvements. The transfer-out represents assistance to other governmental funds to support capital projects. All revenues received in this fund are used to support specific capital projects. The fund balance of \$22,626 reflects the amount that is available for approved or carried forward projects.

Information on Other Governmental Funds can be found in the Supplementary Section of this document.

Combined Funds – Components of Fund Balance

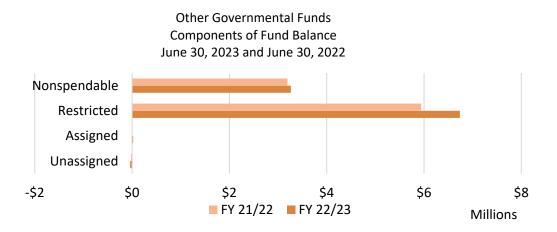
As of June 30, 2023, the City reported combined fund balances of \$25.0 million, which represents a \$3.7 million increase when compared to the prior year. Approximately 59.9%, or \$15.0 million, is classified as unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either non-spendable, restricted, or assigned. The non-spendable balance of \$3.3 million represents funds that are not in a spendable form, such as endowments and trust funds. The restricted balance of approximately \$6.7 million reflects funds that are legally required to remain intact, while the remaining \$22,626 represents funds that are assigned to a particular purpose.

General Fund – Components of Fund Balance



The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$15.0 million, and the total fund balance increased to \$15.0 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. The total general fund expenditures, prior to transfers is \$28.9 million. City Council Policy 400-6: Budget and Financial Management establishes a goal of retaining an unassigned General Fund balance of 35%. In Fiscal Year 2023, the General Fund's unassigned fund balance represented approximately 51.9% of the total general fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represented approximately 52.0% of total general fund expenditures. This placed the City in compliance with the City Council Policy 400-6. The subsequent charts provide an annual comparison of the fund balance components included in the general fund and the other governmental funds.

Other Governmental Fund - Components of Fund Balance



CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023 amounts to \$71.2 million (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This includes net capital assets from governmental activities of \$42.7 million and net capital assets from business type activities at \$28.5 million. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, and sewer systems. The total increase in the City's capital assets, net of depreciation and disposals was \$2.5 million or 3.6%. In Governmental Activities, the net increase in capital assets was \$2.8 million, or 7.1%, while business-type Activities decreased by \$310,060 or 1.1%. The following table summarizes the City's capital assets at the end of the year:

Table 4 - Capital Assets at Year End - Net

	Table 4 Capital Assets at Teal End - Net												
		Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total											
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022	% Change
Land	\$	2,338,270	\$	2,338,270	\$	362,973	\$	362,973	\$	2,701,243	\$	2,701,243	0.0%
Construction in progress		5,603,986		3,418,077		436,247		133,569		6,040,233		3,551,646	70.1%
Buildings and improvement		8,841,034		9,189,378		4,813,851		4,993,591		13,654,885		14,182,969	-3.7%
Infrastructure		24,691,259		24,080,045		22,458,821		22,826,208		47,150,080		46,906,253	0.5%
Machinery and equipment		798,968		862,222		459,805		525,414		1,258,773		1,387,636	-9.3%
Subscriptions (SBITAs)		429,597		-		-		-		429,597		-	100.0%
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	42,703,114	\$	39,887,992	\$	28,531,697	\$	28,841,755	\$	71,234,811	\$	68,729,747	3.6%

Major capital asset events during the fiscal year included the following:

Governmental Activities:

- Construction in Progress: The increase of \$2.2 million reflects the addition of \$2.9 million in partially completed assets, less \$670,000 in projects that have been completed. Significant additions for construction in progress includes \$1.0 million for street rehabilitation projects, \$730,000 for improvements at the Public Works Corporation Yard, and \$181,000 for parks and facility projects; along with \$915,000 for a new fire engine and bookmobile.
- Buildings, Improvements, and Infrastructure included the addition of \$1.7 million in assets, prior to depreciation. This included the following major projects:

Street and sidewalk projects: \$1.2 million

Stormwater projects: \$318,000Various other projects: \$182,000

- Equipment purchases increased by approximately \$151,000 prior to depreciation. This
 included the purchase of an Animal Control/Community Service Officer Van, parking meters,
 and significant fire engine repairs.
- Subscription Based Information Technology Agreements (SBITAs) were initially reported at \$429,597, net of amortization costs to be consistent with the new GASB Statement No. 96 – Accounting for SBITAs.

• Business-Type Activities:

- Construction in Progress: The increase of \$302,678 reflects the addition of \$381,353 in projects, less approximately \$78,675 that was transferred to completed projects for sewer infrastructure improvements.
- o Infrastructure additions of \$391,768 for the Sewer Main Line Improvements at Ocean View Boulevard and the sewer component of the Fiscal Year 2022 Street Rehabilitation Project.
- Building and Improvement additions of \$23,608 to replace the HVAC unit at the Golf Course facility.

Additional information on capital asset activity is described in the notes to the financial statements, Note 7.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

During the year, Long-Term Debt from governmental activities decreased by \$1.5 million or 16%, primarily due to regular debt service payments. Long-Term Debt attributable to business type activities decreased by \$414,496 or 5.7%. The reduction within the business-type category resulted from regular debt service payments.

The following table summarizes the City's debt at the end of the year:

Table 5 - Outstanding Long-Term Debt at Year End								
	Governmental Activities							
		2023		2022	% Change			
Pension Obligation Bonds		2,671,688	\$	3,521,352	-24.1%			
Accreted Interest		4,731,877		5,657,883	-16.4%			
PG&E Loan		51,451		74,866	-31.3%			
SBITA Liability		317,788			100.0%			
Total outstanding long-term debt	\$	7,772,804	\$	9,254,101	-16.0%			
		Bus						
		2023		2022	% Change			
2013 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds	<u> </u>	639,629	\$	703,945	-9.1%			
Golf Course COP Refunding		1,725,451		1,916,244	-10.0%			
Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan		4,546,643		4,706,030	-3.4%			
Total outstanding long-term debt	\$	6,911,723	\$	7,326,219	-5.7%			

Additional detail and information on long-term debt activity is described in the notes to the financial statements, Note 8.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Changes from the City's General Fund original budget to the final budget are detailed in the *Required Supplementary Information* section along with a comparison to actual activity for the year ended, June 30, 2023.

At the time the FY 2023 budget was adopted, City revenues were projected to be \$29.6 million or 10.9% greater than the prior year. Expenditures were also originally estimated at \$28.8 million, which represented growth of \$2.2 million or 8.4%. This initial estimate included \$975,000 in new Measure A sales tax revenues for three quarters of the year, as well as conservative, but continued economic growth. Expenditures were anticipated to increase based on rising CalPERS unfunded liability payments, an estimated 3% cost of living increase for employees, as well as increases for additional contract services.

The City originally estimated that a \$57,782 drawdown from fund balance was needed to assist with budgetary shortfalls. In the final budget, this was amended to a positive change in fund balance of \$86,648. Due to better than anticipated revenue performance and unexpended appropriations, the net change in fund balance increased to \$2.8 million. While this represents a \$2.7 million difference when compared to the final budget, approximately \$890,000 was encumbered or set aside for specific contracts and equipment purchases.

Additional contributing factors are listed below.

Revenues

The General Fund original and final revenue budgets were \$29.6 and \$30.8 million, with actual revenues recorded at \$31.5 million. The overall budgetary difference of \$625,438 from the final budget was primarily related to greater than anticipated performance in tax revenues of \$428,639, greater than anticipated one-time revenues of \$391,269, and \$47,584 net growth in various categories. These amounts were offset by \$242,054 in grant reimbursement revenues that align with a corresponding reduction in expenditures.

The \$803,278 in transfers primarily reflect an \$800,000 transfer from the American Rescue Plan Act Fund to reimburse the General Fund for operating expenditures.

Expenditures

The General Fund original expenditure budget was \$28.8 million and the final budget was \$30.7 million. The actual expenditure totaled \$28.9 million, which resulted in a net difference of \$1.8 million from the final budget. This budgetary variance consisted of approximately \$1.06 million in contracts, \$496,000 in salaries and benefits; and \$255,000 in capital expenditures, net of changes in other categories. Approximately \$890,000 of these expenditures were carried forward into Fiscal Year 2023.

The \$975,919 in transfers-out represents \$588,000 in funding for capital improvement projects, \$224,000 to the Public Safety Augmentation Fund to support emergency communication center services; \$162,500 transfer of pledged water entitlement sales to assist with the local water project operating deficits, and a \$1,419 miscellaneous transfer.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City's Fiscal Year 2024 Adopted Budget was developed with conservative optimism. At the time the budget was prepared, general fund revenues were exceeding their pre-pandemic levels, with taxes exceeding their original budgetary projections. The Fiscal Year 2024 General Fund revenues were adopted at \$31.3 million. This can be compared to the prior year adopted revenues of \$30.4 million, or \$29.6 million when adjusted for \$800,000 in one-time American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds.

In Fiscal Year 2024, the General Fund expenditure budget was adopted at \$32.1 million, which represents an increase of \$1.7 million more than the prior year adopted budget of \$30.4 million. This increase includes a \$500,000 placeholder for the General Plan, and planned increases to align with continued economic recovery. Factors that were considered in the development of the Fiscal Year 2023 Budget include:

- Conservative growth in transient occupancy taxes of \$600,000 or 10.1%, when compared to the
 prior year adopted budget; however, this represents an increase of 1.2% above the fiscal year
 2023 final budget.
- A property growth rate of 4% on real property and supplemental property assessments.
- Sales tax revenues are projected to increase by 6.1% or \$341,000 when compared to the prior year adopted budget. This includes a full year of Measure A revenues, as compared to three quarters in the prior year.
- A 2% estimated salary increase for all employees and the addition of 2.0 regular positions.
- A \$500,000 placeholder for the General Plan, with the final amount pending a revised proposal.
- Review of the CalPERS Retirement System's actuarially determined rates which include an estimated increase of \$74,000 in normal and unfunded liability payments.
- A drawdown of \$841,086 of the available fund balance.
- A transfer of \$625,187 in water entitlement sales to the Local Water Project.
- A \$811,311 reduction in the General Fund's share of pension obligation bond payments.
- The estimated Fiscal Year 2024 ending unassigned General Fund balance of \$11.3 million was
 prepared prior to receiving the actual Fiscal Year 2023 data. When this actual information is
 applied to the Fiscal Year 23/24 Adopted revenues and expenditures, the revised ending
 unassigned fund balance is estimated to be \$14.2 million, which places the General Fund balance
 above the reserve policy levels.

Additional information related to the key revenues, expenditures, and major initiatives are included in the Transmittal Section of this document

Request for Financial Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all of Pacific Grove's residents, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Department of Finance at 300 Forest Avenue, Pacific Grove, CA 93950, or visit the City webpage at www.cityofpacificgrove.org.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Pacific Grove Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

		Primary Government					
	Governmental	Business-Type					
	Activities	Activities	Total				
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and investments	\$ 23,638,189	\$ 8,824,523	\$ 32,462,712				
Restricted cash and investments	55,151	298,348	353,499				
Receivables:							
Taxes	2,537,986	-	2,537,986				
Accounts	1,091,344	749,859	1,841,203				
Loans, due within one year	-	40,513	40,513				
Leases, due within one year	71,038	350,079	421,117				
Interest	137,898	2,250	140,148				
Prepaid items	751,784		751,784				
Total current assets	28,283,390	10,265,572	38,548,962				
Noncurrent assets:	,						
Loans receivable, due in more than one year	1,313,168	-	1,313,168				
Leases receivable, due in more than one year	1,490,488	1,693,882	3,184,370				
Availiable for sale assets	6,825,086	-	6,825,086				
Capital assets:							
Nondepreciable/amortizable	7,942,256	799,220	8,741,476				
Depreciable/amortizable, net	34,760,858	27,732,477	62,493,335				
Total capital assets	42,703,114	28,531,697	71,234,811				
Total noncurrent assets	52,331,856	30,225,579	82,557,435				
Total assets	80,615,246	40,491,151	121,106,397				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Related to pensions	19,889,393	864,374	20,753,767				
Related to OPEB	522,498	41,848	564,346				
Total deferred outflows of resources	20,411,891	906,222	21,318,113				

City of Pacific Grove Statement of Net Position (Continued) June 30, 2023

	Primary Government					
	Governmental	Business-Type				
	Activities	Activities	Total			
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 2,881,249	\$ 650,675	\$ 3,531,924			
Deposits and other liabilities	62,343		62,343			
Interest payable	1,253	55,575	56,828			
Unearned revenue	6,964,343	-	6,964,343			
Claims payable - due within one year	267,243	_	267,243			
Compensated absences - due within one year	333,721	46,177	379,898			
Long-term debt - due within one year	1,555,786	426,090	1,981,876			
Total current liabilities	12,065,938	1,178,517	13,244,455			
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	6,217,018	6,485,633	12,702,651			
Claims payable - due in more than one year	571,031	-	571,031			
Compensated absences - due in more than one year	1,001,161	138,532	1,139,693			
Net pension liability	50,117,153	2,178,041	52,295,194			
Net OPEB liability	3,986,354	319,268	4,305,622			
Total noncurrent liabilities	61,892,717	9,121,474	71,014,191			
Total liabilities	73,958,655	10,299,991	84,258,646			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Related to leases	1,490,203	1,976,125	3,466,328			
Related to pensions	4,372,426	190,019	4,562,445			
Related to OPEB	999,994	80,090	1,080,084			
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,862,623	2,246,234	9,108,857			
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	42,333,875	21,619,974	63,953,849			
Restricted for:	,,	,,				
Insurance	55,151	_	55,151			
Social service programs	2,045,460	_	2,045,460			
Public safety	355,266	-	355,266			
Community development	4,848,780	-	4,848,780			
Lost revenue recovery	1,074,164	-	1,074,164			
Street improvements	1,676,616	-	1,676,616			
Debt service	<u> </u>	298,348	298,348			
Total restricted	10,055,437	298,348	10,353,785			
Unrestricted (deficit)	(32,183,453)	6,932,826	(25,250,627)			
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 20,205,859	\$ 28,851,148	\$ 49,057,007			

City of Pacific Grove Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program Revenues							
				(Operating	Capital		Total	
			Charges for	Grants and		Grants and		Program	
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions	Co	ontributions	Revenues	
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 3,241,604	\$	1,439,808	\$	1,576,340	\$	267,219	\$	3,283,367
Public safety	7,895,196		593,308		467,361		-		1,060,669
Public works	2,809,143		21,550		485,653		842,266		1,349,469
Recreation	554,042		452,660		9,613		-		462,273
Library	741,061		2,132		147,054		-		149,186
Museum	223,551		-		-		-		-
Community development	1,426,245		1,134,102		3,684		-		1,137,786
Interest and fiscal charges	 470,144		_		-		-		-
Total governmental activities	 17,360,986		3,643,560		2,689,705		1,109,485		7,442,750
Business-type Activities:									
Cemetery	469,815		773,195		-		-		-
Local Water Project	1,045,865		597,011		-		-		-
Sewer	2,136,404		3,693,156		-		-		-
Golf	 282,177		791,881		_				_
Total business-type activities	 3,934,261		5,855,243						
Total primary government	\$ 21,295,247	\$	9,498,803	\$	2,689,705	\$	1,109,485	\$	7,442,750

City of Pacific Grove Statement of Activities (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total				
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 41,763	\$ -	\$ 41,763				
Public safety	(6,834,527)	-	(6,834,527)				
Public works	(1,459,674)	-	(1,459,674)				
Recreation	(91,769)	-	(91,769)				
Library	(591,875)	-	(591,875)				
Museum	(223,551)	-	(223,551)				
Community development	(288,459)	-	(288,459)				
Interest and fiscal charges	(470,144)	<u> </u>	(470,144)				
Total governmental activities	(9,918,236)		(9,918,236)				
Business-type Activities:							
Cemetery	-	303,380	303,380				
Local Water Project	-	(448,854)	(448,854)				
Sewer	-	1,556,752	1,556,752				
Golf		509,704	509,704				
Total business-type activities		1,920,982	1,920,982				
Total primary government	(9,918,236)	1,920,982	(7,997,254)				
General revenues and transfers:							
General revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	9,330,981	-	9,330,981				
Sales and use taxes	6,734,940	-	6,734,940				
Franchise and other taxes	1,620,136	-	1,620,136				
Transient occupancy taxes	7,105,256	-	7,105,256				
Utility users taxes	2,097,934	-	2,097,934				
Business license tax	425,691	-	425,691				
Other taxes	165,613		165,613				
Total taxes	27,480,551	-	27,480,551				
Investment income	345,550	151,223	496,773				
Miscellaneous	1,991,162	(165,913)	1,825,249				
Total general revenues	29,817,263	(14,690)	29,802,573				
Transfers	(162,500)						
Changes in net position	19,736,527	2,068,792	21,805,319				
Net position (deficit) - beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	469,332	26,782,356	27,251,688				
Net position - end of year	\$ 20,205,859	\$ 28,851,148	\$ 49,057,007				

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Fund Financial Statements
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

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GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

General Fund - To account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

ASBS Grant Fund - This fund accounts for grants from the State Water Resources Control Board and expenditures related to discharge prohibition in and around the ocean..

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund - This special revenue fund was established to account for amounts received from Community Development Block Grants and for the loan and administrative activities of the City's various CDBG grants.

Capital Improvement Projects Fund - This Capital Improvement Projects Fund accounts for capital projects funded fully or in part by discretionary General Fund revenues. These projects are distinct from projects funded by the self- supporting Enterprise Funds or Special Revenue Funds.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds - To account for the aggregate of all the nonmajor governmental funds.

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City of Pacific Grove Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

ASBS CDBG Final Final			Major				
Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Funds Fun					-	Nonmajor	Total
Receivables:					-		
Receivables: Accounts 315,096 447,197 123,575 16,667 902,537,986 Taxes 2,161,712 - - 376,274 2,537,986 Loans 1,561,526 - 789,439 - 523,729 1,313,168 Leases 1,561,526 - - 2,016 137,898 Prepaid items 18,486 - - - 531,742 Due from other funds 518,302,762 \$ 447,197 \$1,279,642 \$ 460,435 \$ 9,486,334 \$ 29,976,370 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES LiABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES LiABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE	ASSETS		. '				
Receivables: Accounts 315,096 447,197 123,575 16,667 2537,986 Taxes 2,161,712 - 789,439 376,274 2,537,986 Loans - 789,439 523,729 1,313,168 Leases 1,561,526 - - 2,016 137,888 Prepaid items 18,486 - - - 513,486 Due from other funds 531,742 - - - 53,486 Total assets \$18,302,762 \$447,197 \$1,296,642 \$460,435 \$9,486,334 \$2,9976,370 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES LiABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES LiABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Lacounts payable \$18,302,762 \$437,197 \$437,802 \$818,502 \$2,852,684 Deposits and other liabilities 62,343 - - 1,076 132,524 Due to other funds 1,787,206 423,568 -	Cash and investments	\$ 13,578,318	\$ -	\$ 490,203	\$ 336,860	\$ 8,567,648	\$ 22,973,029
Taxes	Receivables:						
Taxes	Accounts	315,096	447,197	_	123,575	16,667	902,535
Loans	Taxes	2,161,712	-	-	-	376,274	2,537,986
Leases	Loans	-	-	789,439	-	523,729	
Prepaid items	Leases	1,561,526	-	-	-		
Prepaid items	Interest		_	-	-	2,016	
Total assets	Prepaid items		_	-	-	· -	
Total assets	-		_	_	-	_	
Name	Total assets	\$ 18,302,762	\$ 447,197	\$1,279,642	\$ 460,435	\$ 9,486,334	\$ 29,976,370
Capabilities							
Accounts payable \$ 1,596,373 \$ - \$ \$ 437,809 \$818,502 \$ 2,852,684 Deposits and other liabilities 62,343 - \$ 0.0 - \$ 172 62,343 Due to other funds 128,490 - \$ 0.0 10,767 1372 423,740 Unearned revenue 128,490 - \$ 0.0 437,809 829,441 3,478,024 Deferred inflows of resources: Lease-related 1,490,203 - \$ 0.0 - \$ 0.0 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - \$ 0.0 - \$ 0.0 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - \$ 0.0 - \$ 0.0 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - \$ 0.0 - \$ 0.0 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - \$ 0.0 - \$ 0.0 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - \$ 0.0 - \$ 0.0 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - \$ 0.0 - \$ 0.0 1,486	RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
Deposits and other liabilities 62,343 - - - 1 62,343 Due to other funds - 423,568 - - 172 423,740 Unearmed revenue 128,490 - - - 10,767 139,257 Total liabilities 1,787,206 423,568 - 437,809 829,441 3,478,024 Deferred inflows of resources Lease-related 1,490,203 - - - - - 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - - - - - - - 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - - - - - - - 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - - - - - 1,490,203 Total balances 18,486 - - - - 3,262,465 3,262,465	Liabilities:						
Due to other funds 423,568 - 172 423,740 Uncarned revenue 128,490 - - 10,767 139,257 Total liabilities 1,787,206 423,568 - 437,809 829,441 3,478,024 Deferred inflows of resources: Lease-related 1,490,203 - - - - 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - - - - - 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - - - - - 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - - - - - - - 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - - - - - - - - - - 1,490,203 Total balances 18,486 - - - - - - - <td>Accounts payable</td> <td>\$ 1,596,373</td> <td>\$ -</td> <td>\$ -</td> <td>\$ 437,809</td> <td>\$ 818,502</td> <td>\$ 2,852,684</td>	Accounts payable	\$ 1,596,373	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 437,809	\$ 818,502	\$ 2,852,684
Unearned revenue 128,490 - - - 10,767 139,257 Total liabilities 1,787,206 423,568 - 437,809 829,441 3,478,024 Deferred inflows of resources: Lease-related 1,490,203 - - - - - 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - - - - - 1,490,203 Fund balances: Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - - - - - 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - - - - - 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - - - - - 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - - - - - 1,242,626 3,262,465 3,262,465 - - - 1,232,392 2,045,460 <td>Deposits and other liabilities</td> <td>62,343</td> <td>-</td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>62,343</td>	Deposits and other liabilities	62,343	-	_	-	-	62,343
Total liabilities 1,787,206 423,568 - 437,809 829,441 3,478,024 Deferred inflows of resources: Lease-related 1,490,203 - - - - 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - - - - 1,490,203 Fund balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid items 18,486 - - - - 18,486 Permanent funds - - - - - 18,486 Permanent funds - - - - - 18,486 Permanent funds - - - - 3,262,465 3,262,465 Restricted: - - - - 3,262,465 3,262,465 Restricted: - - - - - 3,562,465 35,266 6 35,266 6 35,266 6 355,266 20,45,460 1,096,112 1,586,315	Due to other funds	-	423,568	-	-	172	423,740
Lease-related	Unearned revenue	128,490	-	-	-	10,767	139,257
Lease-related 1,490,203 - - - - 1,490,203 Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - - - - 1,490,203 Fund balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid items 18,486 - - - - 18,486 Permanent funds - - - - 3,262,465 3,262,465 Restricted: Social service programs - 23,629 789,439 - 1,232,392 2,045,460 Public safety - - - - 355,266 355,266 Community development - - 490,203 - 1,096,112 1,586,315 Lost revenue recovery - - - - 1,074,164 1,074,164 Street improvements - - - - 1,676,616 1,676,616 Assigned: -	Total liabilities	1,787,206	423,568		437,809	829,441	3,478,024
Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - - - - 1,490,203 Fund balances: Nonspendable: - - - - 18,486 Permanent funds - - - - 3,262,465 3,262,465 Restricted: - - - - 3,262,465 3,262,465 Restricted: - - - - - 1,232,392 2,045,460 Public safety - - - - - 355,266 355,266 Community development - - - - - 355,266 355,266 Community development - - - - 1,096,112 1,586,315 Lost revenue recovery - - - - 1,074,164 1,074,164 Street improvements - - - - 1,676,616 1,676,616 Assigned: - - - -	Deferred inflows of resources:						
Total deferred inflows of resources 1,490,203 - - - - 1,490,203 Fund balances: Nonspendable: - - - - 18,486 Perpaid items 18,486 - - - - 18,486 Permanent funds - - - - 3,262,465 3,262,465 Restricted: Social service programs - 23,629 789,439 - 1,232,392 2,045,460 Public safety - - - - 355,266 355,266 Community development - - - - - 355,266 355,266 Community development - - - - 1,096,112 1,586,315 Lost revenue recovery - - - - 1,074,164 1,074,164 Street improvements - - - - 1,676,616 1,676,616 Assigned: - - - <td>Lease-related</td> <td>1,490,203</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>1,490,203</td>	Lease-related	1,490,203	-	-	-	-	1,490,203
Nonspendable: Prepaid items 18,486 - - - 18,486 Permanent funds - - - 3,262,465 3,262,465 Restricted: Social service programs - 23,629 789,439 - 1,232,392 2,045,460 Public safety - - - - 355,266 355,266 Community development - - 490,203 - 1,096,112 1,586,315 Lost revenue recovery - - - - 1,074,164 1,074,164 Street improvements - - - - 1,676,616 1,676,616 Assigned: Capital projects - - - 22,626 - 22,626 Unassigned (deficit) 15,006,867 - - - (40,122) 14,966,745 Total fund balances 15,025,353 23,629 1,279,642 22,626 8,656,893 25,008,143	Total deferred inflows of resources	1,490,203	-	-	-	-	
Prepaid items 18,486 - - - - 18,486 Permanent funds - - - 3,262,465 3,262,465 Restricted: Social service programs - 23,629 789,439 - 1,232,392 2,045,460 Public safety - - - - 355,266 355,266 355,266 Community development - - 490,203 - 1,096,112 1,586,315 Lost revenue recovery - - - - 1,074,164 1,074,164 Street improvements - - - - 1,676,616 1,676,616 Assigned: Capital projects - - - 22,626 - 22,626 Unassigned (deficit) 15,006,867 - - - (40,122) 14,966,745 Total fund balances 15,025,353 23,629 1,279,642 22,626 8,656,893 25,008,143 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	Fund balances:						
Prepaid items 18,486 - - - - 18,486 Permanent funds - - - 3,262,465 3,262,465 Restricted: Social service programs - 23,629 789,439 - 1,232,392 2,045,460 Public safety - - - - 355,266 355,266 355,266 Community development - - 490,203 - 1,096,112 1,586,315 Lost revenue recovery - - - - 1,074,164 1,074,164 Street improvements - - - - 1,676,616 1,676,616 Assigned: Capital projects - - - 22,626 - 22,626 Unassigned (deficit) 15,006,867 - - - (40,122) 14,966,745 Total fund balances 15,025,353 23,629 1,279,642 22,626 8,656,893 25,008,143 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	Nonspendable:						
Permanent funds - - - - 3,262,465 3,262,465 Restricted: Social service programs - 23,629 789,439 - 1,232,392 2,045,460 Public safety - - - - - 355,266 355,266 Community development - - 490,203 - 1,096,112 1,586,315 Lost revenue recovery - - - - 1,074,164 1,074,164 Street improvements - - - - 1,676,616 1,676,616 Assigned: Capital projects - - - 22,626 - 22,626 Unassigned (deficit) 15,006,867 - - - - (40,122) 14,966,745 Total fund balances 15,025,353 23,629 1,279,642 22,626 8,656,893 25,008,143	-	18,486	-	-	-	-	18,486
Restricted: Social service programs - 23,629 789,439 - 1,232,392 2,045,460 Public safety 355,266 355,266 Community development 490,203 - 1,096,112 1,586,315 Lost revenue recovery 1,074,164 1,074,164 Street improvements 1,676,616 1,676,616 Assigned: Capital projects 22,626 Unassigned (deficit) 15,006,867 (40,122) 14,966,745 Total fund balances 15,025,353 23,629 1,279,642 22,626 8,656,893 25,008,143	-	-	-	-	-	3,262,465	3,262,465
Public safety - - - - 355,266 355,266 Community development - - 490,203 - 1,096,112 1,586,315 Lost revenue recovery - - - - 1,074,164 1,074,164 Street improvements - - - - 1,676,616 1,676,616 Assigned: Capital projects - - - 22,626 - 22,626 Unassigned (deficit) 15,006,867 - - - (40,122) 14,966,745 Total fund balances 15,025,353 23,629 1,279,642 22,626 8,656,893 25,008,143	Restricted:						
Public safety - - - - 355,266 355,266 Community development - - 490,203 - 1,096,112 1,586,315 Lost revenue recovery - - - - 1,074,164 1,074,164 Street improvements - - - - 1,676,616 1,676,616 Assigned: Capital projects - - - 22,626 - 22,626 Unassigned (deficit) 15,006,867 - - - (40,122) 14,966,745 Total fund balances 15,025,353 23,629 1,279,642 22,626 8,656,893 25,008,143	Social service programs	-	23,629	789,439	-	1,232,392	2,045,460
Community development - - 490,203 - 1,096,112 1,586,315 Lost revenue recovery - - - - 1,074,164 1,074,164 Street improvements - - - - - 1,676,616 1,676,616 Assigned: Capital projects - - - 22,626 - 22,626 Unassigned (deficit) 15,006,867 - - - (40,122) 14,966,745 Total fund balances 15,025,353 23,629 1,279,642 22,626 8,656,893 25,008,143 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		_	-	-	-		
Lost revenue recovery 1,074,164 1,074,164 Street improvements 1,676,616 1,676,616 Assigned: Capital projects 22,626 - 22,626 Unassigned (deficit) 15,006,867 (40,122) 14,966,745 Total fund balances 15,025,353 23,629 1,279,642 22,626 8,656,893 25,008,143 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	Community development	_	_	490,203	-		
Street improvements - - - - 1,676,616 1,676,616 Assigned: Capital projects - - - 22,626 - 22,626 Unassigned (deficit) 15,006,867 - - - - (40,122) 14,966,745 Total fund balances 15,025,353 23,629 1,279,642 22,626 8,656,893 25,008,143 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	*	_	_	-	-		
Assigned: Capital projects 22,626 - 22,626 Unassigned (deficit) 15,006,867 (40,122) 14,966,745 Total fund balances 15,025,353 23,629 1,279,642 22,626 8,656,893 25,008,143 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital projects - - - 22,626 - 22,626 Unassigned (deficit) 15,006,867 - - - - (40,122) 14,966,745 Total fund balances 15,025,353 23,629 1,279,642 22,626 8,656,893 25,008,143 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	-						
Unassigned (deficit) 15,006,867 - - - - (40,122) 14,966,745 Total fund balances 15,025,353 23,629 1,279,642 22,626 8,656,893 25,008,143 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	-	-	-	-	22,626	_	22,626
Total fund balances 15,025,353 23,629 1,279,642 22,626 8,656,893 25,008,143 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		15,006,867	-	-	-	(40,122)	
			23,629	1,279,642	22,626		
		\$ 18,302,762	\$ 447.197	\$1,279.642	\$ 460,435	\$ 9.486.334	\$ 29,976.370

City of Pacific Grove Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 25,008,143
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities were not current financial resources. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The capital assets were adjusted as follows:	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	7,942,256
Capital assets, depreciable/amortizable	63,294,160
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	(28,533,302)
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.	(1,253)
Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds' Balance Sheet.	
Long-term debt - due within one year	(1,555,786)
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	(6,217,018)
Compensated absences - due within one year, net of \$2,113 reported in the internal service funds	(331,608)
Compensated absences - due in more than one year, net of \$6,340 reported in the internal service funds	(994,821)
Net pension liability and the related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period or not available for current expenditures and are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements:	
Pension related deferred outflows of resources, net of \$290,286 reported in the internal service funds	19,599,107
Aggregate net pension liabilities, net of \$731,459 reported in the internal service funds	(49,385,694)
Pension related deferred inflows of resources, net of \$63,819 reported in the internal service funds	(4,308,607)
Net other postemployment benefits liability and the related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources	
are not due and payable in the current period or not available for current expenditures and are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements:	
OPEB related deferred outflows of resources, net of \$2,948 reported in the internal service funds	519,550
Aggregate net OPEB liabilities, net of \$22,483 reported in the internal service funds	(3,963,871)
OPEB related deferred inflows of resources, net of \$5,640 reported in the internal service funds	(994,354)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of stores, vehicle maintenance, and various insurance	
costs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.	 128,957
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 20,205,859

City of Pacific Grove Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Major		_		
	General Fund	ASBS Grant Fund	CDBG Grant Fund	Capital Improvement Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$ 9,330,981	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,330,981
Sales and use taxes	5,614,305	-	-	-	1,120,635	6,734,940
Franchise and other taxes	1,570,875	-	-	-	49,261	1,620,136
Transient occupancy taxes	6,635,688	-	-	-	469,568	7,105,256
Utility users taxes	2,097,934	-	-	-	-	2,097,934
Business license tax	384,243	-	-	-	41,448	425,691
Other taxes	165,613	-	-	-	-	165,613
Intergovernmental	146,946	-	-	400,811	2,680,836	3,228,593
Licenses, permits, and impact fees	1,083,985	-	-	-	-	1,083,985
Fines and forfeitures	460,058	-	-	-	-	460,058
Charges for services	1,678,855	-	-	-	147,034	1,825,889
Interest, rents, and concessions	390,656	-	4,419	1,706	205,996	602,777
Other revenues	1,949,182			441,455	181,208	2,571,845
Total revenues	31,509,321		4,419	843,972	4,895,986	37,253,698
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	4,305,907	_	_	15,900	561,093	4,882,900
Public safety:	.,500,507			10,500	201,052	.,002,200
Police	7,682,426	_	_	_	667,668	8,350,094
Fire	4,384,138	_	-	_	8,695	4,392,833
Public works	4,095,921	_	_	_	324,991	4,420,912
Recreation	819,285	_	-	_	38,285	857,570
Library	1,095,179	_	_	_	71,040	1,166,219
Museum	336,814	_	-	_	-	336,814
Community development	2,403,365	_	-	-	91,276	2,494,641
Capital outlay	1,413,338	_	-	1,370,393	1,796,026	4,579,757
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	964,801	-	-	-	81,775	1,046,576
Interest and fiscal charges	1,391,506	-	-	-	2,550	1,394,056
Total expenditures	28,892,680		-	1,386,293	3,643,399	33,922,372
EVOESS OF DEVENIES OVED						
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,616,641	_	4,419	(542,321)	1,252,587	3,331,326
(UNDER) EXITENDITURES	2,010,041		т,т17	(342,321)	1,232,307	3,331,320
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	803,278	-	-	588,000	233,422	1,624,700
Transfers out	(975,919)	-	-	(1,859)	(809,422)	(1,787,200)
Proceeds from sale of assets	391	-	-	-	-	391
Inception of subscription liabilities	345,575				145,710	491,285
Total other financing sources (uses)	173,325			586,141	(430,290)	329,176
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	2,789,966	-	4,419	43,820	822,297	3,660,502
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):						
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	12,235,387	23,629	1,275,223	(21,194)	7,834,596	21,347,641
End of year	\$ 15,025,353	\$ 23,629	\$ 1,279,642	\$ 22,626	\$ 8,656,893	\$ 25,008,143

City of Pacific Grove Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Acquisition of capital assets was reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets was allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expenses. The following was the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period: Capital outlay (\$99,850 of capital outlay expenditures were for current public works expenditures for repairs and maintenance and therefore, were not capitalized). Depreciation and amortization expenses on capital and lease assets were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but they did not require the use of current financial resources measurement focus whereas the Government-Wide financial statements record interest expenditures on the current financial resources measurement focus whereas the Government-Wide financial statements recognize interest expense on the accrual basis. The reconciling amount was the change in accrued interest from the prior year. Long-term compensated absences expense was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the change in long-term compensated absences was not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. Other postemployment benefits and pension expenses were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the increase in other postemployment benefits and pension expenses were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the increase in other postemployment benefits and pension expenses were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources as expenditure in the governmental funds. OPEB expense net of contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statemen	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:		\$ 3,660,502
Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets was allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The following was the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period: Capital outlay (\$99,850 of capital outlay expenditures were for current public works expenditures for repairs and maintenance and therefore, were not capitalized). Depreciation and amortization expenses on capital and lease assets were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but they did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation and amortization expenses were not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The fund financial statements record interest expenditures on the current financial resources measurement focus whereas the Government-Wide financial statements recognize interest expense on the accrual basis. The reconciling amount was the change in accrued interest from the prior year. (1,253) Long-term compensated absences expense was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the change in long-term compensated absences was not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. (2,448) Other postemployment benefits and pension expenses were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the increase in other postemployment benefits liability and net pension liabilities were not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. OPEB expense net of contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position but reported as OPEB expenditures in the governmental fund in the amount of \$2,283,676. Pension credit net of contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Principal repayments of long-ter	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Depreciation and amortization expenses on capital and lease assets were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but they did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation and amortization expenses were not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The fund financial statements record interest expenditures on the current financial resources measurement focus whereas the Government-Wide financial statements recognize interest expense on the accrual basis. The reconciling amount was the change in accrued interest from the prior year. Long-term compensated absences expense was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the change in long-term compensated absences was not reported as an expenditure in the government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the increase in other postemployment benefits and pension expenses were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the increase in other postemployment benefits liability and net pension liabilities were not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. OPEB expense net of contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position but reported as Poetal as an expenditure in the governmental funds in the amount of \$2,283,676. (110,335) Pension credit net of contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal was an expenditure in the government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Principal repayments of long-term debt Inception of subscription liabilities Inception of subscription liabilities Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities,	Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets was allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The following was the amount of capital assets recorded in the current		
Statement of Activities, but they did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation and amortization expenses were not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. The fund financial statements record interest expenditures on the current financial resources measurement focus whereas the Government-Wide financial statements recognize interest expense on the accrual basis. The reconciling amount was the change in accrued interest from the prior year. (1,253) Long-term compensated absences expense was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the change in long-term compensated absences was not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. Other postemployment benefits and pension expenses were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the increase in other postemployment benefits liability and net pension liabilities were not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. OPEB expense net of contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position but reported as OPEB expenditures in the governmental fund in the amount of \$2,283,676. Pension credit net of contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position but reported as pension expenditures in the governmental funds in the amount of \$4,016,414. Proceeds from long-term debt provided current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increased long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Principal repayments of long-term debt Inception of subscription liabilities 1,972,582 (491,285) 1,481,297 Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The net			4,594,854
focus whereas the Government-Wide financial statements recognize interest expense on the accrual basis. The reconciling amount was the change in accrued interest from the prior year. Long-term compensated absences expense was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the change in long-term compensated absences was not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. Other postemployment benefits and pension expenses were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the increase in other postemployment benefits liability and net pension liabilities were not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. OPEB expense net of contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position but reported as OPEB expenditures in the governmental fund in the amount of \$2,283,676. Pension credit net of contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position but reported as pension expenditures in the governmental funds in the amount of \$4,016,414. Proceeds from long-term debt provided current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increased long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal was an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Principal repayments of long-term debt Inception of subscription liabilities Inception of subscription liabilities or the internal service funds was reported w	Statement of Activities, but they did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore,		(1,779,732)
but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the change in long-term compensated absences was not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. 62,448 Other postemployment benefits and pension expenses were reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the increase in other postemployment benefits liability and net pension liabilities were not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. OPEB expense net of contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position but reported as OPEB expenditures in the governmental fund in the amount of \$2,283,676. Pension credit net of contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position but reported as pension expenditures in the governmental funds in the amount of \$4,016,414. Proceeds from long-term debt provided current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increased long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Principal repayments of long-term debt Inception of subscription liabilities Inception of subscription liabilities Inception of subscription liabilities Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds was reported with governmental activities.	focus whereas the Government-Wide financial statements recognize interest expense on the accrual basis.		(1,253)
Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the increase in other postemployment benefits liability and net pension liabilities were not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. OPEB expense net of contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position but reported as OPEB expenditures in the governmental fund in the amount of \$2,283,676. Pension credit net of contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position but reported as pension expenditures in the governmental funds in the amount of \$4,016,414. Proceeds from long-term debt provided current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increased long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal was an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Principal repayments of long-term debt Inception of subscription liabilities Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds was reported with governmental activities. 24,792	but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the change in long-term		62,448
Pension credit net of contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position but reported as pension expenditures in the governmental funds in the amount of \$4,016,414. Proceeds from long-term debt provided current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increased long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal was an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Principal repayments of long-term debt Inception of subscription liabilities Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds was reported with governmental activities. 1,972,582 (491,285) 1,481,297	Activities, but it did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the increase in other postemployment benefits liability and net pension liabilities were not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. OPEB expense net of contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position but reported as OPEB expenditures in the		(110.225)
increased long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal was an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Principal repayments of long-term debt Inception of subscription liabilities Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds was reported with governmental activities. 24,792	Pension credit net of contribution made after measurement date reported in deferred outflows of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position but reported as pension expenditures in the		
Inception of subscription liabilities (491,285) 1,481,297 Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds was reported with governmental activities. 24,792	increased long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal was an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.		
to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds was reported with governmental activities.			1,481,297
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 19,736,527	to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds was reported with governmental	_	24,792
	Change in net position of governmental activities	=	\$ 19,736,527

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Cemetery Fund - accounts for revenue from cemetery site sales and the Little Chapel lease. The City operates and maintains the El Carmelo Cemetery. Expenditures reflect staffing, maintenance, and equipment costs.

Local Water Project Fund - accounts for revenues and expenses related to the reclamation plant's operation, treatment, and sale of recycled water.

Sewer Fund - accounts for revenues and expenses of the City's sewer operations.

Golf Course Fund - accounts for revenues related to concessionaire leases for the golf course driving range, club house, pro shop, and restaurant; and any agreed upon expenses, property improvement costs, and debt service.

City of Pacific Grove Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

		Business-T			Governmental	
		Local				Activities
	Cemetery	Water	Sewer	Golf Course		Internal
	Fund	Project Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Funds
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 922,092	\$ 10,087	\$ 7,326,019	\$ 566,325	\$ 8,824,523	\$ 665,160
Restricted cash and investments	-	-	298,348	-	298,348	55,151
Accounts receivable, net	-	71,883	645,070	32,906	749,859	188,809
Interest receivable	-	-	-	2,250	2,250	-
Loans receivable, due within one year	-	-	40,513	-	40,513	-
Leases receivable, due within one year	-	-	-	350,079	350,079	-
Prepaid items						733,298
Total current assets	922,092	81,970	8,309,950	951,560	10,265,572	1,642,418
Noncurrent assets:						
Advances to other funds	-	-	537,500	-	537,500	-
Leases receivable, due in more than one year	-	-	-	1,693,882	1,693,882	-
Capital assets						
Capital assets, not depreciated	20	-	436,247	362,953	799,220	-
Capital assets, depreciated, net	426,873	6,208,173	16,644,036	4,453,395	27,732,477	
Total capital assets	426,893	6,208,173	17,080,283	4,816,348	28,531,697	
Total noncurrent assets	426,893	6,208,173	17,617,783	6,510,230	30,763,079	
Total assets	1,348,985	6,290,143	25,927,733	7,461,790	41,028,651	1,642,418
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Related to pensions	162,105	_	702,269	_	864,374	290,286
Related to OPEB	12,083		29,765		41,848	2,948
Total deferred outflows of resources	174,188		732,034		906,222	293,234

(Continued)

City of Pacific Grove Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

		Business-T		Governmental		
		Local		Activities		
	Cemetery	Water	Sewer	Golf Course		Internal
	Fund	Project Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Funds
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	13,703	78,034	514,291	44,647	650,675	28,565
Interest payable	-	18,944	5,357	31,274	55,575	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	108,002
Claims payable, due within one year	-	-	-	-	-	267,243
Compensated absences, due within one year	4,207	-	41,970	-	46,177	2,113
Long-term debt, due within one year		160,982	65,925	199,183	426,090	
Total current liabilities	17,910	257,960	627,543	275,104	1,178,517	405,923
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Advances from other funds	-	537,500	-	-	537,500	-
Claims payable, due in more than one year	-	-	-	-	-	571,031
Compensated absences, due in more than one year	12,620	-	125,912	-	138,532	6,340
Long-term debt, due in more than one year	-	4,385,661	573,704	1,526,268	6,485,633	-
Total OPEB liability	92,183	-	227,085	-	319,268	22,483
Net pension liability	408,470		1,769,571		2,178,041	731,459
Total noncurrent liabilities	513,273	4,923,161	2,696,272	1,526,268	9,658,974	1,331,313
Total liabilities	531,183	5,181,121	3,323,815	1,801,372	10,837,491	1,737,236
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Related to leases	_	_	_	1,976,125	1,976,125	_
Related to pensions	35,635	_	154,384	-,,,,,,	190,019	63,819
Related to OPEB	23,125	-	56,965	-	80,090	5,640
Total deferred inflows of resources	58,760		211,349	1,976,125	2,246,234	69,459
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	426,893	1,661,530	16,440,654	3,090,897	21,619,974	_
Restricted:	720,073	1,001,550	10,440,034	3,070,077	21,017,7/4	_
Debt service	_	_	298,348	_	298,348	_
Insurance reserve	_	<u>-</u>	270,510	_	270,510	55,151
Unrestricted (deficit)	506,337	(552,508)	6,385,601	593,396	6,932,826	73,806
Total net position	\$ 933,230	\$ 1,109,022	\$ 23,124,603	\$ 3,684,293	\$28,851,148	\$ 128,957

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City of Pacific Grove

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Business-T		Governmental			
	Cemetery Fund	Local Water Project Fund	Sewer Fund	Golf Course Fund	Total	Activities Internal Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for services	\$ 773,195	\$ 597,011	\$ 3,693,156	\$ 791,881	\$ 5,855,243	\$ 1,668,300	
Total operating revenues	773,195	597,011	3,693,156	791,881	5,855,243	1,668,300	
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Contractual services and utilities Personnel	273,904 92,263	673,410	1,074,090 527,937	30,818	2,052,222 620,200	1,383,247 265,269	
Supplies and materials Depreciation and amortization	62,903 40,745	62,046 310,409	38,075 496,302	70,703 180,656	233,727 1,028,112	75 -	
Total operating expenses	469,815	1,045,865	2,136,404	282,177	3,934,261	1,648,591	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	303,380	(448,854)	1,556,752	509,704	1,920,982	19,709	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
Investment earnings Interest expense	7,314	1,782 (61,505)	65,946 (22,496)	76,181 (81,912)	151,223 (165,913)	5,924 (841)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	7,314	(59,723)	43,450	(5,731)	(14,690)	5,083	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	310,694	(508,577)	1,600,202	503,973	1,906,292	24,792	
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:							
Transfers in		162,500			162,500		
Total contributions and transfers		162,500			162,500		
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	310,694	(346,077)	1,600,202	503,973	2,068,792	24,792	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):							
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	622,536	1,455,099	21,524,401	3,180,320	26,782,356	104,165	
End of year	\$ 933,230	\$ 1,109,022	\$ 23,124,603	\$ 3,684,293	\$ 28,851,148	\$ 128,957	

City of Pacific Grove

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Business-Ty		Governmental		
	Local					Activities
	Cemetery Fund	Water Project Fund	Sewer Fund	Golf Course Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Tuna	1 Toject I una	Tunu	Tunu	Total	Service I unus
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 773,195	\$ 615,235	\$4,286,972	\$ 761,194	\$6,436,596	\$1,570,113
Payments to suppliers	(328,374)	(693,974)	(772,742)	(236,841)	(2,031,931)	(248,163)
Payments to employees	(194,383)	-	(930,379)	-	(1,124,762)	(442,025)
Cash paid for insurance claims						(1,043,906)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	250,438	(78,739)	2,583,851	524,353	3,279,903	(163,981)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Transfers from/(to) other funds	-	100,000	62,500	(17,400)	145,100	-
Interfund transactions						108,002
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		100,000	62,500	(17,400)	145,100	108,002
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisition of capital assets	-	-	(694,444)	(23,609)	(718,053)	-
Principal payments on long-term debt	-	(159,387)	(64,316)	(190,793)	(414,496)	-
Interest paid on long-term debt		(62,170)	(23,035)	(85,370)	(170,575)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(221,557)	(781,795)	(299,772)	(1,303,124)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Payment on bank fees	-	-	-	-	-	(841)
Investment income received	7,314	1,782	65,946	76,181	151,223	5,924
Net cash provided by investing activities	7,314	1,782	65,946	76,181	151,223	5,083
Net change in cash and investments	257,752	(198,514)	1,930,502	283,362	2,273,102	(50,896)
CASH AND INVESTMENTS:						
Beginning of year	664,340	208,601	5,693,865	282,963	6,849,769	771,207
End of year	\$ 922,092	\$ 10,087	\$7,624,367	\$ 566,325	\$9,122,871	\$ 720,311
					·	

(Continued)

City of Pacific Grove

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities					Governmental Activities	
	Local						
	Cemetery	Water	Sewer	Golf Course		Internal	
	Fund	Project Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Funds	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME							
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)							
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Operating income (loss)	\$ 303,380	\$ (448,854)	\$1,556,752	\$ 509,704	\$1,920,982	\$ 19,709	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash							
provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization expenses	40,745	310,409	496,302	180,656	1,028,112	-	
Change in operating assets, liabilities, and deferred items:							
Accounts receivable	-	18,224	589,802	4,630	612,656	(98,187)	
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	-	(37,210)	
Loan receivable	-	-	4,014	-	4,014	-	
Leases receivable	-	-	-	213,320	213,320	(156,139)	
Pension deferred outflows	(87,193)	-	(377,736)	-	(464,929)	1,067	
OPEB deferred outflows	4,377	-	10,783	-	15,160	(5,579)	
Accounts payable	8,433	41,482	339,423	(135,320)	254,018	(2,263)	
Payroll and related liabilities	(6,079)	-	(24,310)	-	(30,389)	128,463	
Claim payable	-	-	-	-	-	274,777	
Net pension liability	153,444	-	664,750	-	818,194	(3,715)	
OPEB liability	(15,231)	-	(37,520)	-	(52,751)	5,291	
Compensated absences	(976)	-	38,502	-	37,526	-	
Lease deferred inflows	-	-	-	(248,637)	(248,637)	(293,468)	
Pension deferred inflows	(163,882)	-	(709,969)	-	(873,851)	3,273	
OPEB deferred inflows	13,420		33,058		46,478		
Total adjustment	(52,942)	370,115	1,027,099	14,649	1,358,921	(183,690)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 250,438	\$ (78,739)	\$2,583,851	\$ 524,353	\$3,279,903	\$ (163,981)	

(Concluded)

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of the Reporting Entity

The basic financial statements of the City of Pacific Grove, California, (the "City") have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the significant policies:

The City is primarily a residential community located at the tip of the Monterey Peninsula on the Central California coast. The community was founded as a Methodist Church summer retreat, and was incorporated as a city on July 16, 1889. It was granted a charter by the State on April 22, 1927. The City operates under a council-manager form of government. The seven-member City Council appoints a City manager, who is the administrative head of the municipal government. City amenities include a library, natural history museum, a community center, a youth center, a senior center, a golf course, a cemetery, sewer services, a monarch butterfly sanctuary and habitat preserve and general administration services.

As required by U.S. GAAP, these basic financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City Council acts as the governing board. In addition, the City staff performs all administrative and accounting functions for these entities and these entities provide their services entirely to the City. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize their legal separateness from the City. The City had no component units as of June 30, 2023.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The City Government–Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the City, the primary government, accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

These financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regard to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. However, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- Due to/from other funds
- Transfers in/out

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and nonmajor funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences between fund balance as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

The Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of GASB Statement No. 34.

Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both "measurable" and "available". Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property tax, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues and other taxes. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for all proprietary funds.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

C. Cash and Investments

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. Highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

U.S. GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and establishes disclosures about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the financial statements, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value.

The three levels of the fair value measurement hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the assets and liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets and liabilities at the measurement date.

A statement of cash flows is presented for proprietary fund types. For purposes of reporting cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased and cash and investments maintained in the City's pool to be cash equivalents.

Disclosures for deposits and investment risks, as required and applicable, have been provided in Note 2:

- ➤ Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
 - Overall
 - Custodial Credit Risk
 - Concentration of Credit Risk

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Receivables

Billed, but unpaid, services provided to individuals or non-governmental entities are recorded as accounts receivable. The Sewer customers are billed every other month by a separate government agency which forwards the collections to the City. Revenues earned but not collected by year-end are accrued. No allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable has been provided as management has determined that uncollectible accounts have historically been immaterial and the direct write-off method does not result in a material difference from the allowance method.

E. Loans Receivable

Under the City's housing assistance program, loans are made to qualified individuals and businesses within prescribed project areas for the purpose of housing acquisition, housing rehabilitation and/or economic development. The majority of these loans are on a deferred payback program. Repayments of the outstanding loans will be deducted from the loan receivable balance in the applicable funds. The City also offers Sewer Lateral Replacement Loans to homeowners. The disbursement of loans are recorded as addition of the loan receivable balance at the time of a loan and the repayment of principal will be added into loan receivable balance.

F. Prepaid Items

Prepaid items are payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal year ended using purchase method.

G. Leases Receivable

The City is a lessor for leases of buildings and land and recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the financial statements. Variable payments based on future performance or usage of the underlying asset are not included in the measurement of the lease receivable.

At the commencement of a lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflows of resources are initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflows of resources are recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term in a systematic and rational method.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses the average of the Local Agency Investment Fund ("LAIF") rate and the incremental borrowing rate (IBR) provided by the City's financial institution for existing leases or the current rate at the time a new lease is executed.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease plus any option periods that are likely to be exercised.
- Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Leases Receivable (Continued)

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated assets are valued at acquisition value on the date donated. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000. Depreciation/amortization is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings and other improvements	100 years
Machinery and equipment	5 years
Infrastructure	10-50 years

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34 which requires the inclusion of infrastructure capital assets in local governments' basic financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City has included all infrastructure into the current Basic Financial Statements.

The City defines infrastructure as the basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include streets, storm drains, and park equipment. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, curb and gutters, sidewalks, medians, streetlights, landscaping and land. These subsystems were not delineated in the basic financial statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

For all infrastructure systems, the City has elected to use the basic approach for infrastructure reporting.

I. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

The City has a policy to recognize a subscription liability and a right-to-use subscription asset (subscription asset) in the financial statements. The City recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more with a subscription term greater than one year. Variable payments based on future performance of the City, usage of the underlying IT asset, or number of user seats are not included in the measurement of the subscription liability, rather, those variable payments are recognized as outflows of resources (expenses) in the period the obligation for those payments is incurred.

At the commencement of a SBITA, the City initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made.

Subscription assets are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the subscription liabilities, less any payments made to the SBITA vendor before the commencement of the subscription term, and capitalizable initial implementation cost, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term.

- Preliminary Project Stage: Outlays are expensed as incurred.
- > Initial Implementation Stage: Outlays are capitalized as an addition to the subscription asset.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) (Continued)

Upon adoption, the City elected to exclude the capitalizable outlays associated with the initial implementation stage and the operation and additional implementation stage that were incurred prior to the implementation of this Statement in the measurement of subscription assets as of July 1, 2022.

Subscription assets are reported within capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported with long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Subscription assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset, unless the subscription contains a purchase option that the City has determined is reasonably certain of being exercised. In this case, the subscription asset is amortized over the useful life of the underlying IT asset.

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITA include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments.

- ➤ The City uses the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for SBITA.
- > The subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the SBITA. Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences comprise of unpaid vacation and the vested portion of sick leave, which are accrued as earned. The City's liability for the compensated absences is recorded in various Governmental funds or Proprietary funds as appropriate. The liability for compensated absence is determined annually. For all governmental funds, amounts expected to be paid out of current financial resources are recorded in fund liabilities. The long-term portion is recorded in the Statement of Net Position and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

K. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

CalPERS

Valuation Date June 30, 2021 Measurement Date June 30, 2022

Measurement Period July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

K. Pension (Continued)

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and inflows of sources related to pensions and are to be recognized in further pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over five years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

L. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the City's OPEB plan have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

OPEB

Valuation Date June 30, 2021 Measurement Date June 30, 2022

Measurement Period July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of financial net position and balance sheet-governmental funds reports separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, when applicable.

Deferred Outflows of Resources represent outflows of resources (consumption of net position) that applies to future periods and that, therefore, will not be recognized as an expense until that time. The City reports pension contributions after the measurement date and deferred losses related to pensions and OPEB in this category.

Deferred Inflows of Resources represent inflows of resources (acquisition of net position) that applies to future periods and that, therefore, are not recognized as revenue until that time. The City reports lease related inflows, unavailable revenues and deferred gains related to pensions and OPEB in this category.

N. Long-Term Obligations

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, the long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds. The Fund Financial Statements do not present long-term debt but are shown in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

O. Net Position

In governmental-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net positions are categorized as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and retention payable.

<u>Restricted</u> – This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This component of net position is the amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

When expenses are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first, then unrestricted net position as they are needed.

P. Fund Balance

In the Fund Financial Statements, fund balances are in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. Fund balances are classified in the following categories:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Items that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, inventories, and loans receivable, items that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as principal of an endowment or revolving loan funds.

<u>Restricted</u> – Restricted fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. This includes externally imposed restrictions by creditors, such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, as well as restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – Committed fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources, the use of which is constrained by limitations that the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision making, normally the governing body through resolutions and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner. The City Council is considered the highest authority for the City.

<u>Assigned</u> – Assigned fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources reflecting the government's intended use of resources. Assignment of resources can be done by the highest level of decision making or by a committee or official designated for that purpose. The City Council has by resolution authorized the City Manager to assign fund balance. The City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriation in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

P. Fund Balance (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u> – This amount is for any portion of the fund balances that do not fall into one of the above categories. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental fund other than General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted fund balance first. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, the City uses the unrestricted resources in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned. The description of each fund balance category is listed in the City's adopted Governmental Fund Balance Policy.

Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

R. Property Taxes

County tax assessments include secured and unsecured property taxes and special assessments. "Unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property. These tax assessments are secured by liens on the property being taxed.

Monterey County is responsible for the assessment, collection and apportionment of property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions. Property taxes are levied in equal installments on November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year.

Property taxes are accounted for in the General Fund. Property tax revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available to finance current liabilities. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Property tax on the unsecured roll are due on the January 1 lien date and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31. However, unsecured property taxes are not susceptible to year end accrual.

The City is permitted by Article XIIIA of the State of California Constitution (known as Proposition 13) to levy a maximum tax of \$1.00 per \$100 of full cash value.

S. Budgetary Information

In accordance with applicable sections of the California Government Code and the Pacific Grove Municipal Code, the City prepares and legally adopts an annual balanced budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund, specific Special Revenue Funds, and specific Capital Projects Funds.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

S. Budgetary Information (Continued)

Budget plans are adopted for Proprietary Funds. A proposed budget is presented to the City Council during May of each year for review. The Council holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations within the revenues and reserves estimated as available. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. Supplementary appropriations which alter the total expenditures of any fund, or expenditures in excess of total budgeted fund appropriations, must be approved by the City Council.

All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered.

T. Encumbrances

Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contract and other commitments for expenditures are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in all funds. All appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

U. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred inflows from unearned revenue. In the governmental fund financial statements, receivables associated with non- exchange transactions that will not be collected within the availability period have been recorded as deferred inflows from unavailable revenue.

V. Interfund Balances

Advances to and advances from other funds represent interfund loans in the fund financial statements. Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reservation or by unearned revenue in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available financial resources. Any unpaid interest due to lack of funds in the borrowing fund increases the principal owed and is reported in the lending fund as unearned revenue. All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to and due from other funds. These are generally repaid within the following fiscal year. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

W. Deferred Compensation Plan

City employees may defer a portion of their compensation under a City sponsored. Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under this plan, participants are not taxed on the deferred portion of their compensation until distributed to them; distributions may be made only at termination, retirement, and death or in an emergency as defined by the Plan. The laws governing deferred compensation plan assets require plan assets to be held by a Trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Since the assets held under these plans are not the City's property and are not subject to City control, they have been excluded from these financial statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

X. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 91 In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations (GASB Statement No. 91), to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 94 In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* (GASB Statement No. 94) to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 96 In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (GASB Statement No. 96), to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset -- an intangible asset and a corresponding subscription liability: (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. Implementation of this Statement had a moderate effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 99 - In April 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The Statement is effective immediately for the requirements related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63. The Statement is effective for fiscal year years beginning after June 15, 2022 for requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAS. Implementation of this Statement did not have a significant effect on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Y. New GASB Pronouncements

The City is currently evaluating its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB Statements:

• In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Y. New GASB Pronouncements (Continued)

- In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.
- In December 2023, GASB issued Statement 102, Certain Risk Disclosures. The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. That objective is achieved by requiring governments to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. The statement also requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Earlier application is encouraged.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool for all funds. Certain restricted funds, which are held and invested by independent outside custodians through contractual agreements, are not pooled. These restricted funds are reported as cash with fiscal agents.

The following is a summary of pooled cash and investments at June 30, 2023:

Gov	ernment-Wide	nal Statement	_		
Governmental			siness-Type	_	
Activities			Activities		Total
\$	23,638,189	\$	8,824,523	\$	32,462,712
	55,151		298,348		353,499
\$	23,693,340	\$	9,122,871	\$	32,816,211
	G	Governmental	Governmental Bur	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities \$ 23,638,189 \$ 8,824,523 55,151 298,348	Activities Activities \$ 23,638,189 \$ 8,824,523 \$ 55,151 298,348

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

Cash:	
Petty cash	\$ 685
Demand deposits	2,258,408
Total cash and cash equivalents	2,259,093
Investments:	
U.S. Treasury Notes	1,106,054
U.S. Government Bonds	889,755
Certificates of Deposit	13,194,421
Money Market Mutual Funds	5,119,883
Local Agency Investment Fund	10,247,005
Total investments	 30,557,118
Total cash and investments	\$ 32,816,211

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

A. Deposits

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$2,258,408 and the bank balance was \$2,501,059. The total bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name.

All pooled certificates of deposit and bank balances are entirely insured or collateralized. The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure an agency's deposits by pledging government securities as collateral. The fair value of the pledged securities must equal at least 110% of an agency's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure local agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of a local agency's deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for deposits which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

B. Authorized Investments

Under the provisions of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with California Government Code, the following investments are authorized:

- Certificates of Deposit Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposits will be made only in FDIC or FSLIC insured accounts. For deposits in excess of the insured maximum of \$250,000, approved collateral shall be required in accordance with Government Code 53652 and/or 53651 (m) (1). Investment in these instruments shall be limited to financial institutions that in the Treasurer's judgment are of high quality, and shall not have a term exceeding five years from the date of purchase.
- Securities of the U.S. Government or its Agencies Includes obligations issued by Federal Home Loan Banks, Government National Mortgage Association, Farm Credit System, the Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, Federal National Mortgage Association, or obligations or other instruments of or issued by a federal agency or a United States Government sponsored enterprise. Investment in these instruments shall not have a term exceeding five years from the date of purchase.
- Treasury Bills and Notes U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes, Bonds, or Certificates of Indebtedness, or those for which the full faith and credit of the United States are pledged for the payment of principal and interest. The term of such securities shall not exceed five years from the date of purchase.
- Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) Investment of funds in the California LAIF which allows the State Treasurer to invest through the Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA). Maximum investment is subject to state regulation. LAIF investments are available for City use.
- Repurchase Agreements A purchase of securities by the City pursuant to an agreement by which the seller will repurchase such securities on or before a specified date, or on demand of either party, and for a specified amount. Investments in repurchase agreements will be used solely as short-term investments not to exceed 30 days.
- Other Other investments that are, or may become, legal investments through the State of California Government Code, only with prior approval of the City Council.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

C. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreement

Investments held by bond fiscal agents (trustees) are governed by the provisions of the underlying indenture agreements rather than the general provisions of the City's investment policy or California Government Code.

The indenture agreements do identify the following permitted investments:

		M aximum	M aximum
	M aximum	Percentage	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio *	One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Investment Contracts	None	None	None
Certificates of Deposits	1 year	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Municipal Bonds	None	None	None

D. Investment in Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)

The City is a participant in LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. As of June 30, 2023, the City had \$10,247,005 invested in LAIF. LAIF determines fair value on its investment portfolio based on market quotations for those securities where market quotations are readily available and based on amortized cost or best estimate for those securities where market value is not readily available. LAIF is reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

E. Risks Disclosures

<u>Interest Rate Risk:</u> As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy provides that final maturities of securities cannot exceed five years. Specific maturities of investments depend on liquidity needs. At June 30, 2023, the City's investments had the following maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)					
Investment Type	 Total	Less Than 1 Year		1 to 2 Years		2	to 5 Years
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 1,106,054	\$	175,684	\$	479,490	\$	450,880
U.S. Government Bonds	889,755		-		-		889,755
Certificates of Deposit	13,194,421		1,695,442		3,376,712		8,122,267
Money Market Mutual Funds	5,119,883		5,119,883		-		-
Local Agency Investment Fund	10,247,005		10,247,005		-		
Total	\$ 30,557,118	\$	17,238,014	\$	3,856,202	\$	9,462,902

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

E. Risks Disclosures (Continued)

<u>Credit Risk:</u> Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual Moody's rating as of year-end for each investment type.

		M inimiun
Investment Type	Total	Legal Rating
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 1,106,054	AA/AAA
U.S. Government Bonds	889,755	AA/AAA
Certificates of Deposit	13,194,421	Not Rated
Money Market Mutual Funds	5,119,883	Not Rated
Local Agency Investment Fund	10,247,005	Not Rated
Total	\$ 30,557,118	

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

F. Investment Valuation

At June 30, 2023, investments are reported at fair value. The following table presents the fair value measurement of investments on a recurring basis and the levels within GASB 72 fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2023:

	Measurement Input							
Investment Type	Level 1		Level 2		Uncategorized		Total	
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$	1,106,054	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,106,054
U.S. Government Bonds		-		889,755		-		889,755
Certificates of Deposit		-		13,194,421		-		13,194,421
Money Market Mutual Funds		-		-		5,119,883		5,119,883
Local Agency Investment Fund		-		-		10,247,005		10,247,005
Total	\$	1,106,054	\$	14,084,176	\$	15,366,888	\$	30,557,118

Federal Agency Securities and corporate bonds categorized as Level 2 are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active and model-based valuations for which all significant assumptions are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 3 – Loans Receivable

Housing Assistance Loans

The City engages in programs designed to encourage construction or improvement in low-to-moderate income housing. Under these programs, loans are provided under favorable terms to homeowners or developers who agree to spend these funds in accordance with the City's terms. Terms include interest rates of three to five percent and deferral of principal and interest payment until the property changes hands. All loans are secured by a deed of trust on the property. The balance of the loans receivable arising from these programs was \$1,313,168 as of June 30, 2023.

Sewer Lateral Replacement Loans

The City has a Sewer Lateral Repair/Replacement Loan Program to improve sewer lateral lines connected to homeowners' residences. These loans carry an interest rate of three percent per annum. Repayment on loan principal and interest are deferred until the property is sold. All loans are secured by a deed of trust on the property. The balance of these loans receivables from this program was \$40,513 as of June 30, 2023.

Note 4 – Leases Receivable and Lease-Related Deferred Inflows of Resources

The City leases various types of property including land and buildings. Leases receivable consist of agreements with other entities for the "right-to-use" the underlying assets at various locations owned by the City. The remaining terms of the agreements range from 1 to 30 years. The interest rates used calculated the net present value of the lease receivable ranged is 3%.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized \$506,220 in lease revenue and \$112,209 in interest revenue, and the outstanding net present value of the lease receivable amount is \$3,605,487.

A. Governmental Activities

At June 30, 2023, the required payments for these leases, including interest, are:

Year Ending					
June 30,	1	Principal]	Interest	 Total
2024	\$	71,038	\$	38,934	\$ 109,972
2025		61,719		37,075	98,794
2026		29,616		35,691	65,307
2027		21,237		35,118	56,355
2028		22,650		34,538	57,188
2029 - 2033		147,848		162,045	309,893
2034 - 2038		208,871		139,491	348,362
2039 - 2043		286,176		108,923	395,099
2044 - 2048		383,920		68,354	452,274
2049 - 2053		328,451		20,108	348,559
Total	\$	1,561,526	\$	680,277	\$ 2,241,803

Note 4 - Leases Receivable and Lease-Related Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

At June 30, 2023, the amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to leases will be recognized as lease revenue as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	
2024	\$ 103,176
2025	91,192
2026	51,987
2027	48,423
2028	48,423
2029 - 2033	242,116
2034 - 2038	242,116
2039 - 2043	242,116
2044 - 2048	242,116
2049 - 2053	178,539
Total	\$ 1,490,203

B. Business-Type Activities

At June 30, 2023, the required payments for these leases, including interest, are:

Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Principal Interest		Interest	Total		
2024	\$	350,079	\$	60,400	\$	410,479			
2025		366,388		49,858		416,246			
2026		327,151		39,289		366,440			
2027		318,740		30,010		348,750			
2028		333,302		20,448		353,750			
2029		348,301		10,449		358,750			
Total	\$	2,043,961	\$	210,454	\$	2,254,415			

At June 30, 2023, the amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to leases will be recognized as lease revenue as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	
2024	\$ 360,589
2025	360,589
2026	313,345
2027	289,724
2028	289,724
2029-2030	362,154
Total	\$ 1,976,125

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 5 – Interfund Transactions

A. Due From and To Other Funds

At June 30, 2023, the City has the following due from and to other funds:

	Due Fro	Due From Other Funds				
Due To Other Funds	Ge	eneral Fund				
Governmental Funds:						
ASBS Grant Fund	\$	423,568				
Internal Service Fund		108,002				
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		172				
Total	\$	531,742				

These interfund balances represent routine short-term cash flow assistance.

B. Advances From and To Other Funds

As of June 30, 2023, advances to and from other funds consisted of the following:

	Advance	es to Other Funds
All and from Other Early	1 .	. F. 1
Advances from Other Funds		Sewer Fund
Local Water Project Fund	\$	537,500

C. Transfers In and Out

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City had the following transfers in and transfers out:

	Transfers In									
		Governmental Funds						rprise Funds		
	Capital General Improvements Nonmajor					ocal Water Project				
Transfers Out			Fund	Governmental		Fund		Total		
Governmental Funds:		,								
General Fund	\$	1,419	\$	588,000	\$	224,000	\$	162,500	\$	975,919
Capital Improvements Fund		1,859		-		-		-		1,859
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		800,000				9,422				809,422
Total	\$	803,278	\$	588,000	\$	233,422	\$	162,500	\$	1,787,200

The \$588,000 transfer from the General Fund to Capital Improvement Fund was for approved capital projects and funding for future projects.

The \$800,000 transfers from the ARPA fund to General Fund to support General Fund operating activities.

Note 6 – Available For Sale Assets

The Pacific Grove Local Water Project (PGLWP) began producing recycled water in January 2018. The PGLWP treats wastewater from surrounding homes and businesses; and produces non-potable water to primarily irrigate the City's golf course and cemetery. This new, alternative water source reduced the City's demand for potable water from the California American Water Company (Cal-Am). On January 27, 2016, the Monterey Peninsula Water Management District (MPWMD) approved Ordinance No. 168 to establish the City's water entitlement of 47.88 acre/ft based on the potable water saved by the project. On May 15, 2019, the City adopted Resolution 19-014 to direct the City Manager to sell the 47.88 AF of water entitlements; and reserve 11.5 AF of the entitlement amount for affordable housing. This resolution also authorized a 30% discount to the water entitlement price shown on the City's Master Fee Schedule through June 30, 2023.

The water entitlements were shown on the fee schedule at \$250,000 per AF or \$25,000 for 0.10 AF. This rate was established based on a local market comparison. When the 30% discount is applied to the stated fee, the amount is reduced to \$175,000 an acre foot or \$17,500 for 0.10 AF. The total value of these assets at the 30% discount was \$8,380,400; and was recorded as an intangible asset in the Governmental Activities section of the Statement of Net Position. In Fiscal Year 2020, the City sold approximately 1.26 AF of water entitlements at a value of \$221,201. In Fiscal Year 2021, the City sold approximately 1.78 AF of water entitlements at a value of \$312,798. In Fiscal Year 2022, the City sold approximately 3.29 AF of water entitlements at a value of \$577,840. In Fiscal Year 2023, the City sold approximately 2.53 AF of water entitlements at a value of \$443,475 which was reported in the General Fund as other revenue. The remaining value of the water entitlements reported in the government-wide statement of net position as available for sale assets at June 30, 2023 was \$6,825,086. These assets are not used to provide services and therefore are not capital in nature.

Note 7 – Capital Assets

Summary of changes of capital assets for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					·
Land	\$ 2,338,270	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,338,270
Construction in progress	3,418,077	2,854,908		(668,998)	5,603,986
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	5,756,347	2,854,908		(668,998)	7,942,256
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings/structures and improvements	18,047,480	182,226	-	925	18,230,631
Infrastructure:	37,936,645	862,342	-	668,073	39,467,060
Machinery and equipment	4,901,090	150,835			5,051,925
Total capital assets, being depreciated	60,885,215	1,195,403		668,998	62,749,616
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings/structures and improvements	(8,858,102)	(531,495)	_	-	(9,389,597)
Infrastructure:	(13,856,600)	(919,201)	-	-	(14,775,801)
Machinery and equipment	(4,038,868)	(214,089)			(4,252,957)
Total accumulated depreciation	(26,753,570)	(1,664,785)	-		(28,418,355)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	34,131,645	(469,382)		668,998	34,331,261
Subscription assets, being amortized	-	544,544	-	-	544,544
Less: accumulated amortization		(114,947)			(114,947)
Total subscription assets, net	-	429,597	-		429,597
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 39,887,992	\$ 2,815,122	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42,703,114

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to the various governmental activities as follows:

	De	preciation	An	nortization
General government	\$	273,349	\$	18,874
Public safety		807,361		55,745
Public works		265,917		18,361
Recreation		50,551		3,490
Library		70,808		4,889
Museum		18,863		1,302
Community development		177,936		12,286
Total depreciation expense	\$	1,664,785	\$	114,947

Note 7 – Capital Assets (Continued)

Summary of changes of capital assets for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Balance	4.110.0	D 1 . '	T. 6	Balance	
	July 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2023	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 362,973	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 362,973	
Construction in progress	133,569	381,353		(78,675)	436,247	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	496,542	381,353		(78,675)	799,220	
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	10,136,829	23,608	-	-	10,160,437	
Infrastructure/Sewer	28,859,941	313,093	-	78,675	29,251,709	
Machinery and equipment	1,477,671				1,477,671	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	40,474,441	336,701		78,675	40,889,817	
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	(5,143,238)	(203,348)	-	-	(5,346,586)	
Infrastructure/Sewer	(6,033,733)	(759,155)	-	-	(6,792,888)	
Machinery and equipment	(952,257)	(65,609)			(1,017,866)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,129,228)	(1,028,112)			(13,157,340)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	28,345,213	(691,411)		78,675	27,732,477	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	28,345,213	(691,411)		78,675	27,732,477	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 28,841,755	\$ (310,058)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,531,697	

Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type activities as follows:

	Depreciation		
Cemetary	\$	40,745	
Local Water Project		310,409	
Sewer		496,302	
Golf Course		180,656	
Total depreciation expense		1,028,112	

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt

A. Governmental Activities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

		Balance	e					Balance	Due within		Due in more	
	Jı	ıly 1, 2022		Additions I		Deletions		ne 30, 2023	One Year		than One Year	
Publicly Offered:												
Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds	\$	3,521,352	\$	-	\$	(849,664)	\$	2,671,688	\$	478,599	\$	2,193,089
Accreted Interest		5,657,883		569,330		(1,495,336)		4,731,877		926,401		3,805,476
Subtotal		9,179,235		569,330		(2,345,000)		7,403,565		1,405,000		5,998,565
Direct Borrowing:												
PG&E Loan		74,866		-		(23,415)		51,451		20,048		31,403
SBITA Liability		-		491,285		(173,497)		317,788		130,738		187,050
Total	\$	9,254,101	\$	1,060,615	\$	(2,541,912)	\$	7,772,804	\$	1,555,786	\$	6,217,018

Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds

On June 1, 2006, the City issued Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds in the principal amount of \$19,365,355. The bonds were part of the California Statewide Communities Development Authority Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds Program. The purpose of the bonds are to provide monies to meet the unfunded accrued actuarial liability ("UAAL") to the California Public Employee's Retirement System ("PERS"). Semi-annual payments are due on June 1 and December 1. Interest on the bonds ranges from 5.67% to 6.12% and will mature on June 1, 2029.

The annual debt service requirements were as follows for the Pension Obligation Bonds:

Fiscal Year	 Principal		Interest	 Total
2024	\$ 478,599	\$ 926,401		\$ 1,405,000
2025	464,276		985,724	1,450,000
2026	451,350		1,048,650	1,500,000
2027	437,699		1,107,301	1,545,000
2028	425,418		1,169,582	1,595,000
2029	 414,346		1,235,652	1,649,998
Total	\$ 2,671,688	\$	6,473,310	\$ 9,144,998

PG&E Loan

The City benefited from the on-bill financing program offered by PG&E, which is a non-interest bearing, reimbursement basis loan to install energy-efficient equipment. Individual PG & E loans have been issued for various City locations. All loans mature beginning on February 15, 2022 and conclude on December 15, 2026.

The original loan was \$152,900 with future debt service payments as follows:

Fiscal Year	1	Principal	Total
2024	\$	20,048	\$ 20,048
2025		12,562	12,562
2026		12,562	12,562
2027		6,279	6,279
Total	\$	51,451	\$ 51,451

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities(Continued)

Subscription Payable

The City entered into subscription agreements with various vendors for software. The terms of the agreements are ranging from 24 months to 130 months. The calculated interest rates range from 1.85% to 3.25%. As of June 30, 2023, the capitalized right-to-use assets related to SBITAs were \$429,597 and the total subscription liability was \$317,788, of which \$130,738 is reported as a current liability representing the amount due within the next fiscal year.

The future subscription payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year	F	Principal	I	nterest		Total
2024	\$	130,738	\$	7,185	\$	137,923
2025		99,004		4,064		103,068
2026		11,897		1,629		13,526
2027		12,117		1,409		13,526
2028		12,341		1,185		13,526
2029-2032		51,691		2,413	_	54,104
Total	\$	317,788	\$	17,885	\$	335,673

B. Business-Type Activities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022		A	dditions	Deletions		Balance June 30, 2023		Due within One Year		Due in more than One Year	
Publicly Offered: 2013 Wastewater Revenue												
Refunding Bond	\$	703,945	\$	-	\$	(64,316)	\$	639,629	\$	65,925	\$	573,704
Direct Borrowing:		. = 0 . 0 . 0				(4.50.505)				4.50.00		
Clean Water Revolving Fund Loan		4,706,030		-		(159,387)		4,546,643		160,982		4,385,661
2004 Golf Course Site Lease		1,916,244				(190,793)		1,725,451		199,183		1,526,268
Total	\$	7,326,219	\$		\$	(414,496)	\$	6,911,723	\$	426,090	\$	6,485,633

Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan

In November 2015, the City secured State Water Resources Control Board ("SWRCB") funding for the construction of a recycled water treatment plant, sewer diversion structure, waste pump and force main station, user connections and site retrofits. The SWRCB reimbursed the City for project-related expenditures, as incurred, totaling \$5,328,076. The loan will be repaid with interest at 1% per annum. The loan matures on February 1, 2048.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements were as follows for the Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan:

Fiscal Year	Principal	 Interest	Total		
2024	\$ 160,982	\$ 45,466	\$	206,448	
2025	162,592	43,857		206,449	
2026	164,218	42,231		206,449	
2027	165,860	40,589		206,449	
2028	167,518	38,930		206,448	
2029-2033	863,057	169,184		1,032,241	
2034-2038	907,082	125,160		1,032,242	
2039-2043	953,352	78,889		1,032,241	
2044-2048	 1,001,982	30,259		1,032,241	
Total	\$ 4,546,643	\$ 614,565	\$	5,161,208	

2014 Golf Course Site Lease

The City entered into a \$3,130,505 Site Lease dated September 1, 2014 with Umpqua Bank to Refund the 2014 Golf Course Certificate of Participation. The lease bears interest at 4.35% with debt service payments due on February 1st and August 1st through 2030. The lease is secured by the transfer of property rights to Umpqua Bank.

The annual debt service requirements were as follows for the 2014 Golf Course Site Lease:

Fiscal Year	Principal		 Interest	Total			
2024	\$	199,183	\$ 72,914	\$	272,097		
2025		207,941	64,156		272,097		
2026		217,085	55,012		272,097		
2027		226,631	45,466		272,097		
2028		236,597	35,500		272,097		
2029-2031		638,014	42,228	_	680,242		
Total	\$	1,725,451	\$ 315,276	\$	2,040,727		

2013 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bond

On May 6, 2013, the City issued the 2013 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds in the principal amount of \$1,220,588. The purpose of the bond is to refinance the California State Community Development Authority Series 2001B Revenue Bonds. Semi-annual interest payments are due on April 1 and October Repayments are secured by future sewer service revenues. Interest on the bonds is 3.35% and matures on October 1, 2031.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

2013 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bond (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements were as follows for the 2013 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bond:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest	Total		
2024	\$	65,925	\$ 20,888	\$	86,813	
2025		70,044	18,645		88,689	
2026		71,550	16,264		87,814	
2027		72,937	13,876		86,813	
2028		76,789	11,400		88,189	
2029-2032		282,384	19,214		301,598	
Total	\$	639,629	\$ 100,287	\$	739,916	

Note 9 – Compensated Absences

The changes in compensated absences of governmental and business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

						Classification			
	Balance uly 1, 2022	A	dditions	Deletions	Balance ne 30, 2023		ie Within Ine Year		ue in More in One Year
Governmental activities	\$ 1,392,039	\$	995,992	\$ (1,053,149)	\$ 1,334,882	\$	333,721	\$	1,001,161
Business-type activities	147,183		183,251	(145,725)	184,709		46,177		138,532

Note 10 – Risk Management

Risk Pool Membership

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (the "Authority"). The Authority is composed of 124 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The Authority arranges and administers programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, purchases excess insurance and reinsurance, and arranges for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Authority's Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

Excess Liability Program

Liability coverage includes auto liability, employment practices liability, public officials' errors and omissions, bodily injury, personal injury, third party property damage, advertising injury, and employee benefit administration liability. The City has a retained limit of \$150,000 per occurrence. The overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. The coverage structure is composed of a combination of pooled self-insurance, reinsurance, and excess insurance. Additional information concerning the coverage structure is available on the Authority's website: https://cjpia.org/coverage/risk-sharing-pools.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 10 – Risk Management (Continued)

Excess Workers' Compensation Program

The City has a retained limit of \$150,000 per occurrence for workers' compensation claims. The Authority's pooled retention is \$1 million per occurrence with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$1 million. Coverage from \$1 million to \$5 million is purchased through reinsurance policies, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

Estimated reserves for all claims are recorded in internal service funds. No claim settlement has exceeded the coverage amounts in place for any of the years shown. The amount of claims due in one year from June 30, 2023, is estimated to total \$267,243.

Purchased Insurance

The City also participates in the following coverage programs provided by the Authority:

All-Risk Property Protection Program. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. The City's property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City to the Authority. The total insured value of scheduled City property is \$87,706,300. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$2,500 deductible.

Pollution Legal Liability Insurance Program. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$250,000 deductible. The Authority has an aggregate limit of \$20 million.

Crime Insurance Program. Formerly called Blanket Fidelity Bond, this policy covers faithful performance, depositor's forgery, theft of money and securities, and computer fraud related to the transfer of money. The policy limit is \$1,000,000, and the deductible is \$2,500.

Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Changes in the balances of the City's claims liabilities during the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021 were as follows:

			Exp	penses and								
	В	eginning	\mathbf{C}	hanges in		Claims		Ending	D	ue within	Dι	ue in more
		Balance	E	Estimates	F	Payments Payments	Balance		One Year		than One Year	
2020-2021	\$	802,535	\$	254,029	\$	(293,714)	\$	762,850	\$	254,029	\$	508,821
2021-2022		762,850		236,367		(289,406)		709,811		236,367		473,444
2022-2023		709,811		378,974		(250,511)		838,274		267,243		571,031

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 11 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's Miscellaneous and Safety Employee Pension Plans (the Plans); cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. The cost-of-living adjustments for the Plans are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date, are summarized as follows:

	Miscel	laneous	Safety		
	Tier 1	PEPRA	Tier 1	PEPRA	
Hire date	Before 1/1/2013	1/1/2013	Before 1/1/2013	1/1/2013	
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62	3% @ 50	2.7% @ 57	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years	
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement age	55	62	50	50	
Benefit per year of service, as a percentage of salary	2.0% to 2.5%	2.0%	3.0%	2.0% to 2.7%	
Employer Contribution Rate	12.470%	7.680%	27.110%	13.540%	
Employee Contribution Rate	7.000%	7.750%	9.000%	13.750%	

Employees Covered

As of the June 30, 2022, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plan:

	Plans						
	Miscellaneous	Safety	Total				
Active employees	70	21	91				
Transferred and terminated employees	91	33	124				
Retired Employees and Beneficiaries	153	121	274				
Total	314	175	489				

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 11 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

A. General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rates are the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the employer contributions for the miscellaneous plan and the safety plan, were in amounts of \$1,928,905 and \$2,882,923, respectively.

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The City's net pension liability for the Plans is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plans are measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability for the Plans used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2022 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plans as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 was as follows:

	Proportion
June 30, 2021	0.603700%
June 30, 2022	0.452740%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.150960%

Actuarial Methods and Assumption Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

The June 30, 2021 valuation was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2022, measurement date total pension liability, based on following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Varies by date established and source. May be level dollar or level

percent of pay and may include direct rate smoothing

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 6.90% Inflation 2.300%

Salary Increases Varies by category, entry age, and service

Remaining Amortization Periods

Differs by employer rate plan but not more than 28 years

Mortality

Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds. The

mortality table was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP 2020 published

by the Society of Actuaries.

Post-retirement benefit increase Contract COLA up to 2.30% until Purchasing Power

Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies

Note 11 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent. The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses and are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ^{1,2}
Global Equity - Cap-weighted	30.00%	4.54%
Global Equity - Non-cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	-5.00%	-0.59%
	100.00%	

¹An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period.

² Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management study.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

C. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the plans as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

		Plan's Net Pension Liability (asset)								
	Disco	ount Rate - 1% (5.9%)		rent Discount Rate (6.9%)	Discount Rate + 1% (7.9%)					
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	29,520,323	\$	20,735,142	\$	13,507,117				
Safety Plan	\$	43,061,176	\$	31,560,052	\$	22,160,482				

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

D. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension income of \$7,687,542. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension plan from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension contribution made after measurement date	\$ 4,811,828	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions	5,306,958		-	
Difference between expected and actual experience	1,722,559		(621,605)	
Difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments	8,781,900		-	
Adjustment due to differences in proportions	130,522		(1,959,332)	
Difference between City contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	-		(1,981,508)	
Total	\$ 20,753,767	\$	(4,562,445)	

The City reported \$4,811,828 as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Defe	rred Outflows/		
Year	(Inflows) of Resources			
Ended June 30	Miscellaneous Plan			
2024	\$	2,600,574		
2025		2,155,573		
2026		1,260,117		
2027		5,363,230		
2028		-		
Thereafter		<u>-</u>		
	\$	11,379,494		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 12 – Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

A. General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The City of Pacific Grove Retiree Healthcare Plan (Plan) is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City. The City contributes the minimum amount provided under Government Code Section 22825 of the Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) for medical benefits. All employees become eligible for postretirement medical benefits after five years of employment, meet qualifications for CalPERS retirement, and reach the age of 50. This lifetime benefit is available to all employees and their surviving spouses who elect to buy insurance through any of the available CalPERS medical plans. Retirees must contribute any premium amounts in excess of the City contribution amounts.

The City's previous employee agreements contained a provision to also pay an additional \$150 per month for the first five years after retirement, or until age 65 or date of death, whichever was sooner. Police officers were required to have 20 years of service to receive the five-year benefit. The additional \$150 monthly retirement benefit was terminated for all employees, with the exception of miscellaneous employees who retired prior to January 1, 2017; and Safety employees who retired prior to July 1, 2018.

The City does not currently contribute to an OPEB Trust

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2021 (the valuation date), the most recent valuation date, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the Plan:

Inactives currently receiving benefits	68
Inactives entitled to benefit payments	80
Active employees	97
Total	245

Contributions

The City makes contributions based on a pay-as-you go basis as approved by the authority of the City's Board. Total benefit payments included in the measurement period were \$195,915, while actual contributions for the fiscal year were \$190,076. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan. There have been no assets accumulated in a trust to provide for the benefits of this plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 12 – Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

B. Total OPEB Liability

Significant Actuarial Assumptions Used for Total OPEB Liability (Asset)

The following summarized the actuarial assumptions for the OPEB plan included in this fiscal year:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age Level Percent of Pay

Amortization Period: 20 years

Asset Valuation Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed

Actuarial Assumptions:

 Actuarial Valuation Date
 June 30, 2021

 Discount Rate
 2.16%

 Inflation
 2.50%

 Salary Increases
 2.75%

Mortality CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study

Retirement Actives: 60%; Retirees: 100% if covered, 0% re-elect at 65 if waived

Healthcare Trend Rate Non-Medicare - 6.75% for 2022, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076

M edicare (Non-Kaiser) - 5.85% for 2022, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076 M edicare (Kaiser) - 4.75% for 2022, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076

Notes:

Discount rate decreased from 2.21% to 2.16%. Inflation decreased from 2.75% to 2.5%. Salary increase rate decreased from 3% to 2.75%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index.

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 (measurement date) and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 (valuation date) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 (reporting date).

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The following summarizes the changes in the total OPEB liability during the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 5,017,024		
Changes recognized for the measurement period:			
Service Cost		288,848	
Interest on the total pension liability		112,491	
Changes in assumptions		(916,826)	
Benefits payments		(195,915)	
Net changes during July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023		(711,402)	
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	4,305,622	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 12 – Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

B. Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

The City's plan is nonfunded, meaning there have not been assets placed into an irrevocable trust, therefore the plan fiduciary net position is zero.

Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate

The net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher, is as follows:

		Plan's	Net OPEB Liability		
Discount Rate - 1% (2.54%)		Current Discount Rate (3.54%)		Discount Rate + 1% (4.54%)	
\$	4,941,463	\$	4,305,622	\$	3,790,978

Sensitivity to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than current healthcare cost trend rates, is as follows:

Plan's Net OPEB Liability					
19	% Decrease	Current Trend		1% Increase	
\$	3,706,868	\$	4,305,622	\$	5,061,650

C. Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	of Resources		of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	2,698	\$	(142,568)
Changes in assumptions		371,572		(937,516)
Employer contributions made subsequent to				
the measurement date		190,076		
Total	\$	564,346	\$	(1,080,084)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$309,923. Total Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$190,076 resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Note 12 – Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

C. Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Ended June 30	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources		
2024	\$	(23,323)	
2025		(27,022)	
2026		(186,676)	
2027		(195,267)	
2028		(177,740)	
Thereafter		(95,786)	
	\$	(705,814)	

Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies

A. Lawsuits

City management believes, based upon consultation with the City Attorney, that litigation, in the aggregate, are not expected to result in a material adverse financial impact on the City and that insurance programs are sufficient to cover any potential losses should an unfavorable outcome materialize.

B. Federal and State Grant Programs

The City participates in Federal and State grant programs that are audited by the City's independent accountants if required by and in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance and applicable State requirements. For Federal programs, the City did not reach the level of qualifying expenditures during the current fiscal year that would require a single audit. Expenditures which may be disallowed, if any, by the granting agencies, cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Capital Commitments

The City had the following capital commitments outstanding as of June 30, 2023:

	Outstanding	
Capital Commitments	Amount	
Street Improvements	\$	1,192,921
Facility Improvements		200,286
Park Improvements		284,568
Capital Equipment		134,806
	\$	1,812,581

City of Pacific Grove

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 14 – Fund Balance

A. Fund Balance/Net Position Deficits

The City's governmental activities had an unrestricted net position (deficit) of \$(32,183,453) as of June 30, 2023. This is mainly due to reporting of net pension liability of \$(50,117,153) as required under GASB Statement No. 68 (Note 11) and reporting of Total OPEB liability of \$(3,986,354) as required under GASB Statement No. 75 (Note 12).

At June 30, 2023, the following funds had a fund balances (deficit) or unrestricted net position (deficit):

Fund	Fund Type	Deficit
RSTP	Special Revenue Fund	\$ (40,122)
Liability Insurance Fund	Internal Service Fund	(250,966)

Special Revenue Funds

A net deficit of \$40,122 exists in the RSTP Fund. This fund deficit is a result of the timing of grant reimbursements. This net deficit will be eliminated during the upcoming fiscal year.

Internal Service Funds

A net deficit of \$250,966 exists in the Liability Insurance Fund due to accrual of two potential claims within the City's Self-Insured Retention (SIR). Management expects to continue to carefully monitor this fund and intends to alleviate this net deficit through increased amount of transfer from General Fund.

B. Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2023, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds:

					E	excess of
					Expe	nditures over
Fund	App	ropriations	Exp	penditures	App	ropriations
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:						
State Franchise PEG Special Revenue Fund	\$	59,000	\$	63,442	\$	(4,442)
Public Safety Augmentation		404,015		486,764		(82,749)
Supplemental Law Enforcement		342,522		430,177		(87,655) *

^{*}The budgetary overage within this fund was related to a year-end GASB 96 accounting entry. The actual expenditures did not exceed the budgetary appropriation.

City of Pacific Grove Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 15 – Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net Investment in Capital Assets at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	_	overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	
Net investment in capital assets:					
Capital assets, nondepreciable	\$	7,942,256	\$	799,220	
Capital assets, depreciable/amortizable, net		34,760,858		27,732,477	
Long-term debt:					
PG&E Loan		(51,451)		-	
2013 Wastewater Revenue					
Refunding Bond		-		(639,629)	
Clean Water State Loan		-		(4,546,643)	
2004 Golf Course Project		-		(1,725,451)	
Subscription Payable		(317,788)			
Total net investment in capital assets	\$	42,333,875	\$ 21,619,97		

Note 16 – Prior Period Adjustments

Net position for the governmental and business-type activities was restated as of July 1, 2022 as follows:

	Gov	vernmental	Βι	ısiness-type	
	Activities			Activities	Total
Net position (deficit), as previously reported	\$	(502,291)	\$	27,110,713	\$ 26,608,422
OPEB reallocation		348,623		(348,623)	-
Adjust interest payable		623,000		20,266	643,266
Net position (deficit), as restated	\$	469,332	\$	26,782,356	\$ 27,251,688

The beginning fund balance/net position at July 1, 2022 of the following funds has been restated as follows:

			Gove	rnmental Funds	S		Enterprise Funds					Internal Service Funds				
		CDBG		CalHOME					Local Water	1	Workers']	Liability			
		Grant		Reuse		Housing		Cemetery		Project		Sewer	Cor	mpensation	I	nsurance
	Spe	cial Revenue	Spe	ecial Revenue	Sp	ecial Revenue	Enterprise Enterprise				Enterprise			rnal Service	Inte	rnal Service
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund Fund		Fund Fund		Fund	Fund			Fund
Fund balance/net position (deficit), as previously reported	\$	485,784	\$	170,631	\$	281,844	\$	723,195	\$	1,434,833	\$	21,772,365	\$	49,556	\$	30,340
Adjust unearned revenue related to loans receivable		789,439		302,888		290,841		-		=		-		-		-
OPEB reallocation		-		-		-		(100,659)		-		(247,964)		(14,730)		(9,820)
Adjust interest payable		-		-		-		-		20,266		-		-		-
Fund balance/net position (deficit), as restated	\$	1,275,223	\$	473,519	\$	572,685	\$	622,536	\$	1,455,099	\$	21,524,401	\$	34,826	\$	20,520

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

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City of Pacific Grove

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Budgetary Control and Accounting Policy

The City's budgetary records are maintained on a modified accrual basis. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available; and expenditures are recorded when goods and services are received or the liability incurred. The City produces an annual budget, which serves as the foundation for the City of Pacific Grove's financial planning and control. Based on the City of Pacific Grove Budget's Policy 400-6 Budget and Financial Management Policy, the City is required to maintain a balanced operating budgeted; along with using one-time revenues to fund non-recurring expenditures. In the budget development process, the City Council and staff reference Council's adopted Community Goals and Work Plan Focused Priority Areas, while also establishing annual Department Operational Goals.

In accordance with the City's Budget and Financial Management Policy, The City Manager recommends the budget to the City Council in May. After public input and discussion is received, the City Council may request modifications to the budget or introduce an ordinance adopting the budget. Expenditures authorized in the final budget ordinance are appropriated at the Fund level, and in the case of the General Fund, at the department or program level. The Council may adopt an ordinance to amend the budget during the year to reflect changing Council priorities or staff recommendations. The City Manager has the authority to transfer funds within a given fund and between department appropriations to ensure that programmatic budgets may adapt throughout the year to evolving circumstances.

All governmental, enterprise, and internal service funds are appropriated annually. The governmental funds include General, special revenue, capital project and permanent funds.

Additional information on the City's budget and encumbrance accounting can be found in Note 1S-Budgetary Information and Note 1T-Encumbrances.

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City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Taxes				
Property taxes	\$ 8,840,000	\$ 9,252,000	\$ 9,330,981	\$ 78,981
Sales and use taxes	5,616,000	5,564,000	5,614,305	50,305
Franchise and other taxes	1,546,000	1,555,000	1,570,875	15,875
Transient occupancy taxes	5,962,000	6,482,000	6,635,688	153,688
Utility users taxes	1,929,000	1,965,000	2,097,934	132,934
Business license tax	322,000	365,000	384,243	19,243
Other taxes	249,000	188,000	165,613	(22,387)
Intergovernmental	280,382	389,000	146,946	(242,054)
Licenses, permits, and impact fees	1,095,000	1,024,000	1,083,985	59,985
Fines and forfeitures	428,000	516,000	460,058	(55,942)
Charges for services	1,528,000	1,645,000	1,678,855	33,855
Interest, rents, and concessions	314,400	380,970	390,656	9,686
Other revenues	1,483,337	1,557,913	1,949,182	391,269
Total revenues	29,593,119	30,883,883	31,509,321	625,438
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	4,765,258	5,078,194	4,305,907	772,287
Public safety:	4,703,236	3,076,134	4,303,907	112,201
Police	7,928,921	7,926,286	7,682,426	243,860
Fire	4,268,200	4,387,718	4,384,138	3,580
Public works	4,239,165	4,256,703	4,095,921	160,782
Recreation	935,638	945,065	819,285	125,780
Library	1,125,728	1,116,332	1,095,179	21,153
Museum	314,500	325,500	336,814	(11,314)
Community development	2,813,339	3,094,369	2,403,365	691,004
Capital outlay	152,000	1,322,150	1,413,338	(91,188)
Debt service:	132,000	1,322,130	1,413,330	(71,100)
Principal retirement	2,237,415	2,239,777	964,801	1,274,976
Interest and fiscal charges	2,237,113	2,237,111	1,391,506	(1,391,506)
Total expenditures	28,780,164	30,692,094	28,892,680	1,799,414
Total expenditures	20,700,104	30,072,074	20,072,000	1,///,414
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	812,955	191,789	2,616,641	2,424,852
OTHER FINANCING USES:				
Transfers in	800,000	801,859	803,278	1,419
Transfers out	(1,675,737)	(912,000)	(975,919)	(63,919)
Proceeds from sale of assets	5,000	5,000	391	(4,609)
Proceeds from debt issuance	-	-	345,575	345,575
Total other financing uses	(870,737)	(105,141)	173,325	278,466
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (57,782)	\$ 86,648	2,789,966	\$ 2,703,318
FUND BALANCE:				
			10.005.005	
Beginning of year			12,235,387	
End of year			\$ 15,025,353	

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual ASBS Grant Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Origina Budge		Final Budget		Ac	ctual	_	Variand Final F	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	 \$		_		-	-	\$	
FUND BALANCE:									
Beginning of year				_		23,629	<u> </u>		
End of year				_	\$	23,629	<u> </u>		

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual CDBG Grant Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES: Interest, rents, and concessions Other revenues Total revenues	\$ 12,000 100,000 112,000	\$ 12,000 100,000 112,000	\$ 4,419	\$	(7,581) (100,000) (107,581)	
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community development Total expenditures	 470,000 470,000	 70,000 70,000	 <u>-</u>		70,000 70,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (358,000)	\$ 42,000	4,419	\$	(37,581)	
FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16) End of year			\$ 1,275,223 1,279,642			

City of Pacific Grove Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

	 2014-15 ¹	2015-16 2		2016-17		2017-18	2018-19	
Proportion of Net Pension Liability	0.3730%		0.3824%	0.3994%		0.3977%		0.4118%
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 23,123,343	\$	26,535,640	\$	34,564,209	\$	39,440,944	\$ 39,679,281
Covered payroll	\$ 5,543,503	\$	5,714,952	\$	6,248,635	\$	5,873,761	\$ 7,328,064
Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	417.13%		464.32%		553.15%		671.48%	541.47%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the TPL	81.99%		78.40%		74.06%		73.31%	75.26%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for periods after GASB 68 implementation in 2014-15. Additional years of information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Notes to Schedule:

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.5% to 7.65% in fiscal year 2016 and then decreased from 7.65% to 7.15% in fiscal year 2018.

The CalPERS mortality assumptions were adjusted in fiscal year 2019.

City of Pacific Grove Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019-2020			2020-2021	2021-2022			2022-2023
Proportion of Net Pension Liability		0.4169%		0.4226%		0.6037%		0.4527%
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$	42,724,135	\$	45,982,402	\$	32,650,197	\$	52,295,194
Covered payroll	\$	8,029,195	\$	8,120,599	\$	7,539,260	\$	8,361,384
Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll		532.11%		566.24%		433.07%		625.44%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the TPL		75.26%		75.10%		88.29%		76.68%

City of Pacific Grove

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2014-15	 2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 837,801	\$ 1,784,443	\$ 1,995,457	\$ 2,392,372	\$ 2,857,889
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution ²	 (837,801)	(1,784,443)	(1,995,457)	(2,392,372)	(2,857,889)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 5,714,952	\$ 6,248,635	\$ 5,873,761	\$ 7,328,064	\$ 8,029,195
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	 14.66%	28.56%	33.97%	32.65%	35.59%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods after GASB 68 implementation in 2014-15. Additional years of information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2019-20 were derived from the June 30, 2017 funding valuation report.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2020

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method Varies by date established and source. May be level dollar

or level percent of pay and may include direct rate

Remaining Amortization Periods Differs by employer rate plan but not more than 28 years

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Varies by category, entry age, and service

Discount Rate 7.00% (net of investment and administrative expenses)

Mortality Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds.

The post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected on-going mortality improvement using

90 percent of Scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries

² Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions.

City of Pacific Grove Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) (Continued) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 3,404,853	\$ 3,760,395	\$ 4,332,824	\$ 4,811,828
Contributions in relation to				
the actuarially determined contribution ²	(3,404,566)	(3,760,395)	(4,332,824)	(4,811,828)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 287	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 8,120,599	\$ 7,539,260	\$ 8,361,384	\$ 8,989,993
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	41.93%	49.88%	51.82%	53.52%

City of Pacific Grove

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Retiree Healthcare Plan

Measurement period	2017-18 ¹	2018-19	 2019-20	2020-21	 2021-22
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost	\$ 194,311	\$ 168,509	\$ 162,418	\$ 227,721	\$ 312,533
Interest	119,338	139,246	150,001	149,231	118,772
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	(10,980)	-	-
Changes of assumptions	(415,636)	(152,945)	172,969	814,841	(188,228)
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	-	7,390	-	(203,234)
Benefit payments, including refunds	(171,120)	(168,800)	(156,858)	(162,898)	(169,211)
Administrative expense	 _	 _	1,112	 _	
Net change in total OPEB liability	(273,107)	(13,990)	326,052	1,028,895	(129,368)
Total OPEB liability - beginning of the year	 4,078,542	 3,805,435	 3,791,445	4,117,497	 5,146,392
Total OPEB liability - end of the year (a)	\$ 3,805,435	\$ 3,791,445	\$ 4,117,497	\$ 5,146,392	\$ 5,017,024
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,678,127	\$ 7,915,595	\$ 8,673,911	\$ 8,151,351	\$ 9,186,311
Plan total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	49.56%	47.90%	47.47%	63.14%	54.61%

¹ Historical information is presented for measurement periods after GASB 75 implementation in 2017-18. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions: discount rates decreased from 3.87% to 3.5% in 2020, then to 2.21% in 2021, 2.16% in 2022 and increase to 3.54% in 2023

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms in 2023.

There are no assets in the accumulated trust

City of Pacific Grove Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Retiree Healthcare Plan

Measurement period	202	22-23
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$	288,848
Interest		112,491
Changes of benefit terms		-
Changes of assumptions	((916,826)
Differences between expected and actual experience		-
Benefit payments, including refunds	((195,915)
Other - funding rates used by benefits paid		-
Net change in total OPEB liability	((711,402)
Total OPEB liability - beginning of the year	5,	,017,024
Total OPEB liability - end of the year (a)	\$ 4,	,305,622
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,	,226,324
Plan total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		46.67%

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Improvement Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	riginal udget	 Final Budget	Actual	 riance with
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental Interest, rents, and concessions Other revenues	\$ 37,953 3,000 535,711	\$ 426,538 3,000 1,217,972	\$ 400,811 1,706 441,455	\$ (25,727) (1,294) (776,517)
Total revenues	 576,664	1,647,510	843,972	(803,538)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government	-	-	15,900	(15,900)
Capital outlay	1,400,453	1,868,534	 1,370,393	 498,141
Total expenditures	 1,400,453	 1,868,534	 1,386,293	 482,241
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(823,789)	(221,024)	(542,321)	(321,297)
OTHER FINANCING USES: Transfers in Transfers out	 575,000	588,000 (1,859)	588,000 (1,859)	- -
Total other financing uses	 575,000	586,141	 586,141	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (248,789)	\$ 365,117	43,820	\$ (321,297)
FUND BALANCE(DEFICIT):				
Beginning of year			(21,194)	
End of year			\$ 22,626	

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

These funds account for revenue sources that are restricted for specific purposes (other than those resources to be expended solely for the construction of major capital facilities).

Carillion Fund - The Carillon Fund accounts for donations designated for the maintenance of the tower clock and chimes system at City Hall.

Environmental Enhancement Fund - The Environmental Enhancement Fund accounts for revenues associated with Coastal Area Planning grants, coastal area land use, and Environmental Impact Report deposit funds.

State Franchise PEG Fund - Receives funding from the City's cable franchisee to support Public, Educational and Governmental (PEG) programming on local Public Access television. The fund supports equipment expenditures to aid in broadcasting based on the terms of the Digital Infrastructure and Video Competition Act of 2006.

Library Building & Equipment Fund - The Library Building and Equipment Fund accounts for donations designated for improvements and equipment for the City Library.

Museum Improvement Fund - The Museum Improvement Fund accounts for donations designated for improvements to the Museum of Natural History.

Downtown Business District Fund - Provides for the collection of self-assessed fees from businesses within the Business Improvement District and the payment of those fees to the Pacific Grove Chamber of Commerce. Businesses within the BID remit these fees to the City upon the annual renewal of their business licenses.

Hospitality Improvement District Fund - Records the collection and distribution of self-assessed fees by the hotels. Half of the collected funds are remitted to the Pacific Grove Chamber of Commerce, while the other half, Monterey County Tourism Improvement District (MCTID) is remitted to the Monterey County Convention and Visitor's Bureau.

Library Book Fund - The Library Book Fund receives donations and contributions are for the specific purpose of purchasing books for the City Library.

Fire Emergency Equipment Fund - The Fire Emergency Equipment Fund accounts are for grants, fees, and donations in support of Fire Department safety programs.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund (ARPA) - Receives funds from the American Rescue Plan Act and records expenditures that are applied against the granted funds.

Local Streets and Roads Fund - Monterey County voters approved Measure X, which authorized the Transportation Agency of Monterey County (TAMC) to impose and administer a three-eighths cent transaction and use tax. This fund receives tax proceeds to pay for pedestrian and vehicular transportation projects and programs.

Gas Tax Fund - The Gas Tax Fund accounts for State shared gasoline tax revenues that are utilized for street-related operating and capital project costs.

Chautauqua Hall Fund - Chautauqua Hall was built in 1881 and was designated a State Historical Landmark. The Chautauqua Hall Fund accounts for funds from the Chautauqua Hall Preserve that are used to support building repairs and maintenance.

Lighthouse Maintenance & Improvement Fund - Receipts admission fees, gift shop sales, and donations to support operations at the Point Pinos Lighthouse visitor's center and gift shop. Expenditures include staffing, maintenance, supplies, and improvements.

Senior Housing Fund - The Senior Housing Fund accounts for donations and other revenues to develop and maintain senior housing opportunities.

CalHOME Reuse Fund - Funding from the California Department of Housing and Community Development that is administered by the City. Funds provide loans to low and very low-income households for down payment assistance and home rehabilitation. The loans are payable on sale or transfer of homes or when they cease to be owner occupied, or at maturity.

Small Business Grants Fund - In Fiscal Year 20/21, the City established a Small Business Grant Fund to assist small businesses in recovering from the COVID-19 pandemic. This fund was established with a \$50,000 transfer from the General Fund. This fund may be used in the future for further small business assistance programs.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

General Plan Maintenance Fee Fund - The General Plan Maintenance Fund accounts for fees collected to maintain the City's General Plan. These fees will be expended to maintain and monitor the General Plan.

Poetry Promotion Fund - The Poetry Promotion Fund receives income from donations and a bequest to support the promotion of poetry in the community.

Yount Income Fund - The Yount Income Fund accounts for the expendable portion of the Yount Trust Fund which is to be used for beautification of the city and for minor improvements to educational and/or recreational facilities.

Public Safety Augmentation Fund - The Public Safety Augmentation Fund accounts for revenue from Proposition 172 public safety sales tax and interfund transfers to pay for a contract with Monterey County Emergency Communications for 911 emergency dispatch services.

Supplemental Law Enforcement Fund - Receives Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Funds (SLESF) to partially fund the costs of the Department's School Resource Officer (SRO), training expenses, supplies and equipment. Revenues also include funding from the PG Unified School District to partially fund the SRO position.

Vehicle Abandonment Fund - The City receives a \$1 tax on vehicle registrations. The City is reimbursed based on each abandoned vehicle marked, ticketed, and/or towed. Funds are used for the Police Department's abatement program for training, supplies, and equipment.

Strong Disbursements Fund - Accounts for expenditures of income received from the Bertha Strong private foundation held for the benefit of the City Pacific Grove for civic improvements. Revenue is the greater of net income or the required minimum distribution from the corpus of the foundation as governed by the IRS.

Housing Fund - The Housing Fund accounts are for the administration of housing loan activities.

Coastal Conservency Grant Fund - Grant proceeds from the Coastal Conservancy to fund coastal conservancy related projects and plans that maintain and improve beaches and coastal parks.

Operating Grant Fund - The Operating Donations Fund accounts for grants from federal, state and local agencies to support a variety of public services including police, fire, community development, parks, recreation, and museum facilities.

RMRA Fund - Receipts funding from the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017, which include increased gas tax, diesel excise and sales tax; and a zero-emission vehicle registration fee for local transportation projects. Funding allocations are project specific and require a maintenance of effort (MOE) requirement.

Traffic Cong Relief Fund - To supports street-related projects that are supported by the state or federal government.

McIndoo Donation Fund - The McIndoo Donation Fund accounts for the receipt of a donation from the Jeanette J. McIndoo Trust for beautification and enhancement of public facilities and grounds.

RSTP Fund - This fund receives federal and state transportation funding through the Transportation Agency for Monterey County (TAMC). TAMC allocates these funds to local agencies. Funds are used for variety of projects including bicycle and pedestrian projects, local roads, and transit.

PERMANENT FUNDS

Library Endowment Trust Fund - Retains donations and bequeaths for the benefit of Library materials and collections.

Cemetery Endowment Trust Fund - Accounts for revenues paid for the El Carmelo Cemetery endowment care, perpetual expenses; and the general preservation of burial sites, grounds, walking paths, roadways, boundaries, and structures.

Yount Trust Fund - Receives interest income from non-expendable trust fund. The actual interest earned is transferred to the Yount Income Fund to support beautification of the City and minor improvements to education or recreational facilities.

	Special Revenue Funds										
				Environmental Enhancement Fund		State Franchise PEG Fund		Library uilding & quipment Fund			
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	9,625	\$	113,797	\$	127,793	\$	136,233			
Receivables:											
Accounts		-		-		-		-			
Taxes Loans		-		-		12,023		-			
Interest		-		-		-		-			
Total assets	\$	9,625	\$	113,797	\$	139,816	\$	136,233			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	48,750	\$	-			
Due to other funds Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-			
Total liabilities						10.750					
- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						48,750					
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:											
Permanent funds		_		_		_		_			
Restricted:											
Social service programs		-		-		-		-			
Public safety		-		-		-		-			
Community development		9,625		113,797		91,066		136,233			
Lost revenue recovery Street improvements		-		-		-		-			
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		-		-			
Total fund balances		9,625		113,797		91,066		136,233			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	9,625	\$	113,797	\$	139,816	\$	136,233			

	Special Revenue Funds										
		Museum provement Fund	Downtown Business nt District Fund		Hospitality Improvement District Fund		Library Book Fund				
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	327,884	\$	12,724	\$	90,467	\$	35,227			
Receivables:											
Accounts		-		0.517		44.269		-			
Taxes Loans		-		8,517		44,268		-			
Interest		-		-		-		_			
Total assets	\$	327,884	\$	21,241	\$	134,735	\$	35,227			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	125,807	\$	1,852			
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-			
Unearned revenue				10,767							
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>		10,767		125,807		1,852			
Fund Balances:											
Nonspendable:											
Permanent funds		-		-		-		-			
Restricted: Social service programs								33,375			
Public safety		-		-		_		33,373			
Community development		327,884		10,474		8,928		_			
Lost revenue recovery		-		-		-		-			
Street improvements		-		-		-		-			
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		-		-			
Total fund balances		327,884		10,474		8,928		33,375			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	327,884	\$	21,241	\$	134,735	\$	35,227			

	Special Revenue Funds										
	Fire Emergency Equipment Fund		American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund		Local Streets and Roads Fund			Gas Tax Fund			
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	174,441	\$	1,123,398	\$	1,228,038	\$	162,411			
Receivables:											
Accounts		-		-		-		-			
Taxes		-		-		204,458		32,096			
Loans Interest		-		-		-		-			
	Ф.	174 441	Ф.	1 122 200	•	1 422 406	Ф.	104 507			
Total assets	\$	174,441	\$	1,123,398	\$	1,432,496	\$	194,507			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:	Φ.	2 044		40.004	•	2== =20		40.000			
Accounts payable	\$	3,011	\$	49,234	\$	277,739	\$	13,822			
Due to other funds Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-			
		2.011		40.224		277 720		12.922			
Total liabilities		3,011		49,234		277,739		13,822			
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Permanent funds Restricted:		-		-		-		-			
Social service programs		_		_		_		_			
Public safety		171,430		_		_		_			
Community development		-		-		_		_			
Lost revenue recovery		-		1,074,164		-		-			
Street improvements Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		1,154,757		180,685			
Total fund balances	<u></u>	171,430		1,074,164		1,154,757		180,685			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	174,441	\$	1,123,398	\$	1,432,496	\$	194,507			

	Special Revenue Funds										
		autauqua Hall Fund	Mai	Lighthouse Maintenance & Improvement Fund		Senior Housing Fund		alHOME Reuse Fund			
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	14,798	\$	198,649	\$	10,339	\$	172,196			
Receivables:											
Accounts		-		-		-		-			
Taxes Loans		-		-		-		302,888			
Interest		-		-		-		302,000			
Total assets	\$	14,798	\$	198,649	\$	10,339	\$	475,084			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:	Φ.		Ф	2 (17	ф		Ф				
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	3,617	\$	-	\$	-			
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-			
Total liabilities		_		3,617		_		_			
Fund Balances:	·										
Nonspendable:											
Permanent funds Restricted:		-		-		-		-			
Social service programs		_		_		10,339		475,084			
Public safety		_		_		-		-			
Community development		14,798		195,032		-		-			
Lost revenue recovery		-		-		-		-			
Street improvements		-		-		-		-			
Unassigned (deficit)						-					
Total fund balances		14,798		195,032		10,339		475,084			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	14,798	\$	198,649	\$	10,339	\$	475,084			

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Bı (Small isiness Grants Fund		neral Plan intenance Fee Fund	P	Poetry Promotion Fund		Yount Income Fund		
ASSETS										
Cash and investments Receivables: Accounts Taxes	\$	1,619	\$	32,550	\$	119,714	\$	7,507		
Loans Interest		- -		- -		- -		- -		
Total assets	\$	1,619	\$	32,550	\$	119,714	\$	7,507		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	- -	\$	- - -	\$	- -	\$	167 - -		
Total liabilities	·	_		_		_		167		
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Permanent funds		-				-				
Restricted: Social service programs Public safety		-		-		119,714		-		
Community development Lost revenue recovery Street improvements		1,619		32,550		- -		7,340		
Unassigned (deficit)		-		_		-		-		
Total fund balances		1,619		32,550		119,714		7,340		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	1,619	\$	32,550	\$	119,714	\$	7,507		

	Special Revenue Funds										
	Public Safety Augmentati Fund		Supplemental Law Enforcement Fund		Vehicle Abandonment Fund			Strong oursements Fund			
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	47,258	\$	110,545	\$	21,938	\$	25,987			
Receivables:											
Accounts		-		16,667		-		-			
Taxes		16,404		-		-		-			
Loans Interest		-		-		-		-			
	•	(2.((2	•	127.212	Φ.	21.029	Φ.	25.007			
Total assets	\$	63,662	\$	127,212	\$	21,938	\$	25,987			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	28,976	\$	-	\$	-			
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-			
Unearned revenue								-			
Total liabilities				28,976							
Fund Balances:											
Nonspendable:											
Permanent funds		-		-		-		-			
Restricted: Social service programs											
Public safety		63,662		98,236		21,938		_			
Community development		-		-		21,730		25,987			
Lost revenue recovery		_		_		_		-			
Street improvements		-		-		-		-			
Unassigned (deficit)											
Total fund balances		63,662	_	98,236	_	21,938	_	25,987			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	63,662	\$	127,212	\$	21,938	\$	25,987			

	Special Revenue Funds										
	I	Housing Fund	Co	Coastal Conservency Grant Fund		Operating Grants Fund		RMRA Fund			
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	376,716	\$	82,644	\$	683	\$	504,566			
Receivables:											
Accounts		-		-		-		- 50.500			
Taxes Loans		220,841		-		-		58,508			
Interest		220,041		-		-		-			
Total assets	\$	597,557	\$	82,644	\$	683	\$	563,074			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:	¢.	2 (77	Φ		Ф		Ф	221 000			
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	3,677	\$	-	\$	-	\$	221,900			
Unearned revenue		-		-		_		-			
Total liabilities		3,677		_		_		221,900			
Fund Balances:											
Nonspendable:											
Permanent funds		-		-		-		-			
Restricted: Social service programs		593,880									
Public safety		393,000		-		_		-			
Community development		_		82,644		683		_			
Lost revenue recovery		-		· -		-		-			
Street improvements		-		-		-		341,174			
Unassigned (deficit)											
Total fund balances		593,880		82,644		683		341,174			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	597,557	\$	82,644	\$	683	\$	563,074			

		Special Revenue Funds F							
	Con R	raffic gestion elief und	N	AcIndoo Oonation Fund		RSTP Fund	Е	Library ndowment Trust Fund	
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	596	\$	36,856	\$	-	\$	522,441	
Receivables:									
Accounts		-		-		-		-	
Taxes		-		-		-		-	
Loans		-		-		-		-	
Interest		-							
Total assets	\$	596	\$	36,856	\$	-	\$	522,441	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	39,950	\$	-	
Due to other funds Unearned revenue		-		-		172		-	
Total liabilities		_		-		40,122		_	
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:									
Permanent funds Restricted:		-		-		-		522,441	
Social service programs		-		-		-		-	
Public safety		-		-		-		-	
Community development		596		36,856		-		-	
Lost revenue recovery		-		-		-		-	
Street improvements Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		(40,122)		-	
Total fund balances		596		36,856		(40,122)		522,441	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	596	\$	36,856	\$	-	\$	522,441	

		Permane	ent Fu	nds		
		Cemetery Endowment Trust Fund		Yount Trust Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	1,967,327	\$	770,681	\$	8,567,648
Receivables:						
Accounts		-		-		16,667
Taxes		-		-		376,274
Loans Interest		-		2,016		523,729 2,016
Total assets	•	1 067 227	•		•	
1 otal assets	\$	1,967,327	\$	772,697	\$	9,486,334
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	818,502
Due to other funds		-		-		172
Unearned revenue						10,767
Total liabilities						829,441
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable:		1 0 6 7 2 2 7		550 COS		2 2 6 2 4 6 5
Permanent funds Restricted:		1,967,327		772,697		3,262,465
Social service programs		_		_		1,232,392
Public safety		_		_		355,266
Community development		-		-		1,096,112
Lost revenue recovery		-		-		1,074,164
Street improvements		-		-		1,676,616
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		(40,122)
Total fund balances		1,967,327		772,697		8,656,893
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	1,967,327	\$	772,697	\$	9,486,334

(Concluded)

-		•	Ctata		
<u>-</u>	Carillion Fund	Environmental Enhancement Fund	State Franchise PEG Fund	Library Building & Equipment Fund	
REVENUES:					
Taxes: Sales and use taxes Franchise and other taxes Transient occupancy taxes Business license tax	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - 49,261	\$ - - -	
Intergovernmental Charges for services	- - -	- - -	- - -	25,121	
Interest, rents, and concessions Other revenues	127	1,007	904	1,210 72,238	
Total revenues	127	1,007	50,165	98,569	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: General government Public safety:	-	-	63,442	-	
Police Fire	-	-	-	-	
Public works Recreation Library	- -	- -	- - -	- - 17,022	
Community development Capital outlay Debt service:	-	-	-	33,617	
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	- -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		
Total expenditures	-		63,442	50,639	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	127	1,007	(13,277)	47,930	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in Transfers out	-	-	-	-	
Inception of subscription liability Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>				
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	127	1,007	(13,277)	47,930	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):					
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	9,498	112,790	104,343	88,303	
End of year	\$ 9,625	\$ 113,797	\$ 91,066	\$ 136,233	

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Museum Improvement Fund	Downtown Business District Fund	Hospitality Improvement District Fund	Library Book Fund
REVENUES:				
Taxes: Sales and use taxes Franchise and other taxes Transient occupancy taxes Business license tax	\$ - - -	\$ - - 41,448	\$ - 469,568	\$ - - -
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	2.505	- 122	-	-
Interest, rents, and concessions Other revenues	3,595 100	133	586	475 46,591
Total revenues	3,695	41,581	470,154	47,066
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government Public safety:	-	33,079	459,867	-
Police	-	-	-	-
Fire	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Recreation Library	-	-	-	39,750
Community development	-	-	-	39,730
Capital outlay	89,880	_	_	_
Debt service:	07,000			
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges				
Total expenditures	89,880	33,079	459,867	39,750
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(86,185)	8,502	10,287	7,316
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Inception of subscription liability				
Total other financing sources (uses)				
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(86,185)	8,502	10,287	7,316
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):				
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	414,069	1,972	(1,359)	26,059
End of year	\$ 327,884	\$ 10,474	\$ 8,928	\$ 33,375

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Fire Emergency Equipment Fund	American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund	Local Streets and Roads Fund	Gas Tax Fund	
REVENUES:					
Taxes: Sales and use taxes Franchise and other taxes Transient occupancy taxes Business license tax	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 786,743 -	\$ - - -	
Intergovernmental Charges for services	- - -	1,843,559	- - -	367,880	
Interest, rents, and concessions Other revenues	1,522 19,381	9,160	7,570	1,489	
Total revenues	20,903	1,852,719	794,313	369,369	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: General government Public safety:	-	4,705	-	-	
Police Fire Public works	8,695	- - -	- - -	317,964	
Recreation Library Community development	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	267,219	595,120	29,014	
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges			<u> </u>	14,015	
Total expenditures	8,695	271,924	595,120	360,993	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	12,208	1,580,795	199,193	8,376	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in Transfers out Inception of subscription liability	- - -	(800,000)	- - -	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(800,000)			
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	12,208	780,795	199,193	8,376	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):					
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	159,222	293,369	955,564	172,309	
End of year	\$ 171,430	\$ 1,074,164	\$ 1,154,757	\$ 180,685	

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Chautauqua Hall Fund	Lighthouse Maintenance & Improvement Fund	Senior Housing Fund	CalHOME Reuse Fund
REVENUES:				
Taxes: Sales and use taxes Franchise and other taxes Transient occupancy taxes Business license tax Intergovernmental	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -
Charges for services Interest, rents, and concessions Other revenues	140	48,643 1,732 1,613	128	1,565
Total revenues	140	51,988	128	1,565
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government Public safety:	-	-	-	-
Police Fire	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Recreation	-	38,285	-	-
Library	-	-	-	-
Community development Capital outlay	-	2,050	-	-
Debt service:	-	2,030	-	-
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges				
Total expenditures		40,335		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	140	11,653	128	1,565
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in				
Transfers in Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Inception of subscription liability	-	-	-	_
Total other financing sources (uses)			-	-
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	140	11,653	128	1,565
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):				
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	14,658	183,379	10,211	473,519
End of year	\$ 14,798	\$ 195,032	\$ 10,339	\$ 475,084

		Special Revenue Funds			
	Small Business Grants Fund	General Mainten Fee Fund	Plan ance	Poetry Promotion Fund	Yount Income Fund
REVENUES:					
Taxes: Sales and use taxes Franchise and other taxes Transient occupancy taxes Business license tax Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest, rents, and concessions	\$	- \$ - - - - - 6	- \$ - - - 6,962 285	- - - - - 34,947	\$ - - - - - - 70
Other revenues		-	-	-	-
Total revenues		6	7,247	34,947	70
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government Public safety:		-	-	-	-
Police Fire		-	-	-	-
Public works		-	-	_	7,027
Recreation		-	-	-	-
Library		-	-	14,268	-
Community development Capital outlay		-	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-	
Total expenditures		<u>-</u>		14,268	7,027
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		6	7,247	20,679	(6,957)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in		-	-	-	9,422
Transfers out		-	-	-	-
Inception of subscription liability		-			- 0.422
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	9,422
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		6	7,247	20,679	2,465
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):					
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	1,61		25,303	99,035	4,875
End of year	\$ 1,61	9 \$ 3	2,550 \$	119,714	\$ 7,340

		Special Rev	enue Funds	
	Public Safety Augmentation Fund	Supplemental Law Enforcement Fund	Vehicle Abandonment Fund	Strong Disbursements Fund
REVENUES:				
Taxes: Sales and use taxes Franchise and other taxes Transient occupancy taxes Business license tax	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -
Intergovernmental	168,969	265,889	8,822	-
Charges for services Interest, rents, and concessions	586	924	162	366
Other revenues	-	-	-	40,000
Total revenues	169,555	266,813	8,984	40,366
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government Public safety:	-	-	-	-
Police	486,764	180,904	-	-
Fire	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Recreation Library	-	-	-	-
Community development	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	_	186,972	_	79,302
Debt service:		100,572		75,502
Principal retirement	-	59,751	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		2,550		
Total expenditures	486,764	430,177		79,302
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(317,209)	(163,364)	8,984	(38,936)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	224,000	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	145.510	-	-
Inception of subscription liability		145,710		
Total other financing sources (uses)	224,000	145,710		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(93,209)	(17,654)	8,984	(38,936)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):				
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	156,871	115,890	12,954	64,923
End of year	\$ 63,662	\$ 98,236	\$ 21,938	\$ 25,987

(Continued)

			venue Funds	
	Housing Fund	Coastal Conservency Grant Fund	Operating Grants Fund	RMRA Fund
REVENUES:				
Taxes: Sales and use taxes Franchise and other taxes Transient occupancy taxes Business license tax Intergovernmental	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 333,892
Charges for services	_	_	_	_
Interest, rents, and concessions	119,395	723	2	3,332
Other revenues	1,085			
Total revenues	120,480	723	2	337,224
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government Public safety:	-	-	-	-
Police	-	-	-	-
Fire	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Recreation	-	-	-	-
Library Community development	91,276	-	-	-
Capital outlay	71,270	_	_	472,588
Debt service:				.,=,000
Principal retirement	8,009	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges				
Total expenditures	99,285			472,588
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	21,195	723	2	(135,364)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Inception of subscription liability		<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources (uses)		. <u>-</u>		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	21,195	723	2	(135,364)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):				
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	572,685	81,921	681	476,538
End of year	\$ 593,880	\$ 82,644	\$ 683	\$ 341,174
	<u>-</u>			

(Continued)

		Special Revenue Funds								
	Trafi Conges Reli Fun	fic stion ef	Mc Doi	McIndoo Donation Fund		RSTP Fund	Library Endowment Trust Fund			
REVENUES:										
Taxes: Sales and use taxes Franchise and other taxes Transient occupancy taxes Business license tax Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest, rents, and concessions Other revenues Total revenues	\$	- - - 596 - - - 596	\$	- - - - 296 -	\$	- - - - - -	\$	- - - - 4,713 200 4,913		
EXPENDITURES:	_							.,,		
Current: General government Public safety: Police		-		-		-		-		
Fire		-		-		-		-		
Public works		_		_		_		-		
Recreation		-		-		-		-		
Library		-		-		-		-		
Community development		-		-		-		-		
Capital outlay Debt service:		-		142		40,122		-		
Principal retirement		_		_		_		_		
Interest and fiscal charges		-		_		_		-		
Total expenditures		-		142		40,122		-		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER										
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		596		154		(40,122)		4,913		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in		-		_		-		-		
Transfers out		-		-		-		-		
Inception of subscription liability								-		
Total other financing sources (uses)										
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		596		154		(40,122)		4,913		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):										
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)				36,702		_		517,528		
End of year	\$	596	\$	36,856	\$	(40,122)	\$	522,441		

(Continued)

	Permane	ent Funds	
	Cemetery Endowment Trust Fund	Yount Trust Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:			
Taxes: Sales and use taxes Franchise and other taxes Transient occupancy taxes Business license tax Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest, rents, and concessions Other revenues Total revenues	\$ - - - 91,429 17,291 - 108,720	\$ - - - - - (8,445) - (8,445)	\$ 1,120,635 49,261 469,568 41,448 2,680,836 147,034 205,996 181,208
EXPENDITURES:	·		
Current:			
General government Public safety:	-	-	561,093
Police	-	-	667,668
Fire	-	-	8,695
Public works	-	-	324,991
Recreation	-	-	38,285
Library Community development	-	-	71,040 91,276
Capital outlay	-	-	1,796,026
Debt service:			1,770,020
Principal retirement	-	_	81,775
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	2,550
Total expenditures			3,643,399
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	108,720	(8,445)	1,252,587
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers in	-	-	233,422
Transfers out	-	(9,422)	(809,422)
Inception of subscription liability			145,710
Total other financing sources (uses)		(9,422)	(430,290)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	108,720	(17,867)	822,297
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT):			
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	1,858,607	790,564	7,834,596
End of year	\$ 1,967,327	\$ 772,697	\$ 8,656,893

(Concluded)

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Carillion Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

DEVENUES.	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual		Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:		100		400		10-	•	
Interest, rents, and concessions	\$	100	\$	100	\$	127	\$	27
Total revenues		100		100		127		27
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	100	\$	100		127	\$	27
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						9,498		
End of year					\$	9,625		

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Environmental Enhancement Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES:	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
	¢	900	\$	800	\$	1,007	\$	207
Interest, rents, and concessions	\$	800	D	800	Þ	1,007	D	207
Total revenues		800		800		1,007		207
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	800	\$	800		1,007	\$	207
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						112,790		
End of year					\$	113,797		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual State Franchise PEG Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES:	Original Final Budget Budget			 Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Taxes Franchise and other taxes Interest, rents, and concessions Total revenues	\$	59,000 500 59,500	\$	51,000 1,000 52,000	\$ 49,261 904 50,165	\$	(1,739) (96) (1,835)
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Capital outlay		43,000 10,000		54,000 5,000	63,442		(9,442) 5,000
Total expenditures NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	53,000 6,500	\$	59,000 (7,000)	63,442 (13,277)	\$	(4,442)
FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year End of year					\$ 104,343 91,066		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Library Building & Equipment Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES:	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget		
Intergovernmental Interest, rents, and concessions Other revenues	\$ 38,000 200 20,000	\$	134,825 1,000 65,000	\$	25,121 1,210 72,238	\$	(109,704) 210 7,238
Total revenues	 58,200		200,825		98,569		(102,256)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:	40.000		40.000		45.000		20.050
Library Capital outlay	 18,000 20,000		48,000 131,825		17,022 33,617		30,978 98,208
Total expenditures	 38,000		179,825		50,639		129,186
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 20,200	\$	21,000		47,930	\$	26,930
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					88,303		
End of year				\$	136,233		

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Museum Improvement Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Interest, rents, and concessions	\$	3,000	\$	4,200	\$	3,595	\$	(605)
Other revenues		_				100		100
Total revenues		3,000		4,200		3,695		(505)
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital outlay		115,000		213,217		89,880		123,337
Total expenditures		115,000		213,217		89,880		123,337
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(112,000)	\$	(209,017)		(86,185)	\$	122,832
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						414,069		
End of year					\$	327,884		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Downtown Business District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES:	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Taxes Business license tax Interest, rents, and concessions	\$ 24,000	\$	34,000 300	\$	41,448 133	\$	7,448 (167)	
Total revenues	24,000		34,300		41,581		7,281	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: General government	 24,000		34,000		33,079		921	
Total expenditures	 24,000		34,000		33,079		921	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 	\$	300		8,502	\$	8,202	
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year					1,972			
End of year				\$	10,474			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Hospitality Improvement District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES:	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Taxes								
Transient occupancy taxes Interest, rents, and concessions	\$ 500,000	\$	475,000 750	\$	469,568 586	\$	(5,432) (164)	
Total revenues	 500,000		475,750		470,154		(5,596)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government	 500,000		474,390		459,867		14,523	
Total expenditures	 500,000		474,390		459,867		14,523	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 	\$	1,360		10,287	\$	8,927	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT):								
Beginning of year					(1,359)			
End of year				\$	8,928			

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Library Book Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:									
Interest, rents, and concessions	\$	-	\$	500	\$	475	\$	(25)	
Other revenues		40,000		44,172		46,591		2,419	
Total revenues		40,000		44,672		47,066		2,394	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Library		40,000		44,182		39,750		4,432	
Total expenditures	-	40,000		44,182		39,750		4,432	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$	490		7,316	\$	6,826	
FUND BALANCE:									
Beginning of year						26,059			
End of year					\$	33,375			

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fire Emergency Equipment Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES:	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Interest, rents, and concessions Other revenues Total revenues	\$	1,500 18,150 19,650	\$	800 19,550 20,350	\$	1,522 19,381 20,903	\$	722 (169) 553
EXPENDITURES: Current: Public safety: Fire		22,000		22,000		8,695		13,305
Total expenditures NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(2,350)	\$	22,000 (1,650)		8,695 12,208	\$	13,305 13,858
FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year End of year					\$	159,222 171,430		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	 riance with al Budget
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental Interest, rents, and concessions	\$	1,843,559 6,000	\$	1,843,559 6,000	\$ 1,843,559 9,160	\$ 3,160
Total revenues		1,849,559		1,849,559	1,852,719	3,160
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government		-		-	4,705	(4,705)
Capital outlay	1,181,351			1,230,199	 267,219	962,980
Total expenditures		1,181,351		1,230,199	 271,924	 958,275
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES		668,208		619,360	1,580,795	961,435
OTHER FINANCING USES:						
Transfers out		(800,000)		(800,000)	(800,000)	
Total other financing uses		(800,000)		(800,000)	(800,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(131,792)	\$	(180,640)	780,795	\$ 961,435
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year					293,369	
End of year					\$ 1,074,164	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Local Streets and Roads Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		riance with
REVENUES:							
Taxes							
Other taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interest, rents, and concessions	 5,000		5,000		7,570		2,570
Total revenues	 774,992		774,992		794,313		19,321
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital outlay	 896,304		1,705,146		595,120		1,110,026
Total expenditures	896,304		1,705,146		595,120		1,110,026
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (121,312)	\$	(930,154)		199,193	\$	1,129,347
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					955,564		
End of year				\$	1,154,757		

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ance with
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	441,200	\$ 374,351		\$	367,880	\$	(6,471)
Interest, rents, and concessions	600			600		1,489		889
Total revenues	441,800			374,951	369,369		(5,582	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public works		412,539		406,674		317,964		88,710
Capital outlay		30,000		30,000		29,014		986
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		14,000		14,015		14,015		
Total expenditures		456,539		450,689		360,993		89,696
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(14,739)	\$	(75,738)		8,376	\$	84,114
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						172,309		
End of year					\$ 180,685			

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Chautauqua Hall Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Budget B	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:				
Interest, rents, and concessions \$ 150 \$	150	\$ 140	\$ (10)	
Total revenues 150	150	140	(10)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE \$ 150 \$	150	140	\$ (10)	
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of year		14,658		
End of year	5	\$ 14,798		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Lighthouse Maintenance & Improvement Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES:	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Charges for services Interest, rents, and concessions Other revenues	\$	95,000 1,500 750	\$	45,000 2,000 1,500	\$	48,643 1,732 1,613	\$	3,643 (268) 113
Total revenues EXPENDITURES:		97,250		48,500		51,988		3,488
Current: Recreation Capital outlay		95,708 60,000		64,791 60,000		38,285 2,050		26,506 57,950
Total expenditures		155,708		124,791		40,335		84,456
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(58,458)	\$	(76,291)		11,653	\$	87,944
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						183,379		
End of year					\$	195,032		

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Senior Housing Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Interest, rents, and concessions	\$		\$	100	\$	128	\$	28
Total revenues		-		100		128		28
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$	100		128	\$	28
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						10,211		
End of year					\$	10,339		

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual CalHOME Reuse Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES:	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		 iance with al Budget
Charges for services Interest, rents, and concessions Total revenues	\$	25,000 2,000 27,000	\$	25,000 2,000 27,000	\$	1,565 1,565	\$ (25,000) (435) (25,435)
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community development Total expenditures		24,000		24,000		<u>-</u>	 24,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	3,000	\$	3,000		1,565	\$ (1,435)
FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16) End of year					\$	473,519 475,084	

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Small Business Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget			nal dget	Ac	tual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Interest, rents, and concessions	\$	-	\$		\$	6	\$	6
Total revenues						6		6
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$			6	\$	6
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						1,613		
End of year					\$	1,619		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Plan Maintenance Fee Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Charges for services	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$	6,962	\$	(38)
Interest, rents, and concessions						285		285
Total revenues		7,000		7,000	-	7,247		247
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	7,000	\$	7,000		7,247	\$	247
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						25,303		
End of year					\$	32,550		

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Poetry Promotion Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual		ance with
REVENUES:						
Interest, rents, and concessions	\$ 36,120	\$ 35,620	\$	34,947	\$	(673)
Total revenues	 36,120	 35,620		34,947		(673)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Library	 9,700	 16,700		14,268		2,432
Total expenditures	 9,700	 16,700		14,268		2,432
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 26,420	\$ 18,920		20,679	\$	1,759
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				99,035		
End of year			\$	119,714		

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Yount Income Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:						
Interest, rents, and concessions	\$ 800	\$ 800	\$	70	\$	(730)
Total revenues	800	800		70		(730)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public works	2,000	-		7,027		(7,027)
Capital outlay	-	12,929		-		12,929
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	 2,000	-		-		
Total expenditures	 4,000	 12,929		7,027		5,902
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES	(3,200)	(12,129)		(6,957)		5,172
OTHER FINANCING USES:						
Transfers in	 7,500	7,500		9,422		1,922
Total other financing uses	 7,500	7,500		9,422		1,922
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 4,300	\$ (4,629)		2,465	\$	7,094
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				4,875		
End of year			\$	7,340		

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Public Safety Augmentation Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Final Budget Budget ES:		Actual	 iance with al Budget		
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$ 168,969	\$ 18,969
Interest, rents, and concessions		2,500		1,000	 586	(414)
Total revenues		152,500		151,000	 169,555	18,555
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public safety:						
Police		404,015		404,015	486,764	(82,749)
Total expenditures		404,015		404,015	 486,764	 (82,749)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES		(251,515)		(253,015)	(317,209)	(64,194)
OTHER FINANCING USES:						
Transfers in		224,000		224,000	224,000	
Total other financing uses		224,000		224,000	224,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(27,515)	\$	(29,015)	(93,209)	\$ (64,194)
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year					156,871	
End of year					\$ 63,662	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Supplemental Law Enforcement Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	 riance with nal Budget
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 160,000	\$ 266,000	\$ 265,889	\$ (111)
Interest, rents, and concessions	 2,000	 1,000	 924	(76)
Total revenues	162,000	267,000	 266,813	 (187)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Public safety:				
Police	228,841	342,522	180,904	161,618
Capital outlay	-	-	186,972	(186,972)
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	59,751	(59,751)
Interest and fiscal charges	 	 _	 2,550	(2,550)
Total expenditures	 228,841	342,522	430,177	(87,655)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	(66,841)	(75,522)	(163,364)	(87,842)
OTHER FINANCING USES:				
Inception of subscription liabilities	 	 _	 145,710	145,710
Total other financing uses	 	 	 145,710	 145,710
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (66,841)	\$ (75,522)	(17,654)	\$ 57,868
FUND BALANCE:				
Beginning of year			115,890	
End of year			\$ 98,236	

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Vehicle Abandonment Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	 Actual		ance with
REVENUES:	12 000	12 000	0.000		(2.450)
Intergovernmental	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 8,822	\$	(3,178)
Interest, rents, and concessions	 250	 200	 162		(38)
Total revenues	 12,250	 12,200	 8,984		(3,216)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 12,250	\$ 12,200	8,984	\$	(3,216)
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			12,954		
End of year			\$ 21,938		

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Strong Disbursements Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES:	8		Final Budget	 Actual	ance with l Budget	
Interest, rents, and concessions Other revenues	\$	1,000 40,000	\$	1,000 40,000	\$ 366 40,000	\$ (634)
Total revenues		41,000		41,000	40,366	(634)
EXPENDITURES:						
Capital outlay		102,074		102,074	79,302	 22,772
Total expenditures		102,074		102,074	79,302	22,772
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(61,074)	\$	(61,074)	(38,936)	\$ 22,138
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year					 64,923	
End of year					\$ 25,987	

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Housing Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES:	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		iance with al Budget	
Interest, rents, and concessions	\$	4,000	\$ 121,000	\$ 119,395	\$	(1,605)
Other revenues		71,000	 71,000	 1,085		(69,915)
Total revenues		75,000	192,000	 120,480		(71,520)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Community development		208,181	179,712	91,276		88,436
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		8,000	 8,009	 8,009		
Total expenditures		216,181	187,721	 99,285		88,436
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(141,181)	\$ 4,279	21,195	\$	16,916
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)				572,685		
End of year				\$ 593,880		

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Coastal Conservency Grant Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

DEVENUES	Origina Budget		inal udget	 Actual	 nce with Budget
REVENUES:					
Interest, rents, and concessions	\$	600	\$ 600	\$ 723	\$ 123
Total revenues		600	600	723	123
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	600	\$ 600	723	\$ 123
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year				81,921	
End of year				\$ 82,644	

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Operating Grant Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	ginal dget	inal ıdget	Ac	tual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:						
Interest, rents, and concessions	\$ 20	\$ 10	\$	2	\$	(8)
Total revenues	 20	 10	-	2	-	(8)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 20	\$ 10		2	\$	(8)
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				681		
End of year			\$	683		
FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year	\$ 20	\$ 10	\$	681	\$	(8)

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual RMRA Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES:	Original Final Budget Budget		 Actual		riance with	
Taxes						
Sales and use taxes	\$	354,138	\$ 324,478	\$ 333,892	\$	9,414
Interest, rents, and concessions		1,500	1,500	3,332		1,832
Total revenues		355,638	 325,978	 337,224		11,246
EXPENDITURES:						
Capital outlay		354,138	 669,806	 472,588		197,218
Total expenditures		354,138	669,806	472,588		197,218
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	1,500	\$ (343,828)	(135,364)	\$	208,464
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				476,538		
End of year				\$ 341,174		

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Traffic Cong Relief Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Oriş <u>Bu</u>	ginal Iget	nal dget	A	ctual	nce with Budget
REVENUES: Intergovernmental	\$	_	\$ _	\$	596	\$ 596
Total revenues			-		596	596
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$ 		596	\$ 596
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year						
End of year				\$	596	

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual McIndoo Donation Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget		 Final Budget	 Actual	 ance with al Budget
REVENUES:					
Interest, rents, and concessions	\$	500	\$ 500	\$ 296	\$ (204)
Total revenues		500	 500	296	 (204)
EXPENDITURES:					
Capital outlay		17,529	17,529	142	17,387
Total expenditures		17,529	 17,529	 142	 17,387
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(17,029)	\$ (17,029)	154	\$ 17,183
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year				 36,702	
End of year				\$ 36,856	

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual RSTP Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget		•		Final Budget		Actual		 riance with nal Budget
REVENUES:									
Intergovernmental	\$	1,000,000	\$	332,430	\$	_	\$ (332,430)		
Total revenues		1,000,000		332,430			 (332,430)		
EXPENDITURES:									
Capital outlay		1,000,000		332,430		40,122	292,308		
Total expenditures		1,000,000		332,430		40,122	292,308		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$			(40,122)	\$ (40,122)		
FUND BALANCE(DEFICIT):									
Beginning of year						-			
End of year					\$	(40,122)			

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Library Endowment Trust Permanent Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

DEVENIE	riginal Budget	Final Budget	 Actual		nce with Budget
REVENUES: Interest, rents, and concessions Other revenues	\$ 2,500	\$ 5,300 200	\$ 4,713 200	\$	(587)
Total revenues	 2,500	5,500	 4,913		(587)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 2,500	\$ 5,500	4,913	\$	(587)
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			 517,528		
End of year			\$ 522,441		

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Cemetery Endowment Trust Permanent Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES:	Original Budget	Final Budget	 Actual		ance with
Charges for services Interest, rents, and concessions	\$ 50,000 14,000	\$ 75,000 20,000	\$ 91,429 17,291	\$	16,429 (2,709)
Total revenues	64,000	95,000	108,720		13,720
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 64,000	\$ 95,000	108,720	\$	13,720
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			 1,858,607		
End of year			\$ 1,967,327		

City of Pacific Grove Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Yount Trust Permanent Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

DEVENIUE	riginal Judget		Final Sudget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:				(0.445)		(4.5.0.4.5)	
Interest, rents, and concessions	\$ 7,500	\$	7,500	\$ (8,445)	\$	(15,945)	
Total revenues	 7,500		7,500	(8,445)		(15,945)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	7,500		7,500	(8,445)		(15,945)	
OTHER FINANCING USES: Transfers out	_		_	(9,422)		(9,422)	
Total other financing uses	 	-		(9,422)		(9,422)	
Total other imaneing uses	 			(),422)		(),422)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 7,500	\$	7,500	(17,867)	\$	(25,367)	
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year				790,564			
End of year				\$ 772,697			

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Internal Service Fund accounts for financing of goods and services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Internal Service Funds include:

Employee Benefit Fund -Accumulates contributions from departmental payroll processes and internal service charge transfers to fund and pay for a variety of employee benefit costs such as retiree health, dental, unemployment insurance, life/disability insurance, and temporary employee social security replacement costs.

Workers' Compensation Fund -Gathers workers compensation rates from employee payroll records, along with claim reimbursements. Any annual excess or deficiencies are charged through a separate internal service charge. This fund supports workers comp. program administration costs, insurance premiums, claims expense, IIPP costs.

Liability Insurance Fund - Accounts for contributions from departmental budgets to cover the cost of general liability claims, related legal costs, and annual insurance premiums.

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City of Pacific Grove Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2023

	Employee Workers' Benefit Compensation Fund Fund			mpensation	Liability nsurance Fund	Total
ASSETS						
Current assets: Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable, net Prepaid items	\$	100,339	\$	564,821 45,151 188,809 271,972	\$ 10,000 - 461,326	\$ 665,160 55,151 188,809 733,298
Total current assets		100,339		1,070,753	 471,326	 1,642,418
Total assets		100,339		1,070,753	 471,326	 1,642,418
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Related to OPEB		-		117,230 1,769	173,056 1,179	290,286 2,948
Total deferred outflows of resources				118,999	174,235	293,234
LIABILITIES		_				 _
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable Due to other funds		6,682		11,519	10,364 108,002	28,565 108,002
Claims payable, due within one year		_		182,911	84,332	267,243
Compensated absences, due within one year				1,161	 952	2,113
Total current liabilities		6,682		195,591	 203,650	 405,923
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Claims payable, due in more than one year Compensated absences, due in more than one year Total OPEB liability Net pension liability		- - -		366,371 3,482 13,490 295,395	204,660 2,858 8,993 436,064	571,031 6,340 22,483 731,459
Total noncurrent liabilities				678,738	 652,575	1,331,313
Total liabilities		6,682		874,329	856,225	1,737,236
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Related to pensions Related to OPEB		-		25,773 3,384	38,046 2,256	63,819 5,640
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		29,157	40,302	69,459
NET POSITION						
Restricted: Insurance reserve Unrestricted (deficit)	_	93,657		45,151 241,115	10,000 (260,966)	55,151 73,806
Total net position	\$	93,657	\$	286,266	\$ (250,966)	\$ 128,957

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City of Pacific Grove Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	mployee Benefit Fund	Workers' npensation Fund	Liability nsurance Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Charges for services	\$ 336,485	\$ 785,677	\$ 546,138	\$ 1,668,300
Total operating revenues	 336,485	785,677	546,138	1,668,300
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Contractual services and utilities	-	580,229	803,018	1,383,247
Personnel Supplies and materials	290,907	 (40,791)	15,153 75	265,269 75
Total operating expenses	 290,907	539,438	818,246	1,648,591
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 45,578	 246,239	 (272,108)	 19,709
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Investment earnings (loss)	101	5,201	622	5,924
Interest expense and bank charges	 (841)			(841)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 (740)	 5,201	 622	 5,083
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	44,838	251,440	(271,486)	24,792
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):				
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	 48,819	34,826	20,520	104,165
End of year	\$ 93,657	\$ 286,266	\$ (250,966)	\$ 128,957

City of Pacific Grove Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Employee Benefit Fund	Workers' mpensation Fund		Liability nsurance Fund	Total		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers	\$	336,485	\$ 687,490 201,692	\$	546,138 (449,855)	\$	1,570,113 (248,163)	
Payments to employees Cash paid for insurance claims		(284,966)	(29,823) (912,231)		(127,236) (131,675)		(442,025) (1,043,906)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		51,519	 (52,872)	-	(162,628)		(163,981)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Interfund transactions	-		 -		108,002		108,002	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities			 		108,002		108,002	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Receipts from (payments on) loans receivable Payment on the bank fee Investment income received		(841) 101	- 5,201		- 622		(841) 5,924	
Net cash provided by investing activities		(740)	 5,201	1	622		5,083	
Net change in cash and investments		50,779	(47,671)		(54,004)		(50,896)	
CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS:								
Beginning of year		49,560	 657,643		64,004		771,207	
End of year	\$	100,339	\$ 609,972	\$	10,000	\$	720,311	

City of Pacific Grove Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	mployee Benefit Fund	Workers' mpensation Fund	Liability Insurance Fund			Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$ 45,578	\$ 246,239	\$	(272,108)	\$	19,709
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Change in operating assets, liabilities, and deferred items:		(00.10=)				(00.40=)
Accounts receivable	-	(98,187)		<u>-</u>		(98,187)
Prepaid items	-	30,219		(67,429)		(37,210)
Pension deferred outflows	-	(63,056)		(93,083)		(156,139)
OPEB deferred outflows	-	640		427		1,067
Accounts payable	5,941	(823)		(10,697)		(5,579)
Payroll and related liabilities	-	(1,320)		(943)		(2,263)
Claims payable	-	(160,529)		288,992		128,463
Net pension liability	-	110,967		163,810		274,777
OPEB liability	-	(2,229)		(1,486)		(3,715)
Compensated absences	-	1,758		3,533		5,291
Pension deferred inflows	-	(118,515)		(174,953)		(293,468)
OPEB deferred inflows	 <u> </u>	1,964		1,309		3,273
Total adjustments	5,941	(299,111)		109,480		(183,690)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 51,519	\$ (52,872)	\$	(162,628)	\$	(163,981)

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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STATISTICAL SECTION

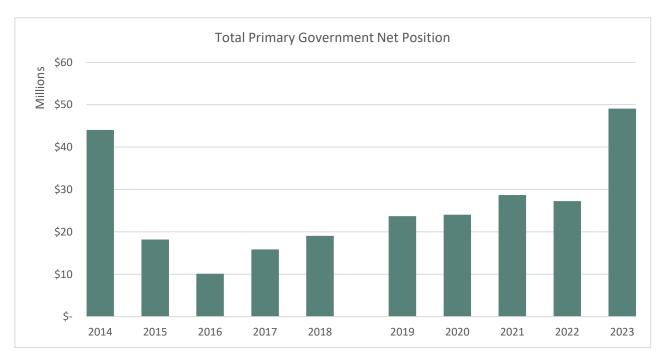
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Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	
These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	170-179
Revenue Capacity	
These tables contain information to help the reader assess the city's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	180-185
Debt Capacity	
These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	186-193
Demographic and Economic Information	
These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place.	194-195
Operating Information	
These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the city's financial report relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.	197-201

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Pacific Grove Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)(2) Table 1

		Fisc	al Y	Year Ended Jun	e 30	0	
	2014	2015		2016		2017	2018
Governmental activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 21,416,743 5,875,777 (601,953)	\$ 22,263,317 6,023,419 (28,355,257)	\$	22,741,849 6,193,527 (36,999,457)	\$	25,668,607 6,430,258 (35,892,155)	\$ 27,258,794 6,880,621 (37,782,965)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 26,690,567	\$ (68,521)	\$	(8,064,081)	\$	(3,793,290)	\$ (3,643,550)
Business-type activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 11,468,718 273,843 5,611,580	\$ 12,181,977 - 6,059,829	\$	12,525,066 - 5,640,007	\$	13,220,660	\$ 16,268,992 295,090 6,136,327
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 17,354,141	\$ 18,241,806	\$	18,165,073	\$	19,619,606	\$ 22,700,409
Primary government: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 32,885,461 6,149,620 5,009,627	\$ 34,445,294 6,023,419 (22,295,428)	\$	35,266,915 6,193,527 (31,359,450)	\$	38,889,267 6,430,258 (29,493,209)	\$ 43,527,786 7,175,711 (31,646,638)
Total primary government net position	\$ 44,044,708	\$ 18,173,285	\$	10,100,992	\$	15,826,316	\$ 19,056,859



Notes:

- (1) In Fiscal Year 2015, the City implemented GASB 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This required the City to record a pension obligation that was previously not carried on the City's financial statements.
- (2) In Fiscal Year 2023, prior period adjustments were reported in Governmental and Business-type activities. To align with the beginning restated net position in the financial statements, Fiscal Year 2022 was restated. See Note 16 for additional information.

Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

City of Pacific Grove Net Position By Component (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)(2) Table 1

		Fisc	al Y	Year Ended Jun	e 30)	
	 2019	2020		2021		2022	2023
Governmental activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 27,964,295 9,308,564 (37,369,113)	\$ 32,572,615 8,377,320 (41,445,942)	\$	37,925,984 7,628,868 (42,610,612)	\$	39,813,126 7,759,547 (47,103,341)	\$ 42,333,875 10,055,437 (32,183,453)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ (96,254)	\$ (496,007)	\$	2,944,240	\$	469,332	\$ 20,205,859
Business-type activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 16,984,023 296,448 6,500,790	\$ 17,471,699 296,448 6,746,442	\$	21,623,880 296,448 3,834,349	\$	21,515,536 296,448 4,970,372	\$ 21,619,974 298,348 6,932,826
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 23,781,261	\$ 24,514,589	\$	25,754,677	\$	26,782,356	\$ 28,851,148
Primary government: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 44,948,318 9,605,012 (30,868,323)	\$ 50,044,314 8,673,768 (34,699,500)	\$	59,549,864 7,925,316 (38,776,263)	\$	61,328,662 8,055,995 (42,132,969)	\$ 63,953,849 10,353,785 (25,250,627)
Total primary government net position (2)	\$ 23,685,007	\$ 24,018,582	\$	28,698,917	\$	27,251,688	\$ 49,057,007

City of Pacific Grove Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 2

September Sept
Governmental activities: \$ 2,722,546 \$ 2,320,217 \$ 2,768,729 \$ 2,738,294 \$ 3,025,245 Public safety 6,783,251 7,144,172 8,675,956 10,117,543 10,133,896 Public works 3,847,820 3,357,831 4,057,715 4,136,425 4,110,946 Recreation 534,649 439,368 586,436 684,848 737,279 Library 778,981 662,076 844,521 988,284 920,946 Museum 200,369 195,868 258,591 277,538 255,915 Community development 1,684,231 2,246,289 3,512,657 3,086,903 2,897,897 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt 2,102,187 1,323,094 1,209,972 1,068,271 963,134 Total governmental activities expenses 18,654,034 17,688,915 21,914,577 23,098,106 23,045,258 Business-type activities: Cemetery 236,615 231,261 295,388 293,068 370,747 Sewer 1,585,152 1,761,965 1,703,290 <
General government \$ 2,722,546 \$ 2,320,217 \$ 2,768,729 \$ 2,738,294 \$ 3,025,245 Public safety 6,783,251 7,144,172 8,675,956 10,117,543 10,133,896 Public works 3,847,820 3,357,831 4,057,715 4,136,425 4,110,946 Recreation 534,649 439,368 586,436 684,848 737,279 Library 778,981 662,076 844,521 988,284 920,946 Museum 200,369 195,868 258,591 277,538 255,915 Community development 1,684,231 2,246,289 3,512,657 3,086,903 2,897,897 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt 2,102,187 1,323,094 1,209,972 1,068,271 963,134 Total governmental activities expenses 18,654,034 17,688,915 21,914,577 23,098,106 23,045,258 Business-type activities: 20,000,000 23,045,258 231,261 295,388 293,068 370,747 Sewer 1,585,152 1,761,965 1,703,290 <t< td=""></t<>
Public safety 6,783,251 7,144,172 8,675,956 10,117,543 10,133,896 Public works 3,847,820 3,357,831 4,057,715 4,136,425 4,110,946 Recreation 534,649 439,368 586,436 684,848 737,279 Library 778,981 662,076 844,521 988,284 920,946 Museum 200,369 195,868 258,591 277,538 255,915 Community development 1,684,231 2,246,289 3,512,657 3,086,903 2,897,897 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt 2,102,187 1,323,094 1,209,972 1,068,271 963,134 Total governmental activities expenses 18,654,034 17,688,915 21,914,577 23,098,106 23,045,258 Business-type activities: 236,615 231,261 295,388 293,068 370,747 Sewer 1,585,152 1,761,965 1,703,290 1,751,842 2,367,950
Public works 3,847,820 3,357,831 4,057,715 4,136,425 4,110,946 Recreation 534,649 439,368 586,436 684,848 737,279 Library 778,981 662,076 844,521 988,284 920,946 Museum 200,369 195,868 258,591 277,538 255,915 Community development 1,684,231 2,246,289 3,512,657 3,086,903 2,897,897 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt 2,102,187 1,323,094 1,209,972 1,068,271 963,134 Total governmental activities expenses 18,654,034 17,688,915 21,914,577 23,098,106 23,045,258 Business-type activities: 236,615 231,261 295,388 293,068 370,747 Sewer 1,585,152 1,761,965 1,703,290 1,751,842 2,367,950
Recreation 534,649 439,368 586,436 684,848 737,279 Library 778,981 662,076 844,521 988,284 920,946 Museum 200,369 195,868 258,591 277,538 255,915 Community development 1,684,231 2,246,289 3,512,657 3,086,903 2,897,897 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt 2,102,187 1,323,094 1,209,972 1,068,271 963,134 Total governmental activities expenses 18,654,034 17,688,915 21,914,577 23,098,106 23,045,258 Business-type activities: 236,615 231,261 295,388 293,068 370,747 Sewer 1,585,152 1,761,965 1,703,290 1,751,842 2,367,950
Library 778,981 662,076 844,521 988,284 920,946 Museum 200,369 195,868 258,591 277,538 255,915 Community development 1,684,231 2,246,289 3,512,657 3,086,903 2,897,897 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt 2,102,187 1,323,094 1,209,972 1,068,271 963,134 Total governmental activities expenses 18,654,034 17,688,915 21,914,577 23,098,106 23,045,258 Business-type activities: Cemetery 236,615 231,261 295,388 293,068 370,747 Sewer 1,585,152 1,761,965 1,703,290 1,751,842 2,367,950
Museum 200,369 195,868 258,591 277,538 255,915 Community development 1,684,231 2,246,289 3,512,657 3,086,903 2,897,897 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt 2,102,187 1,323,094 1,209,972 1,068,271 963,134 Total governmental activities expenses 18,654,034 17,688,915 21,914,577 23,098,106 23,045,258 Business-type activities: 236,615 231,261 295,388 293,068 370,747 Sewer 1,585,152 1,761,965 1,703,290 1,751,842 2,367,950
Community development 1,684,231 2,246,289 3,512,657 3,086,903 2,897,897 Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt 2,102,187 1,323,094 1,209,972 1,068,271 963,134 Total governmental activities expenses 18,654,034 17,688,915 21,914,577 23,098,106 23,045,258 Business-type activities: Cemetery 236,615 231,261 295,388 293,068 370,747 Sewer 1,585,152 1,761,965 1,703,290 1,751,842 2,367,950
Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt 2,102,187 1,323,094 1,209,972 1,068,271 963,134 Total governmental activities expenses 18,654,034 17,688,915 21,914,577 23,098,106 23,045,258 Business-type activities: 236,615 231,261 295,388 293,068 370,747 Sewer 1,585,152 1,761,965 1,703,290 1,751,842 2,367,950
Total governmental activities expenses 18,654,034 17,688,915 21,914,577 23,098,106 23,045,258 Business-type activities: Cemetery 236,615 231,261 295,388 293,068 370,747 Sewer 1,585,152 1,761,965 1,703,290 1,751,842 2,367,950
Business-type activities: Cemetery 236,615 231,261 295,388 293,068 370,747 Sewer 1,585,152 1,761,965 1,703,290 1,751,842 2,367,950
Cemetery 236,615 231,261 295,388 293,068 370,747 Sewer 1,585,152 1,761,965 1,703,290 1,751,842 2,367,950
Sewer 1,585,152 1,761,965 1,703,290 1,751,842 2,367,950
Local Water Project 190,977
Golf 2,073,405 811,666 420,788 349,811 371,646
Total business-type activities expenses 3,895,172 2,804,892 2,419,466 2,394,721 3,301,320
Total primary government expenses \$\\\ 22,549,206 \\\ \\ 20,493,807 \\\ \\ \\ 24,334,043 \\\ \\ \\ \\ 25,492,827 \\\ \\ \\ 26,346,578
Program Revenues
Governmental activities:
Charges for services:
General government \$ 305,112 \$ 874,861 \$ 1,398,707 \$ 1,338,655 \$ 1,596,481
Public safety 41,475 9,552 10,405 11,222 33,363
Public works 89,412 35,743 45,792 32,993 43,434
Recreation 236,005 322,363 295,341 377,778 403,889
Library 25,664 18,810 17,601 19,925 16,364
Community development 335,515 564,954 578,575 664,133 544,275
Operating grants and contributions 1,170,116 960,553 2,354,025 4,105,908 856,196
Capital grants and contributions 100,000 104,677 36,050 96,383 424,950
Total governmental activities program revenues 2,303,299 2,891,513 4,736,496 6,646,997 3,918,952
Business-type activities:
Charges for services:
Cemetery 241,848 200,527 191,497 288,712 452,283
Sewer 2,788,017 2,908,507 2,967,074 3,139,222 3,244,931
Local Water Project 192,787
Golf 2,050,807 405,552 386,916 354,093 333,534
Operating grants and contributions
Capital grants and contributions 857,774 48,405 152,830 - 2,353,823
Total business-type activities program revenues 5,938,446 3,562,991 3,698,317 3,782,027 6,577,358
Total primary government program revenues 8,241,745 6,454,504 8,434,813 10,429,024 10,496,310
Net (expense)/revenue:
Governmental activities (16,350,735) (14,797,402) (17,178,081) (16,451,109) (19,126,306)
Business-type activities 2,043,274 758,099 1,278,851 1,387,306 3,276,038
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue \$ (14,307,461) \$ (14,039,303) \$ (15,899,230) \$ (15,063,803) \$ (15,850,268)

City of Pacific Grove Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 2

		Fisc	cal Year Ended Jun	e 30	
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Expenses					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 3,580,752	\$ 4,128,554	\$ 3,957,697	\$ 5,800,659	\$ 3,241,604
Public safety	10,713,679	12,447,605	12,345,886	16,706,460	7,895,196
Public works	4,246,913	5,105,747	4,916,879	6,611,056	2,809,143
Recreation	924,517	894,381	765,613	1,117,468	554,042
Library	1,166,226	1,496,673	864,956	1,437,706	741,061
Museum	319,386	340,375	262,137	431,708	223,551
Community development	2,834,404	3,150,193	3,340,137	4,075,001	1,426,245
Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt	854,804	726,958	676,055	580,350	470,144
Total governmental activities expenses	24,640,681	28,290,486	27,129,360	36,760,408	17,360,986
Business-type activities:					
Cemetery	436,338	533,247	498,927	610,773	469,815
Sewer	2,080,696	2,474,580	2,178,853	2,842,577	1,045,865
Local Water Project	425,525	957,886	881,378	1,048,075	2,136,404
Golf	894,206	286,074	342,872	281,320	282,177
Total business-type activities expenses	3,836,765	4,251,787	3,902,030	4,782,745	3,934,261
Total primary government expenses	\$ 28,477,446	\$ 32,542,273	\$ 31,031,390	\$ 41,543,153	\$ 21,295,247
Program Revenues					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government	\$ 1,505,113	\$ 1,435,262	\$ 1,474,806	\$ 1,720,294	\$ 1,439,808
Public safety	37,570	31,040	25,410	31,244	593,308
Public works	17,860	323	1,649	2,646	21,550
Recreation	417,437	337,926	295,233	390,314	452,660
Library	13,177	18,506	34,477	34,443	2,132
Community development	745,737	660,429	939,297	882,556	1,134,102
Operating grants and contributions	824,805	891,298	1,200,286	2,526,917	2,689,705
Capital grants and contributions	347,095	1,976,852	4,715,110	2,248,708	1,109,485
Total governmental activities program revenues	3,908,794	5,351,636	8,686,268	7,837,122	7,442,750
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:	450 54	404.04.5	<24.020	000 000	
Cemetery	459,761	481,915	634,039	800,923	773,195
Sewer	3,317,734	3,407,708	3,501,697	3,565,896	3,693,156
Local Water Project	484,603	524,040	597,835	598,195	597,011
Golf	426,839	287,603	361,704	611,397	791,881
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	-	-	9,800	-	-
Total business-type activities program revenues Total primary government program revenues	4,688,937	4,701,266	5,105,075	5,576,411	5,855,243
rotai primary government program revenues	8,597,731	10,052,902	13,791,343	13,413,533	13,297,993
Net (expense)/revenue:					
Governmental activities	(20,731,887)	(22,938,850)	(18,443,092)	(28,923,286)	(9,918,236)
Business-type activities	852,172	449,479	1,203,045	793,666	1,920,982
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	\$ (19,879,715)	\$ (22,489,371)	\$ (17,240,047)	\$ (28,129,620)	\$ (7,997,254)

City of Pacific Grove Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 2

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018					
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Asset	ts									
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 5,679,257	\$ 5,836,174	\$ 6,226,267	\$ 6,557,824	\$ 6,851,928					
Sales and use taxes	3,325,567	3,534,495	3,325,809	4,159,401	4,075,744					
Franchise taxes	1,046,677	975,090	1,041,653	915,094	1,082,574					
Transient occupancy taxes	4,167,334	4,998,885	5,364,317	5,829,610	6,656,849					
Utility users taxes	1,580,400	1,428,360	1,594,143	1,593,887	1,688,876					
Business license tax	347,089	359,408	341,071	402,881	381,810					
Other taxes	-	102,627	146,945	125,487	121,192					
Unrestricted Investment earnings	334,802	257,602	253,846	74,222	142,104					
Gain (loss) on sale of assets										
Extraordinary items										
Miscellaneous or Other revenues	1,095,006	837,458	947,392	984,164	552,320					
Transfers	507,135		5,301		356,016					
Total governmental activities	18,083,267	18,330,099	19,246,744	20,642,570	21,909,413					
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted Investment earnings	33,422	26,693	67,318	9,754	42,764					
Miscellaneous or Other revenues	-	102,878	113,560	57,473	118,017					
Transfers	(507,135)		(5,301)		(356,016)					
Total business-type activities	(473,713)	129,571	175,577	67,227	(195,235)					
T. (1)	Ф. 17.600.554	Ф. 10.450.670	Ф. 10.422.221	Φ 20.700.707	Ф. 21 71 4 170					
Total primary government	\$ 17,609,554	\$ 18,459,670	\$ 19,422,321	\$ 20,709,797	\$ 21,714,178					
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 1,732,532	\$ 3,532,697	\$ 2,068,663	\$ 4,191,461	\$ 2,783,107					
Business-type activities	1,569,561	887,670	1,454,428	1,454,533	3,080,803					
) F	-,,- 01	22.,370	-,:-:,:20	-,,	-,,					
Total primary government	\$ 3,302,093	\$ 4,420,367	\$ 3,523,091	\$ 5,645,994	\$ 5,863,910					

Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department Cont'd

City of Pacific Grove Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 2

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30										
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023						
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net	Assets										
Governmental activities:											
Taxes											
Property taxes	\$ 7,306,184	\$ 7,632,399	\$ 8,191,673	\$ 8,573,969	\$ 9,330,981						
Sales and use taxes	5,139,045	4,765,472	5,000,873	5,630,320	6,734,940						
Franchise taxes	1,226,524	1,176,215	1,392,700	1,489,888	1,620,136						
Transient occupancy taxes	6,796,087	5,310,063	3,978,577	6,821,183	7,105,256						
Utility users taxes	1,641,172	1,643,614	1,858,652	1,940,677	2,097,934						
Business license tax	370,655	396,533	361,674	371,310	425,691						
Other taxes	110,554	110,823	222,242	231,389	165,613						
Unrestricted Investment earnings	628,116	555,482	22,612	(402,304)	345,550						
Gain (loss) on sale of assets											
Extraordinary items											
Miscellaneous or Other revenues	1,060,846	942,680	854,336	1,400,243	1,991,162						
Transfers		(18,676)			(162,500)						
Total governmental activities	24,279,183	22,514,605	21,883,339	26,056,675	29,654,763						
Business-type activities:											
Unrestricted Investment earnings	206,178	259,560	4,852	(18,409)	151,223						
Miscellaneous or Other revenues	22,502	5,613	32,191	(10,.05)	(165,913)						
Transfers		18,676			162,500						
Total business-type activities	228,680	283,849	37,043	(18,409)	147,810						
Total primary government	\$ 24,507,863	\$ 22,798,454	\$ 21,920,382	\$ 26,038,266	\$ 29,802,573						
Change in Net Position											
Governmental activities	\$ 3,547,296	\$ (424,245)	\$ 3,440,247	\$ (2,866,611)	\$ 19,736,527						
Business-type activities	1,080,852	733,328	1,240,088	775,257	2,068,792						
Total primary government	\$ 4,628,148	\$ 309,083	\$ 4,680,335	\$ (2,091,354)	\$ 21,805,319						

Concluded

City of Pacific Grove Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years ⁽¹⁾ Table 3

			Fis	scal Y	ear Ended June	30		
		2014	2015		2016		2017	2018
General Fund								
Non-spendable	<u></u>							
Prepaid assets	\$	-	\$ 25,878	\$	27,904	\$	-	\$ 210,824
Leases Receivable		-	-		-		-	-
Assigned		305,554	240,922		261,771		279,660	286,638
Unassigned		5,789,263	 7,956,937		9,632,848		11,352,442	11,365,650
Total General Fund	\$	6,094,817	\$ 8,223,737	\$	9,922,523	\$	11,632,102	\$ 11,863,112
All other governmental funds								
Reserved								
Non-spendable								
Prepaid assets		-	4,215		-		-	-
Leases Receivable		-	-		_		-	-
Permanent funds		2,558,499	2,643,651		2,761,263		2,855,521	2,899,737
Restricted								
Social service programs		525,887	507,885		622,022		549,372	704,968
Public safety		553,676	377,053		482,400		772,241	908,239
Community development		1,927,833	1,801,999		1,786,526		2,057,868	2,120,819
Lost revenue recovery		-	-		_		-	-
Street improvements		239,731	179,252		570		104,510	223,651
Debt service		70,151	63,579		90,746		90,746	23,207
Assigned								
Capital projects		-	-		-		-	-
Unassigned (deficit)		(56,185)	 (32,658)		157,765		19,306	(57,994)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	5,819,592	\$ 5,544,976	\$	5,901,292	\$	6,449,564	\$ 6,822,627

Notes

⁽¹⁾ In fiscal year ending 2023, prior period adjustments were reported in Governmental and Business-type activities. To align with the Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

City of Pacific Grove Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years ⁽¹⁾ Table 3

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30											
		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		
General Fund												
Non-spendable												
Prepaid assets	\$	31,373	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,486		
Leases Receivable		-		-		-		19,762		-		
Assigned		268,962		100,398		97,042		85,816		-		
Unassigned		11,230,241		9,713,336		9,910,606		12,129,809		15,006,867		
Total General Fund	\$	11,530,576	\$	9,813,734	\$	10,007,648	\$	12,235,387	\$	15,025,353		
All other governmental funds												
Reserved												
Non-spendable												
Prepaid assets		-		-		-		26,300		-		
Leases Receivable		-		-		-		792		-		
Permanent funds		3,029,024		3,129,132		3,190,775		3,166,699		3,262,465		
Restricted												
Social service programs		832,061		723,787		748,183		1,993,785		2,045,460		
Public safety		842,518		808,626		764,767		418,637		355,266		
Community development		3,414,820		2,424,125		1,632,662		1,630,814		1,586,315		
Lost revenue recovery		-		-		-		293,369		1,074,164		
Street improvements		1,190,141		1,291,650		1,292,481		1,604,411		1,676,616		
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-		
Assigned												
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		22,626		
Unassigned (deficit)		(86,180)		(9,020)		(8,349)		(22,553)		(40,122)		
Total all other governmental funds	\$	9,222,384	\$	8,368,300	\$	7,620,519	\$	9,112,254	\$	9,982,790		

Concluded

City of Pacific Grove Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 4

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018					
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 16,146,324	\$ 17,235,039	\$ 18,040,205	\$ 19,584,184	\$ 20,858,973					
Intergovernmental revenues	845,946	786,672	2,129,066	4,109,269	1,191,898					
Licenses, permits, and impact fees	424,170	440,403	481,304	576,779	521,403					
Fines and forfeitures	50,370	49,714	127,740	110,665	282,841					
Charges for services	982,813	1,062,829	1,454,936	1,689,714	1,734,163					
Interest, rents, and concessions	334,802	489,037	467,624	297,620	371,272					
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-					
Other revenues	1,237,666	901,452	1,181,216	803,453	943,496					
Total revenues	20,022,091	20,965,146	23,882,091	27,171,684	25,904,046					
Expenditures										
General government	2,521,715	2,317,327	2,522,818	2,453,176	2,964,942					
Public safety										
Police	4,320,909	4,960,868	5,345,441	6,097,399	6,599,789					
Fire	2,331,484	2,296,708	2,647,804	2,998,969	3,354,865					
Public works	3,437,789	2,951,525	3,298,160	3,294,064	3,521,686					
Recreation	497,896	413,832	516,486	594,636	678,454					
Library	773,492	677,900	781,275	895,836	916,031					
Museum	188,713	190,271	229,053	241,227	251,422					
Community development	1,684,231	2,319,204	3,258,093	2,798,269	2,882,752					
Capital Outlay	66,686	952,906	1,148,160	3,525,129	2,426,177					
Debt Service										
Principal	1,496,503	1,264,632	1,250,399	1,170,427	1,097,822					
Interest and fiscal charges	680,979	765,673	834,601	924,034	962,049					
Total expenditures	18,000,397	19,110,846	21,832,290	24,993,166	25,655,989					
Excess of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	2,021,694	1,854,300	2,049,801	2,178,518	248,057					
Other financing sources (uses)										
Loans Received	_	-	_	-	_					
Transfers in	507,135	753,277	906,787	621,455	989,603					
Transfers out	· -	(753,277)	(901,486)	(621,455)	(633,587					
Proceeds from sale of assets	_	-	-	-						
Inception of subscription liabilities		-	-	-	-					
Total other financing sources (uses)	507,135	-	5,301	-	356,016					
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,528,829	\$ 1,854,300	\$ 2,055,102	\$ 2,178,518	\$ 604,073					
Total Expenditures	\$ 18,000,397	\$ 19,110,846	\$ 21,832,290	\$ 24,993,166	\$ 25,655,989					
Capitalized Portion of Capital Outlay	66,686	1,411,285	1,006,089	3,525,129	2,350,159					
Total Non-Capitalized Expenditures	\$ 17,933,711	\$ 17,699,561	\$ 20,826,201	\$ 21,468,037	\$ 23,305,830					
Debt Service: Principal & Interest		\$ 2,030,305	\$ 2,085,000	\$ 2,094,461	\$ 2,059,871					
*	\$ 2,177,482	φ 2,030,303	φ 2,005,000	ψ 4,094, 4 01	φ 2,039,0/1					
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	12.1%	11.5%	10.0%	9.8%	8.8%					

Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

City of Pacific Grove Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 4

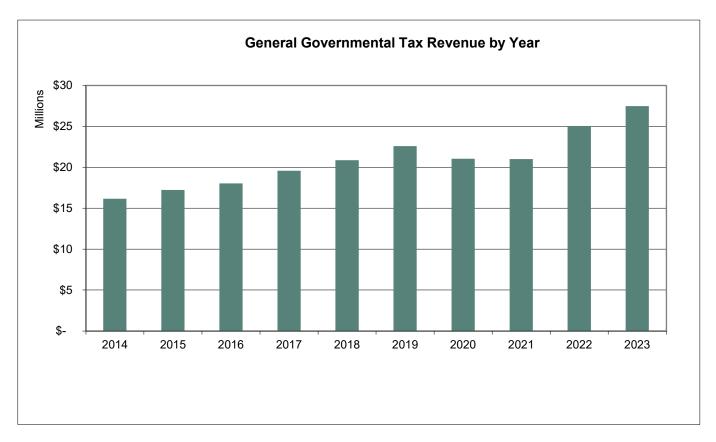
	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023					
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 22,590,221	\$ 21,035,119	\$ 21,006,391	\$ 25,058,736	\$ 27,480,551					
Intergovernmental revenues	1,049,471	1,111,037	5,320,214	4,419,951	3,228,593					
Licenses, permits, and impact fees	547,193	576,735	873,727	913,160	1,083,985					
Fines and forfeitures	169,534	179,797	36,984	37,397	460,058					
Charges for services	1,854,406	1,609,729	1,617,182	1,964,792	1,825,889					
Interest, rents, and concessions	852,787	781,062	260,008	(125,810)	602,777					
Contributions	-	1,728,705	333,646	271,527	-					
Other revenues	1,073,162	799,307	1,267,634	1,614,435	2,571,845					
Total revenues	28,136,774	27,821,491	30,715,786	34,154,188	37,253,698					
Expenditures										
General government	3,442,825	3,518,628	3,452,693	4,162,716	4,882,900					
Public safety										
Police	6,955,766	7,098,044	6,959,934	7,999,969	8,350,094					
Fire	3,345,523	3,512,675	3,823,118	3,979,967	4,392,833					
Public works	3,463,725	3,731,449	3,511,330	4,047,910	4,420,912					
Recreation	837,231	707,073	596,413	738,660	857,570					
Library	1,138,981	1,268,508	766,742	1,044,945	1,166,219					
Museum	308,156	290,661	227,862	309,764	336,814					
Community development	2,763,667	2,721,348	2,967,534	2,959,804	2,494,641					
Capital Outlay	1,985,711	5,876,584	6,863,582	3,616,520	4,579,757					
Debt Service										
Principal	960,277	951,114	924,776	900,041	1,046,576					
Interest and fiscal charges	1,014,752	1,052,927	1,175,669	1,270,374	1,394,056					
Total expenditures	26,216,614	30,729,011	31,269,653	31,030,670	33,922,372					
Excess of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	1,920,160	(2,907,520)	(553,867)	3,123,518	3,331,326					
Other financing sources (uses)										
Loans Received	147,061	-	-	-	-					
Transfers in	2,423,254	2,787,200	899,862	2,255,675	1,624,700					
Transfers out	(2,423,254)	(2,475,098)	(899,862)	(3,043,587)	(1,787,200					
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	-	391					
Inception of subscription liabilities		-	-	-	491,285					
Total other financing sources (uses)	147,061	312,102		(787,912)	329,176					
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,067,221	\$ (2,595,418)	\$ (553,867)	\$ 2,335,606	\$ 3,660,502					
Total Expenditures	\$ 26,216,614	\$ 30,729,011	\$ 31,269,653	\$ 31,030,670	\$ 33,922,372					
Capitalized Portion of Capital Outlay	1,984,274	5,873,015	6,901,135	3,563,999	4,594,854					
Total Non-Capitalized Expenditures	\$ 24,232,340	\$ 24,855,996	\$ 24,368,518	\$ 27,466,671	\$ 29,327,518					
Debt Service: Principal & Interest	\$ 1,975,029	\$ 2,004,041	\$ 2,100,445	\$ 2,170,415	\$ 2,440,632					
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.2%	8.1%	8.6%	7.9%	8.3%					

Concluded

City of Pacific Grove

General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source¹ Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 5

Fiscal Year								
Ended		Sales		Transient	Utility	Business		
June 30	Property	and Use	Franchise	Occupancy	Users	License	Other Tax	Total
2014	\$ 5,679,257	\$ 3,325,567	\$ 1,046,677	\$ 4,167,334	\$ 1,580,400	\$ 347,089	\$ -	\$ 16,146,324
2015	5,836,174	3,534,495	975,090	4,998,885	1,428,360	359,408	102,627	17,235,039
2016	6,226,267	3,325,809	1,041,653	5,364,317	1,594,143	341,071	146,945	18,040,205
2017	6,557,824	4,159,401	915,094	5,829,610	1,593,887	402,881	125,487	19,584,184
2018	6,851,928	4,075,744	1,082,574	6,656,849	1,688,876	381,810	121,192	20,858,973
2019	7,306,184	5,139,045	1,226,524	6,796,087	1,641,172	370,655	110,554	22,590,221
2020	7,632,399	4,765,472	1,176,215	5,310,063	1,643,614	396,533	110,823	21,035,119
2021	8,191,673	5,000,873	1,392,700	3,978,577	1,858,652	361,674	222,242	21,006,391
2022	8,573,969	5,630,320	1,489,888	6,821,183	1,940,677	371,310	231,389	25,058,736
2023	9,330,981	6,734,940	1,620,136	7,105,256	2,097,934	425,691	165,613	27,480,551



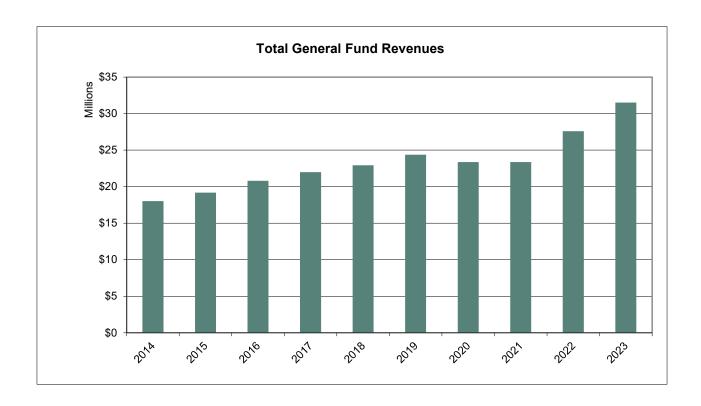
Notes

1 References all governmental funds

Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

City of Pacific Grove General Fund Revenues by Sources Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 6

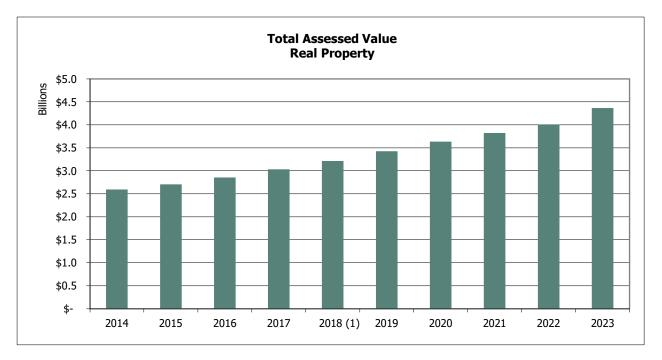
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Taxes	Inter- Governmental	Licenses, Permits, Impact Fees	Fines and Forfeitures	Charges for Services	Interest, Rents and Concessions	Other Revenues	Total
2014	\$15,500,875	\$ 118,692	\$ 424,170	\$ 50,370	\$ 982,813	\$ 270,920	\$ 674,157	\$ 18,021,997
2015	16,532,093	163,543	440,403	49,714	983,061	433,491	589,932	19,192,237
2016	17,358,914	229,671	481,304	127,740	1,367,494	355,293	893,646	20,814,062
2017	18,805,809	111,092	576,779	110,665	1,545,556	265,903	561,992	21,977,796
2018	19,754,218	87,478	521,403	282,841	1,643,238	259,883	370,158	22,919,219
2019	21,018,950	92,206	547,193	169,534	1,585,098	553,032	398,817	24,364,830
2020	19,741,066	171,317	576,735	179,797	1,456,261	523,280	708,420	23,356,876
2021	19,679,908	116,159	873,727	36,984	1,538,638	213,705	909,176	23,368,297
2022	23,412,682	150,517	913,160	37,397	1,877,203	(1,805)	1,215,986	27,605,140
2023	25,799,639	146,946	1,083,985	460,058	1,678,855	390,656	1,949,182	31,509,321



Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

City of Pacific Grove Net Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 7

Fiscal Year Ended	Ended Real Property											Total Assessed	Total Direct Tax
June 30		Residential	,	Commercial		Other		Total	Pers	sonal Property	Value		Rate
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 ⁽¹⁾ 2019 2020 2021	\$	2,335,856,065 2,438,540,047 2,582,410,785 2,747,369,747 2,918,531,066 3,112,639,411 3,307,434,783 3,484,607,327	\$	228,837,888 229,888,967 238,447,123 246,883,728 265,910,702 265,486,441 274,948,202 279,870,522	\$	30,928,929 35,379,902 33,362,264 36,894,923 30,645,309 48,587,979 53,236,808 58,693,772	\$	2,595,622,882 2,703,808,916 2,854,220,172 3,031,148,398 3,215,087,077 3,426,713,831 3,635,619,793 3,823,171,621	\$	35,984,111 38,757,828 40,617,474 41,950,516 42,996,800 42,749,505 46,292,980 46,589,365	\$	2,631,606,993 2,742,566,744 2,894,837,646 3,073,098,914 3,258,083,877 3,469,463,336 3,681,912,773 3,869,760,986	16.12% 16.13% 16.24% 16.20% 15.86% 15.88% 15.88%
2022 2023		3,670,449,106 3,981,692,067		281,994,698 318,373,164		58,996,880 65,800,233		4,011,440,684 4,365,865,464		43,436,617 45,441,570		4,054,877,301 4,411,307,034	15.90% 15.91%



Notes:

Total Direct Tax Rate is from Table 8. Rates are based on a \$100 of taxable value.

Exempt values are not included in Total.

With the passage of a constitutional amendment (Proposition 13) and subsequently enacted State legislation, property is assessed according to a base year rather than on a percentage of market value. Accordingly, a reliable estimate of actual value of taxable property within the City is not possible.

Source: Monterey County Assessor 2013/14 -2022/23 Combined Tax Rolls, HdL Companies, Coren & Cone

¹ The 2018 property data did not allocate exemptions. The exemption total was allocated based on the prior percentage of exemptions for each category.

City of Pacific Grove

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Rate per \$100 of Taxable Value) Table 8

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Direct Rates:										
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 0.0030	\$ 0.0030	\$ 0.0040	\$ 0.0035	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Direct Rate	0.0030	0.0030	0.0040	0.0035	-	-		-	-	-
Overlapping Rates ¹ :										
County ²	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
School Districts										
Monterey Peninsula College A, B, C	0.0158	0.0325	0.0230	0.0223	0.0217	0.0212	0.0205	0.0202	0.0320	0.0303
Pacific Grove Unified B, C, D	0.0736	0.0729	0.0829	0.0855	0.0651	0.0619	0.0634	0.0776	0.0769	0.0624
Total Overlapping Rate	1.0893	1.1053	1.1059	1.1078	1.0868	1.0831	1.0839	1.0978	1.1089	1.0927
Total Direct and Overlapping Rate	\$ 1.0923	\$ 1.1083	\$ 1.1099	\$ 1.1113	\$1.0868	\$1.0831	\$1.0839	\$ 1.0978	\$ 1.1089	\$ 1.0927
City Share of 1% Levy per Prop. 13 (3)	\$ 0.1607	\$ 0.1607	\$ 0.1607	\$ 0.1607	\$0.1607	\$0.1607	\$0.1607	\$ 0.1607	\$ 0.1607	\$ 0.1607
Voter Approved City Debt Rate	\$ 0.0030	\$ 0.0030	\$ 0.0040	\$ 0.0035	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Direct Rate (4)	\$ 0.1612	\$ 0.1613	\$ 0.1624	\$ 0.1620	\$0.1586	\$0.1588	\$0.1588	\$ 0.1589	\$ 0.1590	\$ 0.1591

Notes:

- 1 Overlapping rates are those of entities that apply to property owners within the City of Pacific Grove. Not all overlapping rates apply to all property owners (e.g., the rates for school districts apply only to the proportion of the city's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the school district).
- 2 The passage of a constitutional amendment (Proposition 13) in June 1978 limits the property tax rate to a base of \$1.00 per \$100. The \$1.00 rate is levied by the County and apportioned to local agencies according to a formula prescribed by the California legislature.
- 3 From Fiscal Year 2009/10 to 2017/18 the average City of Share of the 1% levy per Prop. 13 was \$0.1972. This amount included the Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF) share of the Pacific Grove General Fund property taxes. This amount was approximately \$0.0369. To assist with future consistency in reporting, the amounts were restated to reflect the Pacific Grove General Fund share of property taxes without ERAF.

The Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the City preparing the statistical section information and excludes revenues derived from aircraft.

Source: Monterey County Assessors 2013/14 - 2022/23 Tax Table, HdL Companies, Coren & Cone

City of Pacific Grove Principal Property Tax Owners Current Year and Nine Years Ago Table 9

	20	023		2014					
			Percentage of Total				Percentage of Total		
	Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		
Tax Owner	Valuation	Rank	Valuation		Valuation	Rank	Valuation		
ROIC California LLC	\$ 26,927,135	1	0.61%	\$	23,205,000	1	0.88%		
Monarch Pines Homeowners Assoc.	25,359,816	2	0.57%		11,174,520	6	0.42%		
Sequoia Equities - Pacific Grove	22,892,706	3	0.52%		16,509,510	2	0.63%		
Pacific Grove Home Sweet Home LLC	22,105,561	4	0.50%		-	-	-		
Aramark Sports Entertainment	18,768,254	5	0.43%		14,187,954	4	0.54%		
WGA Grove Acres LP	16,900,452	6	0.38%		14,564,022	3	0.55%		
555 Ocean View Blvd LLC	14,890,780	7	0.34%		-	-	-		
Foursome Development Company	12,838,175	8	0.29%		11,086,088	7	0.42%		
Pacifica Lighthouse LLP	11,725,589	9	0.27%		10,219,505	8	0.39%		
Barron Ranches Inc	11,089,546	10	0.25%		-	-	-		
Green Valley Corporation	-	-	-		9,559,219	9	0.36%		
Gregory J. Zimmerman and Anthiny L. Foux	-	-	-		8,793,413	10	0.33%		
Douglas W. Johnson	 -	-	-		12,158,282	5	0.46%		
Totals	\$ 183,498,014		4.16%	\$	131,457,513		5.00%		
Total assessed value	\$ 4,411,307,034			\$	2,631,606,993				

Notes:

Tax owners and values presented in this table reflect the County's Assessment Roll Reports.

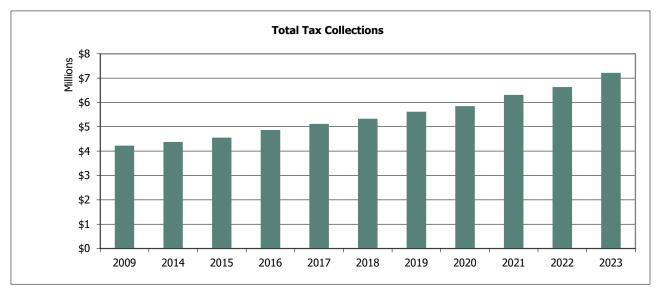
Source: Monterey County Assessor data, HdL, Coren, and Cone

Total Taxable Value includes State Unitary

Source: Monterey County Assessor 2013/14 and 2022/23 Combined Tax Rolls and the SBE Non Unitary Tax Roll

City of Pacific Grove Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 10

			Coll	ected within the I	Fiscal Year of Levy							
Fiscal Year Ended June 30				Current Tax	Percent of Levy Collected		Supplemental Tax Collections		Delinquent Tax Collections ³	Total Collections		
2009	\$	4,110,129	\$	2 010 025	95.4%	¢	102 766	\$	204,445	\$	4 220 126	
2009	Þ	4,110,129	Ф	3,919,925 4,217,087	93.4%	Ф	103,766	Ф	,	Ф	4,228,136 4,379,719	
		, ,		, ,			82,679		79,953		, ,	
2015		4,505,763		4,404,126	97.7%		83,785		64,142		4,552,053	
2016		4,817,299		4,691,501	97.4%		100,936		74,690		4,867,127	
2017		5,087,208		4,954,066	97.4%		93,055		70,203		5,117,324	
2018		5,279,399		5,155,609	97.7%		106,153		64,907		5,326,669	
2019		5,509,161		5,412,231	98.2%		125,259		80,007		5,617,497	
2020		5,847,982		5,688,427	97.3%		101,049		58,108		5,847,584	
2021		6,148,663		6,100,480	99.2%		131,177		80,338		6,311,994	
2022		6,446,038		6,396,517	99.2%		158,152		75,837		6,630,506	
2023		7,017,507		6,983,282	99.5%		180,974		52,430		7,216,686	



Notes:

- The Monterey County Auditor-Controller's Office does not list the total assessed value. This amount is calculated referencing the assessed values of properties and the total direct tax rate and general obligation rate for the City of Pacific Grove.
- 2 Monterey County reports collections as current period, irregardless of original level year.
- 3 The amounts listed in this column represent prior year secured, prior year secured, unsecured, and unitary taxes.

Source: County of Monterey Auditor-Controller's Office City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

City of Pacific Grove Ratios of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 11

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30											
		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		
Governmental Activities:												
General obligation bonds	\$	336,197	\$	257,439	\$	175,057	\$	89,194	\$	-		
Pension obligation bonds		18,097,866		17,431,558		16,625,139		15,712,560		14,680,804		
Capital leases		302,534		200,761		82,534		16,787		-		
PG & E Loan		-		-		-		-		-		
SBITA Liability										_		
Total Governmental Activities		18,736,597		17,889,758		16,882,730		15,818,541	_	14,680,804		
Business-type Activities:												
Revenue bonds - Wastewater refunding bonds		1,151,740		1,103,096		1,052,184		999,045		943,812		
Site Lease - Golf course		-		3,044,767		2,903,599		2,756,223		2,602,366		
Certificates of participation - Golf course		3,310,000		-		-		-		-		
Loan- Local water project construction, State loan		-		-		960,522		6,308,658		5,328,076		
Loan - PG & E Loan		-				-		_		-		
Total Business-type Activities		4,461,740		4,147,863		4,916,305		10,063,926		8,874,254		
Total Primary Government	\$	23,198,337	\$	22,037,621	\$	21,799,035	\$	25,882,467	\$	23,555,058		
Personal income ¹	\$	662,082,000	\$	675,827,000	\$	717,389,000	\$	740,117,000	\$	766,209,000		
Debt as percentage of personal income		3.50%		3.26%		3.04%		3.50%		3.07%		
Population ^{2, A}		15,431		15,394		15,352		15,498		15,660		
Debt per capita		1,503		1,432		1,420		1,670		1,504		
Assessed value ³		2,742,566,744	2,	894,837,646		3,073,098,914	3.	,073,098,914	3,	258,083,877		
Debt as percentage of assessed value		0.85%		0.76%		0.71%		0.84%		0.72%		

Notes:

Source:

City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

Cont'd

^A Decrease in 2022 population due to change in Census 2020 benchmark.

¹ US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (refer to Table 16).

² California Department of Finance

³ HdL Companies and Avenu Insights and Analytics

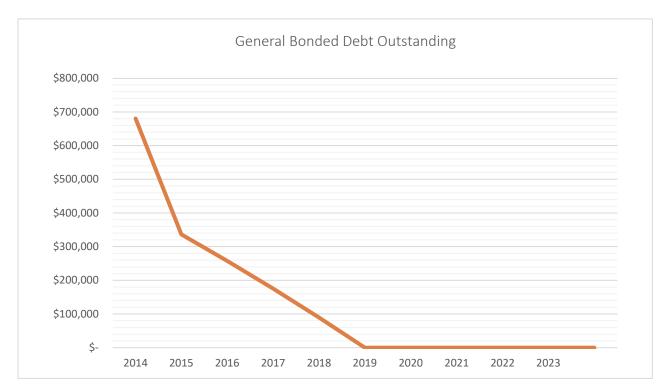
City of Pacific Grove Ratios of Outstanding Debt By Type (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 11

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
Governmental Activities:				,						
General obligation bonds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Pension obligation bonds		13,522,530		12,228,861		10,785,885		9,179,235		7,403,565
Capital leases		-		-		-		-		-
PG & E Loan		145,110		121,696		98,281		74,866		51,451
SBITA Liability										317,788
Total Governmental Activities		13,667,640		12,350,557		10,884,166		9,254,101		7,772,804
Business-type Activities:										
Revenue bonds - Wastewater refunding bonds		886,575		827,487		766,573		703,945		639,629
Site Lease - Golf course		2,441,744		2,274,059		2,099,001		1,916,244		1,725,451
Certificates of participation - Golf course		-		-		-		-		-
Loan- Local water project construction, State loan		5,174,788		5,020,088		4,863,840		4,706,030		4,546,643
Loan - PG & E Loan		7,791		4,869		1,947				_
Total Business-type Activities		8,510,898		8,126,503		7,731,361		7,326,219		6,911,723
Total Primary Government	\$	22,178,538	\$	20,477,060	\$	18,615,527	\$	16,580,320	\$	14,684,527
Personal income ¹	\$	759,116,000	\$	776,384,000	\$	795,868,000	\$	816,648,000	\$	832,496,000
Debt as percentage of personal income		2.92%		2.64%		2.34%		2.03%		1.76%
Population ^{2, A}		15,883		15,265		15,536		14,761		14,741
Debt per capita		1,396		1,341		1,198		1,123		996
Assessed value ³	3	3,469,463,336	3,	681,912,773		3,869,760,986	4	,054,877,301	4	,411,307,034
Debt as percentage of assessed value		0.64%		0.56%		0.48%		0.41%		0.33%

Concluded

City of Pacific Grove Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 12

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	General bligation Bonds	A i	s: Amount vailable n Debt vice Fund	Total	Percentage of Assessed Value	Debt Per Capita	Assessed Value ¹	Population ^{2, A}
2009	\$ 680,294	\$	91,553	\$ 588,741	0.02%	\$ 38	2,503,733,530	15,391
2014	336,197		70,151	266,046	0.01%	17	2,631,606,993	15,431
2015	257,439		63,579	193,860	0.01%	13	2,742,566,744	15,394
2016	175,057		90,746	84,311	0.00%	5	2,894,837,646	15,352
2017	89,194		110,052	(20,858)	0.00%	(1)	3,073,098,914	15,498
2018	-		23,207	(23,207)	0.00%	(1)	3,258,083,877	15,660
2019	-		-	-	0.00%	-	3,469,463,336	15,883
2020	-		-	-	0.00%	-	3,681,912,773	15,265
2021	-		-	-	0.00%	-	3,869,760,986	15,536
2022	-		-	-	-	-	4,054,877,301	14,761
2023	-		-	-	-	-	4,411,307,034	14,741



Notes: A Decrease in 2022 population due to change in Census 2020 benchmark.

Source: ¹ HdL Companies and Avenu Insights and Analytics

² California Department of Finance City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

City of Pacific Grove Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2023 Table 13

2022-2023 Assessed Valuation	\$	4,411,307,034			
			Total Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City (1)	Amount Applicable to City
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:					
Monterey Peninsula Community College District			\$ 118,657,396	9.570%	\$ 11,355,513
Pacific Grove Unified School District			39,598,000	62.230%	24,641,835
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt			\$ 158,255,396		\$ 35,997,348
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:					
Monterey County General Fund Obligations			119,773,645	5.301%	6,349,201
Monterey County Board of Education Certificates of Participation			4,534,000	5.301%	240,347
Monterey County Water Resources Agency General Fund Obligation	ons		18,755,000	5.301%	994,203
City of Pacific Grove Pension Obligation Bonds			2,671,690	100.000%	2,671,690
City of Pacific Grove Pacific Gas and Electric (PG & E) Loan			51,451	100.000%	51,451
Subscription Based Information Technology Agreements (SBIT	(A)		317,788	100.000%	317,788
Total Gross Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt			146,103,574		10,624,680
Less: Monterey County supported obligations					(151,216)
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERALAPPING GENERAL FU	ND DE	BT			10,473,464
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT					\$ 3,040,929
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING DEBT					\$ 43,581,099
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING DEBT					\$ 43,429,883
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT					\$ 46,622,028
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT					\$ 46,470,812

Notes:

- (1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the City is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the City divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.
- (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue, and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Ratios to 2022-23 Assessed Valuation:

Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	0.82%
Total Direct Debt (\$2,723,241)	0.07%
Gross Combined Total Debt	1.06%
Net Combined Total Debt	1.05%

Source: Avenu Insights and Analytics

City of Pacific Grove Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 14

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30											
		2014		2015	2015 2			2017		2018		
Debt limit	\$	394,741,049	\$	411,385,012	\$	434,225,647	\$	460,964,837	\$	488,712,582		
Total net debt applicable to limit		266,046		193,860		84,311		(20,858)		(23,207)		
Legal debt margin	\$	394,475,003	\$	411,191,152	\$	434,141,336	\$	460,985,695	\$	488,735,789		
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0.07%		0.05%		0.02%		0.00%		0.00%		

Cont'd

City of Pacific Grove Legal Debt Margin Information (Continued) **Last Ten Fiscal Years** Table 14

		Fiscal Year Ended June 30										
		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		
Debt limit	\$	520,419,500	\$	552,286,916	\$	580,464,148	\$	608,231,595	\$	661,696,055		
Total net debt applicable to limit		-		-				-				
Legal debt margin	\$	520,419,500	\$	552,286,916	\$	580,464,148	\$	608,231,595	\$	661,696,055		
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		
	U	al Debt Margin (Calcu	lation For Fiscal	Year	2022-2023:			\$	4,411,307,034		
		Debt limit (15% of total assessed value) Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds (reported at accreted value) Less: Amount available in debt service fund for repayment of bonds										
	Tota	l net debt applica	ible to	limit								
	Lega	ıl debt margin							\$	661,696,055		

Notes:

California Government Code, Section 43605, sets the debt limit at 15% of the total assessed valuation of all real personal property within the city.

Source: County of Monterey Auditor-Controller's Office

City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

Concluded

City of Pacific Grove Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 15

			Fis	cal Y	ear Ended June	30		
		2014	2015		2016		2017	2018
Wastewater Revenue Bonds ¹ :								
Wastewater charges and other	\$	2,818,010	\$ 2,986,640	\$	3,208,150	\$	3,151,928	\$ 3,304,277
Less: operating expenses		1,513,448	1,438,459		1,371,609		1,388,706	1,985,232
Net available revenue		1,304,562	1,548,181		1,836,541		1,763,222	1,319,045
Debt service:								
Principal		68,847	47,793		50,062		53,138	55,233
Interest		39,394	37,764		36,117		34,353	33,021
Total		108,241	85,557		86,179		87,491	88,254
Coverage		12.05	18.10		21.31		20.15	14.95
Certificates of Participation								
Golf course charges and other	\$	2,054,168	\$ 406,968	\$	393,009	\$	354,856	\$ 334,015
Less: operating expenses		1,934,567	485,069		124,775		53,142	75,276
Net available revenue		119,601	(78,101)		268,234		301,714	258,739
Debt service:	-							
Principal		85,000	-		-		-	-
Interest		183,426	-		-		-	-
Total	-	268,426	_		-		_	-
Coverage		0.45	-		-		-	-

Cont'd

City of Pacific Grove Pledged-Revenue Coverage (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 15

			Fis	scal Y	ear Ended June	e 30		
		2019	2020		2021		2022	2023
Wastewater Revenue Bonds ¹ :	<u> </u>							
Wastewater charges and other	\$	3,536,772	\$ 3,659,651	\$	3,533,090	\$	3,477,534	\$ 3,759,102
Less: operating expenses		1,679,991	2,043,805		1,748,013		2,181,430	1,640,102
Net available revenue	<u>-</u>	1,856,781	1,615,846		1,785,077		1,296,104	2,119,000
Debt service:	<u>-</u>							
Principal		57,238	59,088		60,914		62,628	64,316
Interest		31,132	29,220		27,203		25,168	23,035
Total	<u>-</u>	88,370	88,308		88,117		87,796	87,351
Coverage		21.01	18.30		20.26		14.76	24.26
Certificates of Participation								
Golf course charges and other	\$	428,831	\$ 294,320	\$	368,064	\$	692,304	\$ 868,062
Less: operating expenses		141,108	15,728		92,524		31,296	101,521
Net available revenue		287,723	278,592		275,540		661,008	766,541
Debt service:								
Principal		-	-		-		-	-
Interest		-	-		-		-	-
Total		-	-		-		-	-
Coverage		-	-		-		-	-

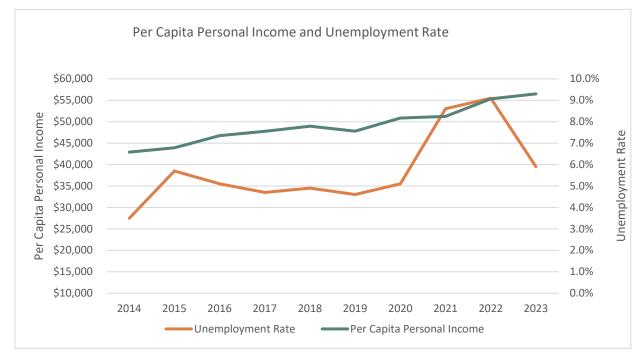
¹ Refunded Series 2001B Wastewater Bonds with Series 2013 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Loan.

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation.

Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department Concluded

City of Pacific Grove Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 16

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Population 1,7	Unemployment Rate	2	al Personal Income thousands)	P	er Capita Personal Income	Median Age ⁴	% of Population 25+ with High School Diploma ⁵	% of Population 25+ with Bachelor's Degree ⁵
2014	15,431	3.5%	\$	662,082	\$	42,906	48.8	96.0%	51.2%
2015	15,394	5.7%	\$	675,827	\$	43,902	49.3	95.5%	50.4%
2016	15,352	5.1%	\$	717,389	\$	46,729	49.3	95.4%	50.0%
2017	15,498	4.7%	\$	740,117	\$	47,756	48.8	95.5%	52.0%
2018	15,660	4.9%	\$	766,209	\$	48,928	49.0	95.5%	53.3%
2019	15,883	4.6%	\$	759,116	\$	47,794	49.0	96.3%	51.3%
2020	15,265	5.1%	\$	776,384	\$	50,860	48.5	96.2%	52.7%
2021	15,536	8.6%	\$	795,868	\$	51,227	48.9	96.6%	54.3%
2022	14,761	9.1%	\$	816,648	\$	55,325	48.3	96.3%	55.0%
2023	14,741	5.9%	\$	832,496	\$	56,475	48.0	96.0%	55.4%



Notes:

- A For calendar year ending during the fiscal year.
- B Total Personal Income is presented in thousands.

Source:

¹ California Department of Finance and HdL Companies

² California Employment Development Department and HdL Companies

³ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis and HdL Companies, for years 2010-2017

⁴U.S. Census, American Fact Finder for 2009, and HdL Companies

⁵ California Board of Equalization and HdL Companies

⁶ Sources 1-5, provided by the HdL companies through FY 13/14 - FY 22/23; FY 17/18 data provided by Avenu Insights and Analytics

⁷ Decrease in 2022 population due to change in Census 2020 benchmark

City of Pacific Grove **Principal Employers** Current Year and Nine Years Ago (1) Table 17

			Fiscal Year E	nded June 30			
		2023			2017 Rank Percentage of Total Employment 1 3.49% 2 2.64% 3 1.56% 6 0.67% 8 0.56% 4 1.22% 7 0.60% 5 0.89% 8 0.56% - - 8 0.56%		
	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	of Total	
Employer:							
Pacific Grove Unified School District	322	1	3.70%	314	1	3.49%	
Asilomar Hotel and Conference Center	157	2	1.80%	238	2	2.64%	
Canterbury Woods (3)(5)	128	3	1.47%	140	3	1.56%	
Pacific Grove Convalescent (5)	128	3	1.47%	60	6	0.67%	
Forest Hill (4)	109	4	1.25%	50	8	0.56%	
City of Pacific Grove (2)	99.5	5	1.14%	110	4	1.22%	
Trader Joe's	90	6	1.03%	54	7	0.60%	
Safeway (3)	76	7	0.87%	80	5	0.89%	
Lucky Supermarket (3)(4)	59	8	0.68%	50	8	0.56%	
Fishwife at Asilomar Beach	29	9	0.33%	-	-	-	
Best Western Inn and Suites of Pacific Grove (4)		-		50	8	0.56%	
Totals	1,198		13.76%	1,146		12.73%	
Total city labor force	8,700			9,000			

Notes:

Source: Avenu Insights and Analytics/MuniServices, LLC, EDD Labor Force Data

Results based on direct correspondence with City's local businesses

¹ This is the seventh year the City is including a statistical section. Due to the small size of the City, employee counts for prior years were not available through a database or a third party. Prior year information will be included as the City reports this information in forthcoming years.

 $^{^2}$ Includes authorized full-time and part-time equivalency positions; and Council members. The position count is rounded for consistency.

³ Includes full-time equivalency and part-time equivalency positions.

⁴ In 2017, the listed employers have the same number of employees and are ranked equivalent.

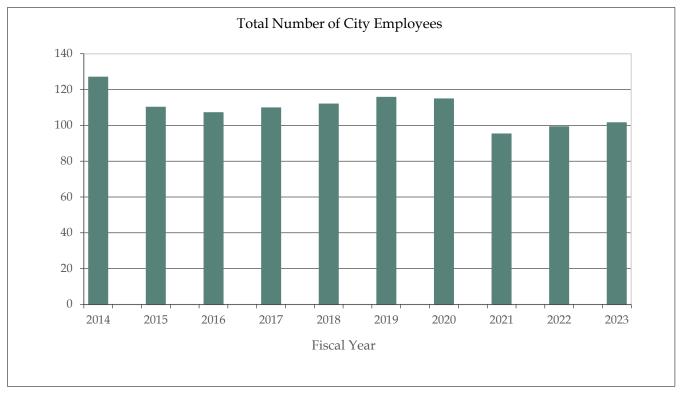
⁵ In 2023, the listed employers have the same number of employees and are ranked equivalent.

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City of Pacific Grove

Number of City Employees by Department ⁽¹⁾ Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 18

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Departments:										
General Government (2)	14.5	14.5	14.5	14.2	16.6	16.2	17.0	16.8	16.9	17.7
Public Safety	34.3	34.0	34.0	36.5	34.3	34.0	34.0	32.5	33.5	34.0
Public Works	22.2	22.0	20.1	19.8	20.5	22.7	23.2	22.8	20.3	20.3
Recreation (3)	14.6	14.9	13.7	13.7	13.8	14.3	14.1	3.2	5.4	6.9
Library ⁽⁴⁾	10.0	9.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.0	5.3	8.3	8.3
Museum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Development	6.5	8.1	7.9	8.2	8.3	10.0	8.5	7.8	7.8	7.5
Business-type Activities:										
Cemetery	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.1
Sewer	6.1	6.0	4.3	4.8	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.1
Golf Course (5)	17.6									
Total	127.2	110.4	107.3	110.0	112.2	115.9	115.0	95.5	99.5	102



Notes

- 1 Reflects the authorized positions in each budget year. This number includes both regular and part-time staff.
- 2 Includes 3.5 FTE's for Council Members and Mayor
- 3,4 The Recreation and Library Departments' on-call and seasonal staff were previously monitored by FTE. To assist with staffing flexibility and provide greater accuracy in reporting, these employees were removed from the City's regular position/employee count. These positions are now controlled by a single line item within the budget. This transition decreased the Recreation and Library counts for reporting purposes by approximately 11 and 4.8 FTE's, respectively.
- 5 In Fiscal Year 2014/15, the operation of the municipal golf course was transitioned to a contract services model.

Source: City of Pacific Grove Budget Document

City of Pacific Grove Operating Indicators By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 19

		For Fisc	al Year Ended June	30	
-	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function:					
Police					
Calls for service	16,080	17,627	21,521	15,359	18,032
Fire					
Calls for service	1,379	1,584	1,764	1,604	1,694
Inspections	117	177	182	484	703
Recreation					
Park & facility rentals (1,4)	308	318	328	348	299
Special events (1,4)	19	14	16	18	18
Recreation program participants (1,4)	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works					
Potholes patched ⁽⁵⁾	700	725	600	650	350
Work orders completed (2)	253	406	594	620	630
Lightbulb replacements (3)	74	48	12	5	-
Street light repairs	13	14	4	4	16
Tree Permits Issued	159	96	329	354	360
Library					
Circulation of library materials (4)	259,252	283,462	291,751	289,458	288,386
Reference questions (4)	24,225	25,294	28,779	25,629	21,468
Community Development					
Building Permits	350	525	576	429	429
Architectural Approvals	56	59	53	31	55
Other planning approvals	323	416	448	395	395
Residential Parking Permits Issued	16	15	26	30	35

Notes:

- (1) Prior to Fiscal Year 19/20, the City's software tracked paid special events and only single permitted reservations. Regular facility use by community groups was not reported. In Fiscal Year 19/20, the City implemented a new software program that provides statistics on both paid and non-profit special events; single and recurring park and facility usage; and the number of class participants.
- (2) The City's first full year of using a work order system began in 2013 with administrative staff entering work orders. In Fiscal Year 2019, a greater emphasis was placed on tracking activities; and all maintenance staff began entering information into the work order system.
- (3) Tracking the number of lightbulb replacements has been discontinued due to the installation of LED Lighting, with limited replacements.
- (4) Due to COVID-19 restrictions, some operating indicators related to Recreation, Library, and Special Events were limited or had no activity in FY 21/22.
- (5) This metric is lower than previous years due to a change in reporting. Previously, individual potholes were included in the count. The City now patches complete street segments. If there are multiple potholes within a segment, they are counted as one. In addition, there is a greater investment in street-related projects.

Source: City of Pacific Grove Finance Department

City of Pacific Grove Operating Indicators By Function (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 19

	For Fiscal Year Ended June 30					
-	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Function:						
Police						
Calls for service	20,350	18,902	15,875	19,266	12,284	
Fire						
Calls for service	1,877	1,740	1,772	2,033	2,257	
Inspections	1,006	197	62	201	109	
Recreation						
Park & facility rentals (1,4)	273	645	90	2,166	-	
Special events (1,4)	18	24	-	3	21	
Recreation program participants (1,4)	-	667	414	1,168	1,653	
Public Works						
Potholes patched ⁽⁵⁾	650	450	-	100	116	
Work orders completed (2)	1,606	1,216	1,198	1,681	1,579	
Lightbulb replacements (3)	-	-	-	-	-	
Street light repairs	13	10	-	40	21	
Tree Permits Issued	508	434	363	276	295	
Library						
Circulation of library materials (4)	327,957	188,000	84,185	180,411	222,644	
Reference questions (4)	14,501	19,336	4,859	13,105	34,189	
Community Development						
Building Permits	520	1,095	1,203	1,278	1,040	
Architectural Approvals	78	50	41	38	32	
Other planning approvals	530	329	222	246	529	
Residential Parking Permits Issued	24	30	31	23		

City of Pacific Grove Capital Asset Statistics By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 20

	For Fiscal Year Ended June 30					
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
Function:						
General Government						
Number of buildings	1	1	1	1	1	
Public Safety						
Police						
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	
Parking meters	101	101	101	101	101	
Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1	
Hyperbaric chamber	1	1	1	1	1	
Public Works						
Miles of paved streets	55	55	55	55	55	
Parking lots	7	7	7	7	7	
Street lights	699	699	699	699	699	
Fleet Vehicles (City-wide)	121	121	123	121	93	
Recreation						
Parks	19	19	19	19	19	
Playgrounds	4	4	4	4	4	
Community centers / facilities	4	4	4	4	4	
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	
Tennis courts	5	5	5	5	5	
Historic lighthouse	1	1	1	1	1	
Library						
Library facilities	1	1	1	1	1	
Museum						
Museum facilities	1	1	1	1	1	
Cemetery						
Cemetery facilities	1	1	1	1	1	
Sewer						
Miles of sanitary sewers	58	58	58	58	58	
Number of storm drains	332	332	332	332	332	
Golf Course						
Number of courses	1	1	1	1	1	

Source: City of Pacific Grove Departments

City of Pacific Grove Capital Asset Statistics By Function (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years Table 20

	For Fiscal Year Ended June 30					
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Function:						
General Government						
Number of buildings	1	1	1	1	1	
Public Safety						
Police						
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	
Parking meters	101	101	101	101	101	
Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1	
Hyperbaric chamber	1	1	1	1	1	
Public Works						
Miles of paved streets	55	55	55	55	55	
Parking lots	7	7	7	7	7	
Street lights	699	699	699	699	699	
Fleet Vehicles (City-wide)	95	95	95	90	119	
Recreation						
Parks	19	19	19	19	19	
Playgrounds	4	4	4	4	4	
Community centers / facilities	4	4	4	4	4	
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	
Tennis courts	5	5	5	5	5	
Historic lighthouse	1	1	1	1	1	
Library						
Library facilities	1	1	1	1	1	
Museum						
Museum facilities	1	1	1	1	1	
Cemetery						
Cemetery facilities	1	1	1	1	1	
Sewer						
Miles of sanitary sewers	58	58	58	58	58	
Number of storm drains	332	332	332	332	332	
Golf Course						
Number of courses	1	1	1	1	1	

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